1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON
2	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF KING
3	
4	PORT OF SEATTLE, a municipal )
5	corporation, ) Supreme Court Cause No. Petitioner, ) 71562-9
6	v. ) King County Cause No. 99-2-26788-5 KNT
7 8	RST ENTERPRISES, INC., a  Washington corporation; and  KING COUNTY,
9	Respondent. )
10	
11	VERBATIM REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS
12	
13	The above-entitled matter came on
14	regularly for hearing before the Honorable DEAN
15	S. LUM, Superior Court Judge for the State of
16	Washington, County of King, JUNE 5, 2001.
17	
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1 JUNE 5, 2001 2 MORNING SESSION 3 10:29 A.M. 5 THE COURT: I understand that it's been 6 unbearable. Well, it was very hot, and then it was very hot this morning. So we're going to try to 7 do -- keep this open. And it's not that bad right 8 9 now. 10 MS. JONES: No. Thank you, your Honor. Ιt 11 helped a lot. 12 THE COURT: So maybe we're going to go post 13 a sign. 14 THE BAILIFF: I did. 15 THE COURT: All right. And we're at the 16 end of the hall, so it shouldn't be too bad with the 17 door open. 18 Anyway, again, I apologize for being a little 19 bit late, Counsel. My dentist found something and so 20 he had to do something, and so it's bad news for me, 21 but not bad -- not as bad news for you, all right? 22 Thank you. 23 Counsel, we're ready for our next witness, then. 24 MS. JONES: Thank you, your Honor.

Port calls James Kelley.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Kelley, could you 1 step forward, please, and stand right in front of the 2 court reporter and raise your right hand? 3 JAMES C. KELLEY, PH.D., called as a witness on 4 behalf of the Petitioner, 5 after being first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows: 6 Thank you. Please be seated in 7 THE COURT: that first chair there. And watch your step as 8 9 you're stepping up. 10 DIRECT EXAMINATION 11 MS. JONES: 12 Mr. Kelley, please state your name. James C. Kelley. 13 Α. And what is your job title? 14 Q. 15 I'm a senior wetland ecologist at Parametrix, Α. 16 Incorporated. Q. Okay. What is your job description, other than your 17 18 title? I'm a wetland biologist. 19 AR 024426 20 And what does that involve? ٥. 21 That involves evaluating property for -- to identify Α. wetland conditions, areas that meet the Federal and 22 23 state criteria for wetlands, and to advise property 24 owners and state and government agencies on how the

presence of wetlands might affect the development

- Q. Mr. Kelley, you said that you worked for Parametrix.

  Can you explain a little bit about what Parametrix is or what its business is?
- A. Yes. We're an environmental consulting and engineering design firm. And we assist property owners, public agencies, and others in the design and permitting of environmental and engineering projects.
- Q. Okay. Can you talk a bit about who -- you said you advise public and other clients. Who are some of the public clients that you have had that you kind of advise work for?
- A. We're currently working on permitting projects with the Port of Seattle. We work with the Washington State Department of Transportation on transportation roadway projects, interchange improvement projects, and work with Sound Transit, local communities, public works departments that need to change or replace bridges, culverts, add lanes to roads, et cetera.
- Q. You also said you worked for other clients, as well.

  Do you work for private -- does Parametrix still do

  work for private clients?
- A. Yes, we do work for private clients. I have

AR 024428

specifically been involved in conducting -- we had land evaluations on property that's under consideration as private development. I've worked on projects such as the South Hill Village Mall in Puyallup. I've worked on numerous housing developments, short plat type developments, in King County, Snohomish County, and in Pierce County; worked for industries such as the Simpson Tacoma Craftmill in Tacoma, and Alcoa Aluminum.

Q. Thank you.

Have you been retained to reach an expert opinion with regard to wetlands being taken on property being taken by the Port of Seattle for the third runway?

- A. Yes, I have.
- Q. Okay. And does that work include delineation of wetlands on Parcel 92?
- 18 A. Yes, it has.
  - Q. And do you understand that Parcel 92 is one piece of property that is owned by a corporation called RST?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. Okay. Have you reached an opinion as to the existence of wetlands on Parcel 92?
  - A. Yes, I have.
    - Q. Okay. And have you reached an opinion as to the

existence of agricultural wetlands on Parcel 92 as those are defined in the SeaTac City Code?

A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. We'll talk about your opinions in a moment, and the basis for them, but first I'd like to talk briefly about your qualifications, please. Can you describe briefly your education?
- A. Yes. I have a Bachelor's of Science degree from the University of Vermont, which I obtained in 1978. And at that time, I studied plant ecology and botany. Then I went to graduate school at Michigan State University, where I obtained a master's degree in plant biology, specifically ecology and botany. And I received a doctoral degree from Michigan State University, where I studied wetland ecology and wetland ecosystems near Lake Michigan.
- Q. Was your dissertation on wetland ecosystems near Lake Michigan?
- 19 A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Have you done any postdoctoral research?
  - A. I was employed at the University of Minnesota in

    Duluth for two years, where I worked on some

    postdoctoral research project investigating wetlands

    in Voyageurs National Park.
    - Q. Okay. And could you just talk briefly about your

- work history since you left your postdoctoral work at

  Minnesota?
  - A. Yes. I've been in the Seattle area since 1987. And at that time, upon moving here, I started working in the consulting industry and have been essentially conducting the job description that I provided a few moments ago since 1987.
  - Q. Okay. You said a few moments ago that you have -are doing work for the Port of Seattle on wetlands
    for the third runway project. Can you explain in a
    little more detail the kind of work that you've been
    retained to do on the Third Runway Project?
  - A. Yes. This work has involved identifying where the Port's third runway and other master plan projects may impact wetlands or may require the filling of wetlands, identifying the regulatory criteria or the development criteria that apply to those wetlands, and assisting the Port in designing a strategy and plan to mitigate those environmental impacts to wetlands so that they can obtain the required permits and proceed with the master plan projects.
  - Q. Have you reached an opinion as to the existence of wetlands on the property that is being -- all the property that is being taken for the third runway?
  - A. Yes, we have.

- Q. And does that opinion include wetlands on Parcel 92?
  - A. Wetlands on Parcel 92 are not being filled by the Third Runway Project. Wetlands on Parcel 92 are incorporated into part of the mitigation that's proposed for the Third Runway Project.
  - Q. Okay. Let's talk about that. You have in front of you, Mr. Kelley, three books of exhibits. And I'm going to draw your attention to Exhibit No. 19. Do you recognize that Exhibit No. 19?
  - A. Yes, I do.

- Q. And what is that, please?
- A. This is a map of wetlands and prior converted cropland at the -- what we call the Vacca Farm area, which includes Parcel 92 and several other land parcels in the same general area.
  - Q. Okay. And is this map that is represented by Exhibit
    No. 19 a part of a larger wetland delineation report
    that you have --
  - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Can you show the Court on the -- well, let's look -- actually, let's also look at Exhibit No. 21, please, just a couple tabs. I think, actually, that Exhibit 21 looks closer to the blow-up; is that right? I'm sorry.
  - A. That's correct.

2 between Exhibit No. 19 and Exhibit No. 21? Exhibit No. 19 is indicating wetlands that the Corps 3 of Engineers takes jurisdiction over in the case of 5 the permit application that is under consideration for the Port of Seattle. Q. Okay. 8 And Exhibit 21 was prepared in assisting the Corps in Α. 9 determining what is jurisdictional wetland, and 10 identifies a category of wetland called prior 11 converted cropland, which the Corps does not take 12 jurisdiction over. However, the prior converted 13 cropland does still have wet soils and hydric soil 14 conditions. 15 Okay. We'll talk about that MS. JONES: 16 for a moment. But before we do that, your Honor, I 17 move to admit Exhibit Nos. 19 and 21. 18 THE COURT: Any objection? 19 MR. ARAMBURU: Voir dire, your Honor. 20 THE COURT: Sure. AR 024432 21 VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION 22 BY MR. ARAMBURU: 23 I notice that, some of the data plots are missing on Q. 24 Exhibit 21 that are found on Exhibit 19, could you 25 tell me why that is?

Can you tell -- could you explain the difference

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1 I think that the explanation of that would be that Α. 2 figure 19 was prepared at a later date, compared to 21, and some additional data have been collected in 3 the field and mapped on that figure at that time. 4 Actually, Exhibit 21 appears to be several days later 5 Q. by the date at the bottom? 6 That would -- that would be the print date and not 7 Α. necessarily the date that the figure was actually 8 prepared. 9 Okay. So the data show on Exhibit 21 was more 10 0. preliminary information than shown on 19? 11 I don't know that I would characterize it as 12 13 preliminary. But the additional data plots that are shown on 19 14 were taken after the data plots shown on 21? 15 16 Yes, that's what I -- yes. Α. No objection to 19 and 21. 17 MR. ARAMBURU: THE COURT: Exhbit Nos. 19 and 21 are 18 19 admitted. 20 CONTINUED DIRECT EXAMINATION 21

## BY MS. JONES:

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Mr. Kelley, looking at Exhibit No. 19, just to carry on Mr. Aramburu's comments for a moment, are those data plots on number 19 all placed in areas -- or primarily placed in areas where you appear to have

delineated wetland boundaries?

A. Yes, that's -- that's correct. When we conduct wetland delineations and prepare wetland reports, we need to collect -- collect data sheets and include those in our reports that characterize the general or typical conditions of the wetland. And typically, we identify a data sheet within a wetland boundary and outside the wetland boundary to kind of contrast the -- those two conditions. That helps the Corps of Engineers, in their evaluation of the record, review the information on the wetland and come to their jurisdictional decision.

Q. Okay. And --

THE COURT: Counsel, hold on just a minute.

I take it, when you're talking about data plots,
those are the red marks?

MS. JONES: That's right. I'll ask the witness.

A. That is correct.

AR 024434

- MS. JONES: Thank you, your Honor.
- Q. (By Ms. Jones:) What are data plots, Mr. Kelley?
  - A. Well, those are specific locations where we dig a hole generally 18 inches deep. We examine soil conditions for hydric soil. The criteria -- there's specific criteria that the Corps uses to identify

1 whether a soil is wetland or non-wetland. 2 wetland soils are termed hydric soils. Also, in the -- in those locations, we examine and identify 3 very specifically what kind of plants are growing at 4 5 that location and whether they're classified as 6 wetland plants by the Army Corps of Engineers. 7 we also examine the hydrology of the site and determine whether site conditions are wet or not, and 8 whether they meet the criteria for wetland hydrology. 9 Q. Mr. Kelley, could you turn to Exhibit No. 24 in your 10 11 exhibit book there? 12 Α. Yes. 13 Can you identify this document? 0. This is a Wetland Delineation Report for Master 14 15 Plan Update Improvements at Seattle-Tacoma 16 International Airport. 17 And was this prepared by you? Q. 18 Yes, it was. 19 Okay. And does it anywhere in that document show the Q. 20 worksheets that coincide with the data plots that you 21 indicated on the maps that are Exhibit 19 and 21? 22 There's an appendix to this report that provides the data sheets. And there's a methodology 23 24 section that explains the process of collecting data 25 required for the wetland delineation.

1 Now, this is entitled Revised Draft. Is this the 0. 2 final wetland delineation report that was submitted 3 to the -- prepared for the Port of Seattle? Α. This is a -- a final draft was prepared in December of 2000. And there were some minor changes 5 6 to that draft and other areas -- for other areas of 7 the Port's projects, but there were no changes to 8 condition -- wetland conditions on Parcel 92. 9 Thank you. Q. 10 MS. JONES: The Port moves for the 11 admission of Exhibit 24. AR 024436 12 THE COURT: Any objection? No objection, your Honor. 13 MR. ARAMBURU: 14 THE COURT: Exhibit No. 24 is admitted. 15 (By Ms. Jones:) On Exhibit No. 21, the one that you Q. 16 call -- that's called figure C1 at the top, Mr. 17 Kelley. Can you -- I know, actually I want to back 18 up and ask a question. You said that the Port does 19 not take -- or that the Corps of Engineers does not 20 take jurisdiction over what are called prior 21 converted croplands, which you've outlined on Exhibit 22 21. Can you explain a little more detail what it 23 means for the Corps of Engineers to take jurisdiction 24 of a wetland? 25 Taking jurisdiction would be meaning that the

Corps -- environmental staff have evaluated conditions on a site, determined conditions to be wetland, and determined that that wetland is under -- is under regulation of the Clean Water Act, section 404.

- Q. And what does it mean, just to make it real clear, if the Corps does not take jurisdiction?
- A. If the Corps does not take jurisdiction, then they reach a conclusion that the area is neither wetland or for some other reason is exempt from -- from regulation by the Corps under section 404 of the Clean Water Act.
- Q. Okay. Why do the Corps -- why does the Corps of Engineers for permitting purposes want to know about wetlands so that people like you get hired to delineate them? What's the point?
- A. Well, the larger point is for environmental protection, that wetlands are important ecological areas that help maintain stream, wildlife habitat, and other ecosystem functions or conditions that society values.
- Q. And so having found the information that the Corps of Engineers want -- the Corps of Engineers wants for issuing a permit, is there something that the Port of Seattle must do once that information is made clear?

- Once we identify what is a wetland and provide 1 Α. 2 the Corps with that information and they concur with that, then we evaluate project impacts to wetlands. 3 4 And if there are impacts to important natural resources as a result of filling or altering 5 wetlands, then mitigation is planned to compensate or 6 replace those environmental impacts. 7 Have you and Parametrix worked on a mitigation plan 8 for the wetlands that you have delineated for the 9
  - Port of Seattle for the Third Runway Project?
  - Yes, we have. Α.

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- Okay. And can you explain a little bit about what Q. AR 024438 wetland mitigation means?
- Well, mitigation is our actions that are taken to Α. compensate or replace for other environmental impacts of a project. So in the case of wetlands, most typically the projects may require filling wetland to accommodate some development. And a mitigation plan is proposed to either create new wetlands, to replace those that have been filled, or to enhance or restore some existing wetlands that may have been -- maybe not totally eliminated, but partially destroyed by some other previous land use activity.
- Will the construction of the third runway actually result in the filling in of some wetlands in the area

18 1 where the runway's to be built? The third runway construction would fill 18.37 2 3 acres of wetland. And what happens -- what is the Port required 4 Q. to do as far as the Corps of Engineers is concerned 5 to mitigate the impact of the loss of those 18.37 6 7 acres of wetland? 8 Well, we're currently working on a mitigation plan with the Corps of Engineers and Department of Ecology 9 that includes a variety of on-site mitigation near 10 11 the airport and off-site mitigation down near the City of Auburn. The total area of this mitigation is 12 13 somewhat in excess of a hundred acres and includes 14 restoration of several wetlands and stream buffers 15 near the airport, as well as creating new wetlands 16 down at the City of Auburn. 17 What's the process for creating wetlands at the City 18 of Auburn when you have wetlands that you're covering 19 up in SeaTac? 20 MR. ARAMBURU: I'm going to object, your 21 I'm not sure that that's a relevant question. Honor. 22 THE COURT: Counsel, what's the relevance 23 of that?

background about mitigation, but I don't mind

MS. JONES: Just -- it was actually sort of

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withdrawing the question, your Honor, that's fine.

THE COURT: Okay.

Α.

- Q. (By Ms. Jones:) Mr. Kelley, do you know -- actually, what I want to do is to talk about the wetlands that you've delineated here in the vicinity of Parcel 92.

  And again, this would be looking at Exhibit No. 21 in the blow-up here. There are particular numbers, aren't there, on the wetlands that you've delineated?
- Q. Now, for example, the one up in the top right-hand corner is called Wetland Al. What is the purpose for -- or can you explain what the extent of Wetland Al is? And you can come down here and actually show the Court, if you'd like.

Yes, that's correct.

- A. Well, Wetland Al is a wetland area that occurs south of this small lake called Lora Lake, extends actually off this map to the east of the lake, and then borders some agricultural drainage ditches through the center of the property and connects into Miller Creek down at the south portion of this Vacca Farm area. Wetland Al also extends around on the east side and borders the periphery of Miller Creek, which is this dash or dotted line down here.
- Q. Why does -- why do you have Wetland Al -- why is that a single wetland all the way down to pretty much the

lower part of the map?

- A. When you identify wetlands, you identify them independent of any parcel boundaries, and you identify them in this case as a continuous area with meeting certain -- meeting the three parameters for wetland, the hydric soil, the wetland, vegetation, and the wetland hydrology. There's areas adjacent to Wetland Al that are called out separately as wetland, and that's because those were identified as areas that have wet soil, but they're farmland, and the Corps evaluated those areas to make a determination if they're wetland based on other criteria, then vegetation, soils, and hydrology.
- Q. Can you point out on this map the blow-up of Exhibit
  21 where Parcel 92 is? It's not as clear as it
  should be on the blow-up here.
- A. Yeah. Parcel 92 would be located in this area, roughly, down by what I'm outlining here.
- Q. And I notice that at the southern part of Parcel 92, there's a Wetland FW11?
- 21 A. Yes, that's correct.
  - Q. Can you point that out here?
- 23 A. That would be this area right here.
  - Q. And why is that separately designated from Wetland Al, since it looks like it's right next to Al?

- A. Well, it's actually designated separately, because we in the Corps of Engineers reached a determination that this was wetland based on different criteria than for Wetland A1.
- Q. And what were the different criteria?
- And the differing criteria for these farmed wetlands Α. are that in areas that are farmed, wetlands are designated as farmed wetland when the soils are saturated to the surface, or there's standing water -- actually standing water on the soil surface for 14 days during the growing season, whereas -- and there don't need to be wetland plants present in farmed wetlands because they're farmed, and farmed areas are typically plowed on an annual basis. From the Wetland A1, we would be required to demonstrate that there are wetland plants present, that there's wetland soils present, and that there's wetland hydrology present, whereas in the farmed wetland, we have hydrology that is ponding, and we have wetland soils present. AR 024442

Q. Thank you.

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Can you describe for the Court what these lines that are called Water V1 and Water V2 are on the map?

A. These are drainage ditches that have been excavated across the site to collect high groundwater and

ditches to -- presumably to facilitate a faster drying out of the site and enhance farming.

- Q. Now, this exhibit doesn't show those -- those Water V1 and Water V2 going all the way to Miller Creek, which you've previously shown the location of, do they?
- A. I think that we've portrayed them here as separated until -- they're under Corps jurisdiction as a water that was determined to be non-wetland. And then when they reach the edge of the wetland where there's remaining ditch, they're under Corps jurisdiction as a wetland and as a stream or ditch.
- Q. In other words, if they didn't go anywhere or go to a wetland or go to a stream, they wouldn't come under Corps jurisdiction?
- A. The Corps specifically took jurisdiction of these ditches because -- because historically this area was a wetland, and the water that these ditches carry flows down slope to adjacent wetlands and is apparent in sustaining those wetlands.
- Q. Could you look at -- or show the Court where Wetland Ala is?
- 24 A. Ala is located on the western portion of the site.
  - Q. Is that right next to the road?

- A. Yes. And most of this wetland is actually in the right-of-way for Des Moines Memorial Drive and is actually not on Parcel 92.

  Q. Okay. Oh, why do you do a separate delineation of that Ala?
  - A. Well, again, this was evaluating wetlands on the project site. Ala is a vegetated wetland. It was in an area that was non-farmed. And it's on the road embankment at the very edge of the farmland where natural vegetation occurs, but there's a high water table there, and it's a place where groundwater surfaces and then gradually flows near surface across the site to the more extensive wetlands.
  - Q. Thanks. Mr. Kelley, you can have a chair for a moment.

Did Parametrix also do an aerial photo of what you'd call the Vacca Farmlands and superimpose the wetlands that you delineated on that photo?

A. Yes, we did.

- Q. Would you look at Exhibit No. 20, please?
- 21 A. (Witness complying.)
- Q. Is this that photo, Exhibit 20, or one of the photos
  that you took?

  AR 024444
  - A. Yes, that's correct.
  - Q. Showing you the blow-up that I just put up here, it's

labeled Image #4. Is that the same label that's on 1 2 Exhibit 20? 3 Yes, that's correct. Keeping in mind that this looks more blurry than the one that is in your book, is this an accurate blow-up 5 6 of Exhibit No. 21? 7 Α. Yes. 8 Q. Or Exhibit 20? Excuse me. 9 Α. Yes, it is. 10 Is Exhibit 20 one of the exhibits that you placed in Q. 11 the Wetland Delineation Report, Exhibit No. 24? 12 Α. Yes. 13 MS. JONES: Your Honor, we move to admit 14 Exhibit No. 20. 15 MR. ARAMBURU: Voir dire, your Honor? 16 THE COURT: Sure. 17 VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION 18 BY MR. ARAMBURU: 19 What is the date of the base map for this photograph? 20 The date of the photograph? 21 0. Yes. 22 The date of the photograph is, I believe, 1995. A. 23 And do I understand correctly that this is Q. 24 illustrative of the material that you've done in 25 Exhibit 19 and 21?

A. Yes.

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- Q. It doesn't have an independent purpose? I'm trying to understand the purpose of doing these drawings on the aerial photograph.
  - A. Oh, the purpose of doing them on the aerial photograph is primarily as an aid to the Corps of Engineers, Department of Ecology, and other regulatory staff. It helps them walk out to a project site and understand -- on the ground they can look at the aerial photograph and understand where a house is in relation to a wetland or where a particular ditch system might be in relation to a wetland. The photograph helps them orient themselves to a site. And in a large project area like this, these were very useful to the regulators.
    - Q. Okay. But as I understand it, the -- how am I going to describe this? The central blue line here that we see on the photograph, that runs into a farm wetland, does it not?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. And the other area down here is also a farmed wetland, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And you don't make that distinction here on your
  drawing; is that right?

  AR 024446

1	Α.	No, we don't, so this is somewhat of a simplification
2	:	of the map for which accompanies this image on the
3		very next page in our wetland delineation report.
4	Q.	And can you show us where the lot 92 is on here?
5	Α.	(Witness complying.) Yes. The lot 92 would be
6		approximated by what I'm outlining here. Excuse me,
7		it would come up to about here on its easterly point
8		along Des Moines Memorial Drive, approximately across
9		here on the south, and on the north approximately
. 10		across like this.
11	Q.	So the boundary between lot 92 and 93 goes goes
12		through the wetland that's FW11 on your other
13		drawings; is that correct?
14	Α.	I believe it does, yes.
15		MR. ARAMBURU: No objection, your Honor.
16		THE COURT: All right. Let's see, Exhibit
17		No. 20 is admitted.
18		CONTINUED DIRECT EXAMINATION
19	BY	MS. JONES:
20	Q.	You talked a moment ago and actually mentioned
21		prior the term prior converted cropland, Mr.
22		Kelley, and that shows as the lines on Exhibit No. 21
23		with vertical lines, is that correct, the prior
24		converted cropland?
25	Α.	With
1		$\mathbf{J}$

- Q. I'm sorry, horizontal lines.
- 2 A. The horizontal lines.
  - Q. Excuse me.

- A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Thank you.

How did you reach the opinion that the property indicated by the horizontal lines was prior converted cropland?

- A. Well, the criteria for prior converted cropland is that an area has been in farm production since 1982 or later. And that -- actually, prior to 1982, the area was put into farm production and has remained in farm production since then, and that there is -- the area lacks standing water for 14 consecutive days.

  And under those conditions, for section 404, Clean Water Act purposes, the Corps identifies wetlands as prior converted.
- Q. Okay. And I think you said before that for purposes of -- when it's prior converted, that the Corps does not take jurisdiction?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Do you know why the Corps does not regard prior converted wetlands as jurisdictional for purposes of the 404 permit?

MR. ARAMBURU: Objection, speculative; lack

of foundation.

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- Q. (By Ms. Jones:) Well, you've worked on 404 permits for how many years now, Mr. Kelley?
- A. 13, 14 years, I guess.
- Q. Okay. And are you responsible for knowing the regulations that govern the granting of the 404 permit?
- 8 A. Yes, that's correct.
  - Q. And does that inform the work that you do when you are delineating wetlands for purposes of assisting a client in getting a 404 permit?
- 12 A. Yes.
  - Q. And I'm just -- I'll repeat my question, how do
    you -- since you know that the Corps of Engineers
    does not take jurisdiction over prior converted
    croplands, you previously testified to, my question
    is, do you know why the Corps does not?

MR. ARAMBURU: Same objection, your Honor, lack of foundation. The witness is apparently being asked to provide some legislative history here, and he's not qualified to do that.

THE COURT: Objection's overruled.

- Q. (By Ms. Jones:) You may answer.
- A. Well, these areas are regulated under the Food Security Act.

Marci E. Cammon, Official Court Reporter - (206)205-2596

Q. What is the Food Security Act?

- A. It's a department of agriculture regulation that effects -- effects funding for farmers and farmland and certain cropping procedures, whether they're in wetlands or not, may or may not be eligible for funding. So there's -- the Food Security Act sets up a structure with regards to wetlands of providing crop subsidies under various circumstances for farmers, among other things.
- Q. So does the fact -- just the simple fact that a property may be described as prior converted cropland mean that it is not a wetland under the definitions that you work under in delineating the lands?
- A. No, it does not mean that. And if an area was non-wetland -- if an area that was under -- was being farmed was non-wetland, if it didn't have the wetland hydrology criteria, if it didn't have the wetland soil criteria, we would just simply map it as upland. And on a -- on our wetland map, it would remain white, like the remaining areas. In this particular case, there's hydric soils on the site, and there's wetland hydrology on the site, so we had to bring this to the Corps -- Corps's attention. And they had to make a special determination to determine whether this prior converted cropland criteria was applicable

to this particular piece of farmland.

- Q. And in this case, they did conclude --
- A. In this case, they did, because the Corps and ourselves utilized the extensive history of aerial photographs that are available to demonstrate conclusively that since 1939, this site has been farmed.
- Q. Okay. Thank you.

Let me ask you this: In your work delineating wetlands, you've testified already to your work with the Corps of Engineers, do you also work with the state -- Washington State Department of Ecology when you're doing wetland work?

A. Yes, we do.

- Q. And why is that?
  - A. Because under the -- under the Clean Water Act, section 404, there's also another section of the code, section 401, which relates to water. Section 404 relates to wetland themselves. And to obtain a permit to fill wetlands, you also need to meet the criteria of section 401, which is to protect water quality. And in Washington State, the Department of Ecology is responsible for implementing that program.
- Q. So you have worked actually with the State Department of Ecology on this particular Port of Seattle Third

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1 Runway Project? 2 Yes, we have. Α. Okav. Does the state -- or does the Port need to get 3 ο. a permit from the state in order to carry on the Third Runway Project with respect to wetlands? 5 Yes. We need to obtain the section 401 Water Quality 6 Α. Certificate, and then we have to obtain hydrologic 7 project approvals from the state for modification of 8 wetlands and drainage networks, streams. 9 Would you please turn to page -- or Exhibit 6, 10 rather, in your notebook there? 11 12 (Witness complying.) Α. Have you seen this document before? 13 Q. AR 024452 14 Yes, I have. Α. What is this, please? 15 Q. This is the Public Notice for the Port's permit 16 Α. 17 application for the third runway and other master 18 plan projects. 19 And what's the function of the Public Notice, do you 20 know? 21 The Public Notice is to alert the interested public A. that the Corps of Engineers and the Department of 22 Ecology are considering the Port's permit request to 23 fill and develop these wetlands. 24 Would you look at the last page of that Exhibit No. 2.5 Q.

1 6, please? The seventh paragraph, sort of the first 2 large-ish paragraph there, contains a reference to the State of Washington and the Vacca Farm site. And 3 it basically says that -- well, could you tell us 5 what it says, please? 6 Would you like me to read it or --Α. 7 Well --0. 8 Α. Okay. 9 0. You can read it or give me --It states that the State of Washington is reviewing 10 Α. 11 the project to comply with the water quality 12 This would be section 401. standards. And that the 13 State has determined that they will extend 14 jurisdiction as a waters of the State over 7.88 acres 15 of land that's considered prior converted by the 16 Corps of Engineers. 17 Do you know how this paragraph got into the Public Q. 18 Notice that was issued by the Corps of Engineers? 19 A. In a general sense, we reviewed this area with 20 the Department of Ecology, and they evaluated the 21 soils and the hydrology on the site, the land use, 22 and they evaluated the determination that the Corps 23 had made, and the Department of Ecology determined

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that this area was wetland and met the criteria of

being a wetland and should be considered a waters of

1 the State. 2 Move to admit Exhibit No. 6. MS. JONES: THE COURT: Counsel? 3 VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION 4 BY MR. ARAMBURU: 5 6 Is this the current notice? 0. 7 THE COURT: I'm sorry, are you requesting voir dire, Counsel? 8 MR. ARAMBURU: Yes, please, your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Go ahead. 10 MR. KELLEY: There -- should I answer that 11 12 question or --THE COURT: If you can. 13 There was a public notice issued in December 14 Okay. Α. 15 of 2000 for the project, as well. (By Mr. Aramburu:) So this isn't the current public 16 17 notice for the 404 permit, is it? 18 I don't know that this notice or any information in Α. it would have been withdrawn. I guess I don't --19 legally, I don't know the answer to that question. 20 AR 024454 21 But this is --0. 22 There was a new notice that was done in December of Α. 23 2000, and that new notice identified some additional mitigation steps that had been taken and some changes 24 to the project had changed slightly, some of the 25

1 amounts of wetland impact, but there was no change in 2 the state's determination of what was jurisdictional 3 and what was not jurisdictional. And I would 4 anticipate that this exact same paragraph -- is this 5 the 2000 public notice? 6 But you have looked at that notice recently? Q. 7 I have not verified that this statement is in that Α. 8 notice. 9 MR. ARAMBURU: I have no objection to this 10 document being the 1999 notice. 11 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. 12 Well, the document is admitted. As to what it 13 is, that's not the real question here, Counsel, 14 that's for your cross-examination, but the document 15 is admitted in terms of admissibility. 16 Thank you, your Honor. MS. JONES: 17 CONTINUED DIRECT EXAMINATION 18 BY MS. JONES: 19 Mr. Kelley, turning now from the Corps of Engineers 20 and the state to the City of SeaTac, do you know how 21 the City of SeaTac Code treats formerly farmed 22 wetlands that may exhibit some wetland 23 characteristics? 24 The City of SeaTac Code identifies that if

vegetation of a site has been altered such as would

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1	happen through normal farming practices, that a
2	wetland determination would be made on the basis of
3	evaluating soils for certain hydric soil conditions,
4	and evaluating water conditions on the site to
5	determine that the wetland hydrology parameters are
6	met.
7	Q. Have you reviewed the definition of wetlands in the
. 8	City's code?
9	A. Yes, I have.
10	Q. Would you turn, please, to Exhibit No. 26?
11	A. (Witness complying.)
12	MS. JONES: Exhibit No. 26 is, just for
13	everyone's information, a portion of the land use
14	code or the City's code relating to land use.
15	Q. (By Ms. Jones:) And what I'm interested in, Mr.
16	Kelley, is if you'll turn to page 15-46.  AR 024456
17	A. (Witness complying.)
18	Q. Mr. Kelley, do you have a page 15-47 in your
19	A. No, I do not. Oh, yes, I do, it follows 15-50.
20	MS. JONES: Your Honor, I apologize, we
21	apparently it should go 15-46, 15-47, 15-48,
22	15-49, 15-50, et cetera. I believe I covered
23	yesterday that we had placed it in the wrong order.
24	Thank you, Counsel.
25	THE COURT. And he's going to fix that in

1 the original?

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- Q. (By Ms. Jones:) Can you do that?
- A. It's corrected.
- Q. Actually, before we look at that exhibit -- or that provision of the code, Mr. Kelley, are you familiar with the term "altered wetland"?
  - A. With respect to City of SeaTac Code or --
- 8 Q. Yes, uh-huh.
  - A. I'm not really. I mean, in general parlance, we would say a wetland has been altered or changed, and I -- I don't recall specifically how that might be defined in the City's code.
  - Q. Okay. And when you talk -- when you say generally you understand what an altered wetland is, what would be some examples of an altered wetland?
  - A. It could be farming of a wetland area; it could be ditching or attempting to drain a wetland; it could be partial filling of a wetland area that might occur either legally or illegally as part of some construction. So some kind of human cause, usually human cause, construction activity, or clearing -- land clearing in a wetland.
  - Q. Do you have any knowledge of what farming would do to a wetland that would alter the wetland?
  - A. Well, typically, farming would remove wetland

vegetation and eliminate wetland vegetation,
depending on frequency and type of plowing. Other
times, farming involves attempting to drain wetlands,
either through excavation of surface ditches or
installation of underground drainage pipes and tile
to keep groundwater from saturating the soil and
effecting the ability to plow the soil.

- Q. A moment ago when you were describing the work on Exhibit No. 21, you referred to a wetland as -- or referred to Wetland FW11 as a farmed wetland. Is a farmed wetland the same thing as an altered wetland?
- A. It would be a type of altered wetland. I would consider a farmed wetland an altered wetland.
- Q. Is there any difference between a farmed wetland or is there a specific meaning to a farmed wetland that isn't -- that is more -- more narrow than the generic term "altered wetland"?
- A. Yes, it is. It would be a narrow -- more narrow than altered wetland, and it would be area that was in agricultural production since at least 1982 and had had continuous farming, and that it had standing water present for at least 14 consecutive days during the growing season.
- Q. And that might not necessarily be true of a wetland that was altered in a more general sense?

1 Α. That's right; other wetland alterations might not result in a farmed wetland. Or if farming started in 2 3 1990, for example, the area would not be classified 4 as a farmed wetland. 5 Is a farmed wetland a Corps of Engineers' term? Q. 6 Yes, it is. And part of the Food Security Act, as Α. 7 well, identifies that. 8 0. Okay. Thank you. 9 Now, looking back at page 15-56, Exhibit 26, do 10 you know what this -- what this provision is? 11 Α. Yes. This is the City's definition of wetlands and 12 City of SeaTac zoning definition of wetlands and their classification of wetlands into varying types, 13 14 based upon ecological value. 15 Q. Okay. And can you describe generally what you 16 understand a Class I Wetland to be under the City's 17 code? 18 Α. Yes. Class I Wetlands are the highest quality type 19 wetlands that would be in the City of SeaTac. 20 there's six criteria that are listed here for them. 21 They generally would include wetlands that might have 22 endangered species, wetlands that might have a high

diversity of plant and vegetation types in them,

wetlands that have rare plants in them, some of the

larger wetlands, especially if they're associated

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with lakes or other water bodies, and also, wetlands that have formed on organic or peat-type soils.

Also, finally, the larger forested wetland systems that provide habitat for more diverse array of birds would be classified as Class I.

- Q. And you understand what a Class II Wetland is generally?
- 8 A. Yes.

- Q. And what is that?
  - A. Those would be wetlands that the City would still consider quite valuable. They're somewhat less diverse and probably smaller in size than the Class I Wetlands. They must be greater than one acre in size, but they have less diversity -- or they have less wetland classes than a Class I Wetland might have.
  - Q. Were you asked by the Port to reach a conclusion as -- by the Port to reach a conclusion as to whether the prior converted cropland on Parcel 92 met the definition of wetlands for purposes of the City's code, section 15.10.675?
  - A. At the time we prepared our wetland delineation report and our mitigation plans, I was not asked to do that.
  - Q. Have you subsequently been asked to do that?

1 Α. Yes, I have.

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- 2 Okay. And what did you conclude? Q.
- 3 I concluded that this wetland area would be a Class I Α. 4 Wetland.
- Including Parcel 92? 5 Q.
- 6 Including wetlands on Parcel 92.
- 7 Okay. And can you explain why it is that you Q. 8 conclude that Parcel 92 is a Class I Wetland under the City's code?
  - The Parcel 92 wetland is contiguous with Α. wetlands on adjacent parcels, and that total area of wetlands, including Lora Lake, is 16.8 acres in size.
  - Q. And why is that important for your conclusion as to Class I?
  - Well, the criteria number three identifies wetlands that are equal to or greater than 10 acres in size. So in classifying the wetland, I wanted to know what the total size of the wetland is and whether this criteria might be met or might not be met.
  - Q. And -- but we're, of course, only talking about Parcel 92. Doesn't that constrain you in finding 10 acres?
  - Well, in classifying wetlands, and as indicated here in the code, there's no criteria to evaluate wetlands only on a single land parcel. In other words, you

classify wetlands irrespective of parcel boundaries.

- Q. Okay. Is there any other reason besides the extent of the wetland being greater than 10 acres that you found that helped you reach your conclusion that Parcel 92 is part of a Class I Wetland?
- A. Yes. It's -- as I said, it's greater than 10 acres in size, it's 16.8 acres, and it's also a rather diverse wetland. There are actually four wetland classes on the site -- or the wetland consists of four wetland classes. And those classes include open water, which is the Lora Lake area to the north. It includes forested wetlands, which are around the south side of Lora Lake. There are shrub dominated wetland classes that are present on the south side of Lora Lake, and also along the perimeter of some of the agricultural drainage ditches that extend down through the central portion of the wetland. And then there are emergent wetland classes which occur along some of the fringes of the wetland, particularly adjacent to the farmed areas.
- Q. When you say, "emergent wetland classes," what does that mean?
- A. Emergent wetlands are -- it's just simply a type of wetland that's dominated by herbaceous or non-woody plants, so grasses and cattails and sedges and rushes

are classified as emergent wetlands.

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Can you describe some of the kinds of vegetation that Q. you observed on the Vacca Farm wetland?

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From the northern portion of the site, south of Α. Lora Lake, are forested wetlands that contain black cottonwood trees and, also, willow shrubs and blackberry. There are shrub wetlands that parallel some of the agricultural drainage ditches that are dominated by willow shrubs. In the center of some of the agricultural drainage ditches are cattail and rush. Along the margins of the wetland, particularly adjacent to farmland, there's horsetail, reed canarygrass, willow herb, and a variety of other wetland grasses. There's some common rush in that area.

- Are there any other criteria in the City's code, other than number three, which you've just been testifying to, that helped you to make your conclusion that Parcel 92 is included in a Class I Wetland?
- The other criteria that would be relevant here would Α. be that it is mapped as a peat soil type. And my observations on the site confirmed that the area is a peat soil and a peat wetland. And the mapping sources include a text, Peat Resources of Washington,

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and also in 1953, I believe, a county soil survey
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         identified this area as peat.
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     Q. Thank you very much, Mr. Kelley.
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                    MS. JONES: Your Honor, before I forget,
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         I'd like to move to admit Exhibit No. 24, which is
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         the City of SeaTac's code revisions.
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                    THE COURT: Counsel?
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                    MR. ARAMBURU: You mean 26?
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                    MS. JONES: I'm sorry, I do mean 26.
9
                                All right.
                    THE COURT:
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                    MR. ARAMBURU: No objection, your Honor, to
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          Exhibit 26, the SeaTac Code Revision.
12
                    THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
                                                         Exhibit
13
          No. 26 is admitted.
                               Thank you.
14
          (By Ms. Jones:) Would you please turn to page -- or
15
          tab number 14, Mr. Kelley?
16
          (Witness complying.)
17
      Α.
          This is entitled King County Washington Soil Survey,
18
          and it's dated 1952. Do you see that?
19
20
          Yes.
      Α.
          Is that the source that you consulted in making your
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      Q.
          conclusion that there were peat soils on the
22
23
          property?
                                                    AR 024464
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          Yes, that's correct.
          Okay. And what does this soil survey from King
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      Q.
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County in 1952 say about the soils on the property?

- A. The soil survey includes a map of soil types in the county. And it indicates that the area of Parcel 92 and the Vacca Farm area more generally is mapped as a peat soil. There's two types of peat soil mapped in this area, one of them is Rifle peat, and I believe the other type is a Carbondale muck, which is also classified as a peat soil.
- Q. Thank you.

Other than the City's definition, which you have just testified to with respect to Exhibit No. 26, do you have other sources which assist you in determining whether or not you have a wetland?

- A. Yes. And the City code requires that you utilize those other sources to identify wetlands. The City code refers to the Federal manual -- the 1987 federal manual for identifying wetlands, and also the State Department of Ecology manual for identifying wetlands. And those manuals provide very specific criteria and procedures for evaluating site conditions and reaching a determination as to whether wetlands are present or not.
- Q. Does the -- do the manuals that you're talking about discuss the issue of what appears to be a wetland, but there is no vegetation or little vegetation on

it?

A. Yes, they do. There's -- there's a term in the manual that refers to normal circumstances, and that's actually part of the wetland definition that under normal circumstances, a wetland must have hydric soil, it must have wetland hydrology, and it must have wetland vegetation. And then it provides guidance in what they mean by normal circumstances. And the intent of using that word is that if, for some reason, through some alteration, either natural or manmade, vegetation were removed by farming or plowing or land clearing, bull dozing, timber removal, that an area can still be classified as wetland without vegetation if soils and wetland hydrology still meet the criteria for being wetland.

- Q. Let's talk about those terms for a moment. You said hydric soils, I believe. Could you describe what you understand the Corps and the state's manual to mean by "hydric soils"?
- A. Yes. Hydric soils are soils that have formed over relatively long periods of time, in wetlands or in a condition of poor drainage, where at least for 14 days during the growing season they are saturated to near the surface, or there's a high water table.
- Q. And have you concluded with respect to Parcel 92 that

there are hydric soils?

A. Yes, I have.

- Q. And how have you done that?
- A. I have gone out onto Parcel 92 and dug soil pits during the growing season and examined high water tables. When we identify -- when we prepared these maps for our reports, we walked the perimeter of the area that has high water table and identified very clearly the edge of the wetland based on hydric soil characteristics, but also by high water table. So, in essence --
- Q. Please do.
- 13 A. In essence --
  - Q. The record should show that the witness is approaching the blow-up of Exhibit No. 21.
    - A. In essence, this mapping of this wetland edge here is -- represents a series of flags that were hung in the field. And at each location where that flag was hung, we examined the soils and came to a conclusion that soils in the interior portion of the wetland had wetland hydrology and soils exterior to the wetland lacked wetland hydrology.
    - Q. I was just going to ask you what hydrology was, as opposed to hydric soils. Can you explain what hydrology is for the Court, please?

- A. So, yes, wetland hydrology is the presence of saturated soils or a high water table for at least 14 consecutive days during the growing season. And the Federal manual identifies very specific ways to determine whether this is present on a site or not. For our studies, this involved walking -- determining where the edge of the wetland is, walking that edge, and identifying whether soils were saturated or had a high water table.
- Q. Did you submit those results to the Corps of Engineers?
- A. Yes, we did. This map is essentially those results.

  It includes the data points that were checked in their specific locations that provide more detailed information for the entire Vacca Farm area. And then the flagged data points and the mapping of those data points delineate exactly where the edge of that wetland is.
- Q. Other than all of the matters you've just testified to in support of your opinion that Parcel 92 is a wetland, are there any other things you haven't mentioned yet that would lead you to that conclusion?
- 23 A. I'm not aware of any.

Q. You think you've covered it?

AR 024468

25 | A. I think I've covered it.

Q. All right. Great. Thank you.

I just want to talk briefly about a new topic, which is what you referred to earlier as the ditches or Water V1 and Water V2 on Exhibit 20 here. Are you familiar with the requirements in some jurisdictions that there must be a buffer between a wetland and any area that needs to be developed?

A. Yes, I am.

- Q. Okay. And what's the basis of that familiarity?
- A. Well, we -- I have evaluated local regulations and assisted clients in development issues near wetlands.

  And these wetland protection codes typically have protected buffers and criteria to modify or develop in or near wetlands.
- Q. When you've assisted clients with that kind of effort, do you know if it's ever possible to move wetlands, such as Water V1 or Water V2 in, or to reduce the need for buffers and, therefore, enhance development on the property?
- A. Yes, in some cases, that's feasible.
- Q. Okay. Are there issues raised by an application to move wetland areas or ditches in a wetland to another area?
  - A. The issues that would be raised would be a more detailed review process by the City or county

government.

- Q. Can you -- excuse me, go ahead.
- A. That they would just simply -- they would have to review the proposal, understand site conditions, understand that the proposal was in compliance with their code, and that it would, overall, provide some kind of mitigation or benefit typically to the resources.
- Q. Are you aware if there are any permits that are required when one seeks to move a wetland?
- A. Well, locally, there might be -- depending on how the regulations were structured, there might be a variety of permits, such as a grading permit would be commonly where this proposal would be removed -- would be reviewed, at the state level. It could involve a hydrologic permit approval from the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife.
- Q. What's that?
- A. That is a requirement to comply with state law, HPA review for any project that involves the -- the use or the diversion -- a change in flow of waters, waters of the State. So relocating a stream or relocating certain drainage ditches would require review with the state under HPA.
- Q. And HPA, what did you say that was?

1 A. Hydrologic Project Approval.

- Q. And what's the state department that approves that?
  - A. The Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife.
- Q. Okay. Are there any other state agencies that might be interested in the removal -- or the moving of a wetland, if you know?
  - A. Especially if you -- certainly if moving of the wetland required the -- triggered section 404 of the Clean Water Act, which would involve the Corps of Engineers, then Washington Department of Ecology would have to review and issue a section 401 Water Quality Certificate for the project.
  - Q. If you worked -- just going back for a minute to the Hydrolic Project Approval from Fish and Wildlife, have you ever applied or assisted a client in applying for an HPA permit?
  - A. Yes, we have; I have.
    - Q. Okay. And can you tell me how long that process took to -- let me ask you this, did you acquire the permit, and how long did the process take?
    - A. I've assisted and obtained a number of these. And the length of time is somewhat unpredictable, and it's variable, depending upon the complexity of the projects and the types of issues involved. So a very simple project that might involve modification of a

drainage ditch that also has been determined to be a waters of the State might take several weeks to a month. And a more complex project that might involve concerns over fish habitat and protection of water quality and perhaps the loss of wetlands might take several months or longer, even.

- Q. How about the Department of Ecology, if it got its nose in looking at that, the timing there?
- A. Well, like-wise the timing is dependent on the complexity of the project and the significance of the environmental change or the potential impact to the environment. But in a 404, 401 permit review that the Corps and Ecology would do, that timing I would typically expect to be in the order of several months to perhaps several years.
- Q. Have you had a recent experience with Ecology in trying to fill a parcel that Ecology is going to have to approve?
- A. I have an ongoing experience.

- Q. Well, why don't you describe one -- do you have one involving PCC farmland, what the Corps calls PCC farmland?
- A. A number of years ago, I worked on a project in

  Eastern Washington at the City of Colville. The City

  was proposing to construct a new airport that was on

farmland, nearly 100 percent plowed farmland, and
portions of this farmland had standing water on it
and met the criteria for prior converted cropland.
And I worked on this project probably for two and a
half years before a Corps of Engineers' permit was
obtained.

- Q. Okay. Have you been out to Parcel 92 recently?
- A. Yes, I have been.
- Q. When was that?

- 10 A. I was out on Parcel 92 last Friday.
  - Q. Okay. Can you tell us any observations that would be useful for your analysis of Parcel 92 as a wetland?
    - A. On Friday, I observed that there was standing water -- excuse me, there was -- I did not observe standing water in the wetland areas. I dug holes and observed a high water table on the site. In one case, the water was within four to six inches of the soil surface, and the soil surface itself was wet and --

MR. ARAMBURU: Your Honor, I want to object. We asked specifically during the course of discovery that all information regarding evaluation by Mr. Kelley be turned over to us, so that we would have an opportunity to review it with our expert. This is new testimony and results that have not been

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disclosed to us, and I would object to the testimony 1 as being material that would be in violation of the 2 3 discovery order. THE COURT: Counsel, it is --4 MS. JONES: I will withdraw that last 5 question, your Honor, that's fine. 6 THE COURT: Thank you. 7 (By Ms. Jones:) Let me just conclude, Mr. Kelley, 8 Q. have you concluded, in light of the testimony that 9 you've given, that the area that is described as --10 or that is mapped as prior converted cropland on 11 Parcel 92 is a wetland for the purposes of the code 12 for the City of SeaTac? 13 Yes, I have. 14 Α. And what is the class that you have concluded? 15 That it's a Class I Wetland. 16 Α. I have no further MS. JONES: Thank you. 17 18 questions. 19 THE COURT: Thank you. 20 Counsel? AR 024474 21 CROSS-EXAMINATION 22 BY MR. ARAMBURU: Mr. Kelley, your description of this as a Class I 23 Wetland, have you expressed that to the Corps of 24 Engineers, the Department of Ecology, or anyone else 25

before today?

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- A. It's not -- it's a Class I Wetland under the City of SeaTac Code, and the Corps of Engineers and the Department of Ecology are not responsible for implementing the City of SeaTac Code.
- Q. I understand that.
- A. So I have not discussed it with them.
- Q. So you've not told anyone else before today that this
  is a Class I Wetland?
- MS. JONES: Objection, vague as to "anyone else," your Honor.
- 12 A. I discussed the matter --
- THE COURT: The objection's -- well, the objection's overruled.
- Answer the question, please.
- 16 A. I've told other people before today that this is a
  17 Class I Wetland.
- Q. (By Mr. Aramburu:) Okay. And when did you reach that conclusion?
- 20 A. Probably in late March.
- 21 Q. of 2001?
- 22 A. Of 2001.
- Q. And how long have you been working on this project?
- 24 A. I've been working on this project since about 1995.
- Q. So as a Class I Wetland, do we generally try to stay

- away from alter ratings of Class I Wetlands?
- 2 A. Yes, we do.

- Q. And is that the Port's plan, to leave this in its current condition?
- A. Actually, no, it's not.
- Q. So, of this area that you're showing us as Wetland
  Al, what's going to happen to that?
  - A. The Port's plan for Wetland A1 and nearly all the wetlands that are indicated on this map is to -- as part of their mitigation for filling other wetlands, to improve and enhance the wetland -- the wetland site. So, for example, in Wetland A1, there are areas that are dominated by blackberry, which is a relatively low quality invasive plant. And the Port would remove that blackberry and re-vegetate the area with native trees and shrubs. The areas of farmland on Parcel 92 and the rest of this area that are mapped as prior converted cropland would be taken out of annual crop production and would be replanted with native trees and shrubs to provide habitat, and particularly to help function as a floodplain ecosystem that would benefit Miller Creek.
  - Q. Well, there's going to be lot of grading in there, isn't there?
  - A. There will not be any grading on Parcel 92. There

would be some grading on some of the other sites to 1 increase and provide flood storage, and there would 2 3 be some grading to relocate Miller Creek and construct a natural stream channel for Miller Creek. So a lot of the area that's shown as Wetland Al will 5 Q. 6 be graded? 7 A portion, I don't recall the exact number. Α. 8 And when we're talking about grading, we're talking Q. about digging down and removing of soil so there'll 9 be additional areas for floodplain storage; is that 10 11 right? 12 The floodplain storage is actually planned to occur 13 on the west side of the site from the -- primarily in 14 the prior converted cropland. And in the upland 15 areas just west of the wetland edge that is higher up 16 and elevated, that area would be excavated down to 17. create new flood storage. 18 And can you show us where that would be on exhibit --19 what is this, 19? 20 The area that would be graded for flood Yeah. storage is primarily in this area here, and then this 21 22 higher land to the west of the wetland. 23 MS. JONES: 21. 24 (By Mr. Aramburu:) And what are the plans for Water 25 V1 and V2?

The -- those would be -- those would simply be left 1 Α. 2 as is with native vegetation planted around them and over that area, over the entire area of Parcel 92. 3 So I conclude from this that these wetlands you're 4 Q. 5 talking about aren't valuable enough to be saved in their current condition; is that correct? 6 MS. JONES: Objection. 7 I don't know that it's germane what counsel concludes. 8 9 THE COURT: Objection sustained, vaque. (By Mr. Aramburu:) Do I understand, notwithstanding 10 Q. your classification of Wetland Al as a Class I 11 Wetland, that there will still be substantial 12 alteration to that area? 13 MS. JONES: Objection, vague as to the 14 15 meaning of substantial. 16 THE COURT: Objection overruled. AR 024478 17 You may answer if you can. 18 There are alterations planned for Wetland Al that Α. 19 would involve alterations to improve its habitat or 20 its value. And then there would also be some 21 alterations to Wetland Al to accommodate the Port's 22 project proposal. 23 (By Mr. Aramburu:) And that is some filling of A1? Q. 24 That would be some filling of Al. Α.

And does -- what does the City of SeaTac say about

- filling this Class I Wetland?
- 2 A. I have not asked them.
- Q. Aren't you going to process this through -- this
  permit of yours through the City of SeaTac?
- 5 A. No.

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- 6 Q. Why not?
- 7 A. It's not a requirement to do that.
- 8 | Q. It's not -- why isn't it a requirement?
  - A. The Port has entered into an Interlocal Agreement with the City of SeaTac that exempts third runway and master plan projects from the City of SeaTac ordinance.
- Q. So it's your testimony the Port doesn't have to

  comply with the SeaTac requirements, but the private

  property owner, RST, would; is that right?
  - A. I don't know what the private property owner is proposing or would need to do.
  - Q. Now, let me ask you about the work that's actually been done out on this property. You've shown us a number of your -- Exhibits 19 and 21 show a number of data plots; is that correct?
  - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And let's take a look at Exhibit 19, please. I think
  we have 21 on the board.
  - Now, the red marks that are shown here are the

59 1 data plots --2 Α. Yes. 3 -- what's the purpose of taking those data plots? Q. The Corps requests that we collect from wetland and Α. 5 adjacent non-wetland areas information that characterizes the environmental conditions on the 6 7 site. And how are those wetland plots -- how is it decided 8 9 where to put those? 10 They are put in areas that generalize site Α. 11 conditions. And where site conditions are variable, 12 we would take additional data plots. But where site 13 conditions are uniform, we would tend to take less 14 data plots. So the data plots are meant to 15 generalize site conditions over a fairly broad area, 16 and they're also meant to discriminate between upland 17 conditions and wetland conditions. 18 And would you look at Exhibit 24, please? 19 Yes. Α. 20 Q. And at the back of Exhibit 24, these wetland 21 determination -- are these wetland data plots

- identified? AR 024480
- Α. Yes.

22

23

24

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And are all the records for each data plot shown on Exhibit 19 found in the appendix to Exhibit 24?

- 1 A. I'm not sure exactly what you're asking, could you --
- Q. Are all the data sheets --
- 3 A. That are here?
- Q. -- that correspond to the data points shown on
- 5 Exhibit 19 found in Exhibit 24?
- 6 A. I believe they are.
- Q. Now, the plots that were done, on how many days were those plots done?
- 9 A. I don't recall specifically what days the data was 10 collected.
- Q. And was the data collected for more than a single day on any of the plots?
- 13 A. On any single plot, the data would have been collected on one day.
- Q. Okay. And can we tell which day that is by looking at the data sheets?
- 17 A. Yes. We do have a date on those data sheets.
- 18 Q. And can you tell us when that is?
- 19 A. These were on 4/19/1998.
- Q. Now, I notice that there are no data plots found on Wetland FW3; is that correct?
- 22 A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And are there any -- and that's a farmed wetland?
- 24 A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And are there any data plots for Wetland Al in the

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vicinity of the Parcel 92?
1
2
         No, there are not.
         And are there any wetland plots that would be
3
         adjacent or close by Wetland FW11?
4
         No, there are not.
5
     Α.
                    MR. ARAMBURU: It's Exhibit 19, your Honor,
6
         that we're looking at here.
7
                    THE COURT: Right.
8
         (By Mr. Aramburu:) Now, looking at Exhibit 19, does
     Q.
          Exhibit 19 have the rough outline of the Parcel 92
10
11
         property?
12
         Yes, it does.
      Α.
          Okay. Specified by 092?
13
      Q.
14
          That's correct.
      Α.
          Now, in fact, I don't see any data plots at all on
15
      Q.
16
          lot 92; is that right?
                                                     AR 024482
          That's correct.
17
      Α.
          So there's never been any data plots gathered for lot
18
19
          92?
20
          There's been data collected on lot 92. They haven't
          been recorded on these data plots and included in our
21
                   The data collected when -- the wetland
22
          report.
          boundaries were identified when we had access to the
23
24
          site in 1999 and flagged the edges of the PC
          wetland -- was collected to identify where hydric
25
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1 soil was present and where wetland hydrology was 2 present. And those areas were flagged in the field and presented to the Army Corps of Engineers to make 3 4 a determination on the presence of wetlands. Was that information turned over to the property 5 Q. 6 owner in this case? 7 It's right here in front of you. The edge of the wetland on our map is my testimony as to where hydric 8 9 soil and wetland hydrology occurs on the site. So there's not any other data, other than this map --10 11 Α. That's correct. 12 Q. -- for lot number two? 13 Α. That's correct. 14 And has there been an observation -- you were 15 describing the necessity to observe wetland hydrology 16 for a period of 14 days? 17 Α. Yes, that's correct. 18 And has that been done on lot 92? 19 Yes, it has. The area that is identified as farmed 20 wetland on lot 92 has been observed repeatedly by myself and by the Corps of Engineers and by others in 21 22 my office and the Port as an area that has 23 long-standing flooding for actually several months or

And have you made any written recordings of that?

24

25

more.

- A. I -- only in the designation of it as farmed wetland and recording that that area has greater than 14 days inundation.
  - Q. And how was Wetland FW11 actually delineated?
- A. That was delineated from an aerial photograph that
  showed standing water present at -- during the early
  part of the growing season in March of the year.
- 8 Q. And how many aerial photographs did you use?
- 9 A. We examined probably a dozen or so aerial photographs
  10 of the area.
- 11 Q. Did you use one of those to make your determination?
- 12 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 13 Q. And what -- and which one was that?
- 14 A. I believe that it was a 1974 aerial photograph that
  15 showed standing water on the site.
- Q. And would you look at Exhibit 39-C, please?

  THE COURT: It's in a different notebook.
- Q. (By Mr. Aramburu:) Now, Mr. Kelley, they're
  individually tabbed with the numbers on them. Do you
  have that?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. And is that the aerial photograph you used?
- 23 A. No, it's not.
- Q. It's not. Did you use a different photograph?
- 25 A. This is dated 1946.

1 Q. It would be under tab C, Mr. Kelley. 2 There's four -- there's five photographs under 3 Exhibit 39. 4 Α. I'm sorry. I understand. This is a 1985 photograph. Well, perhaps our notebooks -- would you look on the 5 Q. 6 back of the photographs? And I think we've tried to 7 put the dates there. 8 THE COURT: It may be your -- our courtesy 9 ones are different from the original ones, so you 10 might want to just go up and check on that. 11 (Off the record.) 12 (By Mr. Aramburu:) Okay. Q. Now we're looking at 39-C. 13 Is this the photograph you used? 14 A. Yes, it is. 15 And tell us how we can tell where wetland -- where Q. 16 the precise boundaries of Wetland FW11 are on that 17 photograph. 18 Well, the actual photograph that we used was of 19 somewhat better quality than this, but there --20 Well, now, let me -- we've made copies of the 21 photographs and you may have a copy. 22 Α. I have a copy. 23 Q. You have a copy. Let's --24 MR. ARAMBURU: I think your Honor may have 25 a copy, as well.

(By Mr. Aramburu:) We're going to lend you the 1 Q. 2 Court's copy here. The notebook you have contains a 3 copy of the photograph, and I think this is an original photograph. Does that look more like what 4 5 you looked at? Yes, it does. But I do believe that is still a Xerox 6 Α. 7 copy, but we had it printed on graphic paper, you know, the same kind of paper that you would have a 8 snapshot-type printed on. And this is a color Xerox 9 10 medium. Okay. Did you have more than one of these --11 12 Α. No. 13 -- made? 0. This is the right size. It had the Walker 14 Α. No. designation on it, but it was on graphic paper. 15 MR. ARAMBURU: We have an original of this 16 photograph, your Honor, and that's what we're trying 17 to find. 18 THE COURT: Well, why don't -- let's take 19 our lunch recess at this time, we're fairly close, 20 and then you could probably find that. Thank you 21 22 very much, Counsel. AR 024486 23 MR. ARAMBURU: Okay. 24 THE COURT: Let's make sure we don't mix up

the original from my copy.

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1
                     MR. ARAMBURU: Correct.
 2
                     THE COURT: But go ahead and take a look at
 3
          those.
 4
                     MR. ARAMBURU: We'll take a look.
 5
                     THE COURT: All right. Thank you. We'll
 6
          be in recess.
 7
                              12:00 P.M.
 8
                                      (Court at recess.)
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1 JUNE 5, 2001 2 AFTERNOON SESSION 3 1:39 P.M. 4 5 THE COURT: Counsel, go ahead. 6 CONTINUED CROSS-EXAMINATION 7 BY MR. ARAMBURU: 8 Mr. Kelley, before the noon recess, we were looking 9 at Exhibit 39-C. We were as yet unable to find the 10 original photograph, and we're going to keep looking 11 for that, but help us out, if you would, as to how --12 the process that you went through with Exhibit 39-C 13 in delineating Wetland FW11. Now, I recall that the 14 testimony up until now has been that that delineation 15 was made by using this map; is that right? AR 024488 16 Well, in part. Α. 17 Using this aerial photograph? Q. 18 It was made, in part, by this map, using the aerial Α. 19 photograph. But prior to using the aerial photograph 20 in -- in -- I believe it would have been December and 21 January of -- and February of 1999, we were in the 22 area with the Corps of Engineers. We were reviewing 23 some of our other delineation work, and we were 24 examining the Vacca Farm area and Parcel 92. And on

several occasions at that time, we identified

standing water on Parcel 92 and standing water in the other farmed wetlands, such as Farmed Wetland 3 and Farmed Wetland 2. And the Corps identified a need to distinguish those farmed wetlands from the prior converted cropland, because there was standing water on these sites. And they indicated to us that because of the standing water, these areas will not meet the prior converted cropland criteria. And I believe --

Q. Okay.

- A. I believe at that time that we did not have access -the Port did not have access to the property. And we
  obtained access later on in the year, and at that
  time identified this aerial photograph as useful in
  showing where standing water on that -- this would be
  useful in helping us map standing water on that site,
  which we had previously observed.
- Q. But this -- this map is now about 25 years old or more, isn't it? Or, excuse me, this aerial photograph?
- A. Yes, it is.
  - Q. Why didn't you use a later aerial photograph?
- A. Well, this was the aerial photograph that we found -could find in the record that was taken in the early
  part of the growing season, the rainy part of the

AR 024490

- growing season, when we would expect these farmed

  wetlands to actually contain inundation. And it also

  had patterns in the Farmed Wetland 11 that the Corps

  and myself felt would be useful in mapping the aerial

  extent of that area.
  - Q. Okay. But I notice that Wetland V1 and V2 don't seem to be in existence in 1974.
  - A. That's correct; they're not on this photograph.
    - Q. And so the typical method of determining wetland delineation is the flag, is that not correct?
- 11 A. That's correct.

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- 12 Q. Did you ever flag Wetland 11?
- 13 A. No. I believe Wetland 11 was mapped based on this
  14 aerial photograph.
- 15 Q. I meant to say FW11.

- 16 A. FW11, yeah.
  - Q. In looking at the photograph here, this was taken on March 20, 1974, can you show us the areas that you used to make your determination? Can you point those out for us?
  - A. Yes. If you look at that photograph -- can I come up to this exhibit? This may be -- how am I going to show -- show you this? It's so tiny.
  - Q. Well, first of all, the photograph you used is the one you had -- the same size you have in your hand,

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1
          correct?
 2
          Yes, that's correct.
 3
      Q.
          And you didn't get a blow-up of it or anything?
 4
      Α.
          No, we did not.
 5
      Q.
          Okay.
 6
          We examined it under magnification.
 7
      Q.
          Okay. But using that same size?
 8
      Α.
          Yes.
 9
                    MR. ARAMBURU: Perhaps the thing to do,
10
          your Honor, would be to have the witness come up here
11
          and help us out with where that is.
12
                    THE COURT: You want to present it,
13
          Counsel?
14
                    MR. ARAMBURU: Okay. Good.
15
                    MR. KELLEY: I would like to use the
16
          photograph that I believe is in the -- one of the
17
          other notebooks that's slightly higher quality than
18
          this one.
19
                    MR. ARAMBURU: Okay.
20
                    THE COURT: Here's the other notebook,
21
          Counsel.
22
                    MR. KELLEY: Or, actually, it's right here.
23
          There's a notebook right here with it in it too,
24
          so --
25
                    MR. ARAMBURU: Okay.
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THE COURT: Ms. Jones, do you want to come 1 2 up here? MS. JONES: 3 I do. 4 THE COURT: You want to do it? MR. KELLEY: I'm not sure. 5 6 MS. JONES: I will just look over Mr. 7 Aramburu's shoulder. 8 (Off the record.) 9 So it's this dark soil area in here that was examined Α. 10 under magnification and determined to coincide with 11 the areas that we have observed as being flooded in 12 the winter of 1999 with the Corps of Engineers. And 13 oftentimes on farm sites, areas that are -- where the 14 soil is wet, it shows up as being darker colored in 15 aerial photographs, and where there's surface water 16 on a soil, it shows up as being dark on aerial 17 photographs. So in viewing this aerial photograph 18 myself personally and with a Corps of Engineers, they 19 determined that that was an acceptable method for 20 mapping FW11. 21 (By Mr. Aramburu:) Okay. And there seems to be a Q. 22 darker area just to the west of that, was that also 23 mapped? 24 Could you point to which? AR 024492 25 Is that a dark area there, too?

0.

1 A. No, that was not mapped.

- Q. Does that look like that's wet?
- A. It could have been inundated, but it's not where we observed water in the winter of 1999, in the early spring of 1999, so the Corps -- so the Corps did not call that farmed wetland. So they -- what actually happened is we observed water on the site, and the Corps determined there's farmed wetland present. And then we were asked to map it, and the available information to map it when we had access to the site was these aerial photographs. We had access to the site later on in the summer, and the surface water had drained by that time.
- Q. So -- and did you make consecutive observations over
  15 14 days?
  - A. Yes. I believe we would have observed over probably a several month period. And I observed water in the winter of 2001 over a several month period on this site, as well.
  - Q. But it's not the wintertime that counts, is it, Mr. Kelley?
- 22 A. No, it's the growing season.
  - Q. In the early growing season?
- 24 A. In the early growing season.
  - Q. Did you make consecutive recorded observations over

- 73 1 14 days of water in the area of FW11? 2 Α. Yes. And those are recorded? 3 0. No, they're not recorded. 4 Α. And -- and that's just what you remember; is that 5 Q. 6 right? 7 That's correct. Α. And was the -- was the area of inundation the same 8 0. 9 each day? I would say yes, for all practical purposes, it's the 10 same each day, with the exception of several periods 11 of time where it was very wet, it had rained a lot. 12 And on those days, the area of inundation was visibly 13 14 larger. And in the aerial photograph that you've looked at 15 here, do you know what the wetland conditions were 16 17 the next day after -- on March 21, 1974? No, I do not. 18 Α. Now, there was some testimony about Wetland Al or 1A, 19 20 I quess it is?
- Which one is it? 21 Α.
- You testified about A1? 22 Q.
- 23 AR 024494 Α. A12
- Yeah. And how big is Al? 24 0.
- 25 Al, I believe, is approximately two acres in size. I Α.

would have to look at a table in our report to answer 1 that exactly. Actually, it's identified here on 2 3 Exhibit 19. It's 4.59 acres. 4 Okay. It's not 10 acres, correct? 5 Α. No; it's 4.59 acres. So it doesn't meet the 10 acre criteria under the 6 Q. City of SeaTac Code; is that correct? 7 8 Α. That's correct. Okay. Now, we're talking a little bit about the --9 about the wetland situation here. And can you tell 10 us whether or not there's any rare or endangered 11 12 species found in this location? We have not found any rare or endangered species at 13 14 this location. So would you look back again at page 15-46 of Exhibit 15 16 26? 17 Α. (Witness complying.) Now, your testimony is that this is a Class I 18 Wetland. Have you consulted with the Department of 19 20 Ecology as to what class of wetland they believe it 21 is? 22 I have not consulted with them. Did you not tell us during the deposition that you 23 thought the Department of Ecology had classified this 24

as a Class II Wetland?

- A. Yes. We classified it in our report as a Class II

  Wetland, and the Department of Ecology has not opined on that classification.

  Q. So your original classification was a Class II
  - Q. So your original classification was a Class II Wetland?
  - A. That was under the Department of Ecology classification criteria, which may be different from the City of SeaTac criteria.
  - Q. So in terms of looking at the wetlands, and let's focus now, if we may, on those wetlands found on lot 92, those are -- those -- would it be fair to characterize those as degraded wetlands?
- 13 A. Yes, it would.
- 14 Q. And degraded because of the agricultural activities?
- 15 A. Yes.

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- Q. And you've concluded those agricultural activities have gone on for years; is that correct?
- 18 A. That's correct.
- Q. And have you found any plant associations of infrequent occurrence?
- 21 A. No, I have not.
- Q. And on lot 92, are there any forested wetlands greater than one acre in size?
- 24 A. No, there are not.
  - Q. Are there forested wetlands greater than one acre in

AR 024496

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1 size for Wetland Al?
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- 2 A. Yes, there is forested wetland in Wetland Al.
- 3 Q. Is it greater than an acre?
- 4 A. I'm not certain the actual acreage that's forested.
- 5 I suspect it's greater than an acre.
- 6 Q. Now, would you look at Exhibit 24 and page 3-27,
- 7 please?
- 8 A. (Witness complying.)
- 9 Q. That indicates, does it not, that the -- go back.
- Does -- is the information shown on page 3-27 done
- 11 under your direction?
- 12 A. Yes, it was.
- 13 Q. Did you write it?
- A. I wrote portions of it, and I reviewed the entire
- 15 text.
- 16 Q. And indicates that the emergent communities in the
- Wetland Al are predominantly reed canarygrass?
- 18 A. That's correct.
- 19 Q. Is that a wetland species?
- 20 A. Yes, it is.
- 21 Q. Is that a native species?
- 22 A. No, it's not.
- 23 Q. And was Wetland Al delineated on-site?
- 24 A. Yes, it was.
- 25 Q. It was flagged in the environment of lot 92?

A. Yes, it was.

- Q. Now, you've provided testimony about the Department of Ecology's involvement in the wetland delineation work. What was the question that was put to the Department of Ecology? What were they asked to do?
- A. For the Port's permit application, the Department of Ecology needs to determine that the functions and values of impacts to wetlands are adequately mitigated.
- Q. And in the area that we're talking about on lot 92 and in the vicinity of lot 92, there wasn't going to be filling for the third runway, was there?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. And so the question that was asked the Department of Ecology was whether they would agree that the areas in this vicinity could be used as mitigation; is that correct?
- A. Well, in a general sense, we talked to the Department of Ecology about mitigation on this site and how that mitigation would be characterized, whether it would be characterized as wetland restoration or wetland enhancement. So we -- in addition to -- we wanted to discuss some of the specifics about how to -- how they would like to see mitigation accomplished on this site.

  AR 024498

- Q. So the Department of Ecology wasn't presented with a development project such as you have for your private clients, were they?
  - A. No, they were not.
- Q. So the only question they were asked is whether or not this was going to be a suitable area for a wetland mitigation?
  - A. Yes, that's correct, for parcel --
    - Q. And then they asked you to give advice or opinions on the ratios of wetland enhancement that might be available on these properties?
  - A. That's correct. They were --
- 13 Q. And --

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- A. They were also concerned about wetland impacts to the prior converted cropland that's identified in this location, because the project would fill a portion of this prior converted cropland. So in -- that was an area where they had an interest that went beyond simply mitigation.
- Q. But that's not near the lot 92 parcel?
- A. It's a few thousand feet from lot 92.
- Q. Is it your testimony that the wetlands on lot 92 cannot be moved or modified in any fashion?
- 24 A. No.
- Q. And we've talked about Waters V1 and V2, the ditches?

- 1 A. Uh-huh.
- 2 Q. Could those be moved and relocated on the site?
- 3 A. Under certain circumstances.
- 4 Q. And what would that be?
- A. It would be preparing a development plan -- a

  mitigation plan that met -- would meet HPA and local

  zoning code requirements.
- Q. And would it not be the case that one might have to mitigate for the loss of area in those two ditches?
- 10 A. In those -- could you rephrase that question?
- Q. If they were to be filled, would you expect that someone would ask for replacement -- wetlands enhancement?
  - A. Yes. I think you would need to replace the area of those ditches that was lost, as well as the functions that they provide, the ecological benefits that they provide.
- 18 | O. And what are those?

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- A. Primarily, in this case, the conveyance of water

  across the site of groundwater.

  AR 024500
  - Q. That could be done with a pipe?
- A. It could be -- an engineer would do it with a pipe, a biologist would do it differently.
  - Q. Is there anything unique or important about the vegetation that's found in those two ditches?

- A. The vegetation helps stabilize the edges of the
  ditches and helps keep sediment from moving across
  the site and moving into Miller Creek.

  Q. But is there any kind of desirable vegetation that
  we'd want to save out of those two ditches?

  A. No.
  - Q. And so in terms of mitigating for the loss of the ditches, we'd have to replace that on a ratio of one-to-one, two-to-one, three-to-one, something like that?
  - A. Perhaps three-to-one would be a starting point.
  - Q. And how big are Wetlands V1 -- or ditches V1 and V2?
- 13 A. They're a few hundredths of an acre in size,
  14 probably.
  - Q. I recall, and correct me if I'm wrong, that each one of them is counted on your information as 1/100th of an acre. Take a moment if you'd like to consult your material. I think that's found on exhibit --
  - A. They're on Exhibit 19. And that's correct, they're each identified as 1/100th of an acre.
  - Q. And so that would be about 436 square feet, each --
- 22 A. Roughly.

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- 23 Q. -- acre being 43,560 square feet.
- So if we replace those, we might have to have an area on a three-to-one mitigation of, say, 3,000

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1
         square feet?
2
     Α.
         Yes.
3
         Now, is it your testimony that the point of -- again,
     Q.
          let's look at Exhibit 19, because that's useful, I
4
5
         think, to help us here. Is it your testimony that
6
         the point of Wetland Al that goes into lot 92, that
         that area could not be filled?
8
         No, I did not testify to that.
     Α.
          So that area could be filled?
9
     0.
10
          Under certain circumstances.
          And that would be the same circumstances as the
11
12
          filling of Waters V1 and V2?
13
          Yes, with the addition that that would require
     Α.
14
          compliance with section 404, because that's not
15
          exempt from 404 jurisdiction.
          Okay. And what about the filling of FW11?
16
      Q.
17
          That would be -- that it would be part of 404
18
          jurisdiction, and that would require section 404
19
          permitting, in addition to local permitting.
20
          Any reason why that couldn't be filled if it complied
21
          with the other provisions?
                                                       AR 024502
22
      Α.
          No.
23
          Is there anything so unique or desirable on any of
      Q.
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under any circumstances?

these wetlands that we wouldn't want to fill them

24

1	A.	Well, any condition for filling them under section
2		404 would require demonstration of no practicable
3		alternatives for a project, and that would apply to
4		Wetland FWll and Al, so that whether those were
5		filled or not would be very dependent on specifically
6		what was proposed for the site and why the only
7		why this was the only site where that particular
8		project could occur on. If and then in the local
9		regulation in reviewing permits and determining
10		whether wetland fill should be approved or not, the
11		quality and quantity of mitigation and whether that
12		mitigation functionally replaced what was occurring
13		
14		on-site would be the critical review point. That
15		would be what the agencies would decide on. So the
16		functions of flood storage that Wetland FW11
		provides, the water quality benefits that wetlands
17		vegetative wetlands provide, the collection and
18		conveyance of groundwater across the site would be
19	·	one of the functions that the wetlands provide. And
20		all of these would have to be incorporated into a
21		mitigation plan and reviewed agreed to and
22		reviewed and approved by a permitting authority.
23	Q.	This is the kind of work you do all the time for your
24		private clients, isn't it?
25	A.	That's correct. AR 024503

- Q. And we haven't -- from our materials here, we don't have a total amount of wetlands on the Parcel 92 site. But from my sort of eyeballing it, it looks like less than half an acre, would you agree with that? And again, I'm not asking to be precise, but that looks to be about the number?
- A. No. I would -- I would agree that nearly the entire site, if not the entire site, is wetland.
- Q. Well, let's leave aside the issue of -- and I understand your testimony on prior converted croplands, but looking at Exhibit 19, would you agree with necessity that the wetlands that are mapped there would be less than half an acre?
- A. The wetland that the Corps of Engineers has determined are jurisdictional under their 404 program may be less than half an acre.
- Q. And are there any rules and regulations that relate to filling less than half an acre of wetland?
- A. Under the Corps of Engineers?
- Q. Correct.

A. These wetlands would -- well, I think it would depend on the development proposal. There are a variety of nationwide permits that might allow a more -- that might allow -- that may apply to this situation or may require an individual permit. And it would

- depend on the specific development proposal, what the nature of the development was, and why you had to fill these wetlands.
  - Q. And it would also not be the case that the Court would take a close look at the functions that the wetlands serve on the site?
  - A. That's correct.

- Q. And we agree that these are degraded wetlands; is that correct?
- A. The habitat value of these wetlands has been degraded. The function that the wetlands provide in providing flood storage may not have been degraded, portions of the wetlands still in the floodplain.

  The functions that the wetlands provide in terms of groundwater discharge, the movement of groundwater to surface water, and the supplemental base flow to Miller Creek downstream may not have been degraded by farming. So some functions have been degraded and others may not have been.
- Q. So there might have to be some arrangement to continue the drainage of water that's otherwise conveyed by Waters V1, V2, and A1 on lot 92?
- A. That's correct. And the agencies, in reviewing a permit application, might require, instead of mitigation, instead of a square area that might be

- 3,000 feet square, they may require a long linear
  type mitigation wetland that would provide
  groundwater collection and conveyance functions
  similar to what these existing ditches do; however,
  they might allow you to move that function to a
  different location on the site.
  - Q. Is it unusual in Western Washington to deal with wetlands on a commercial or residential site that are less an half acre?
  - A. Yes. It's common to do -- excuse me, no, it's not unusual to deal with.
- 12 Q. Would you turn to page 3-19 of Exhibit 24, please?
- 13 A. (Witness complying.)

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- Q. I had a question about the last paragraph that's found on that page. There's a sentence that says certain areas meet the criteria for PC cropland, prior converted cropland, but it says these have hydric soils and saturation within 12 inches of soil surface for more than 15 consecutive days; is that right?

  AR 024506
- A. That's what it says.
- Q. And have you gone out to the site and have records of observations of soil saturation for more than 15 consecutive days?
- 25 A. We've gone out to the site -- to all of these parcels

1 as a whole on numerous occasions during the spring 2 and early summer months. And when a site that 3 contains peat soils is observed to have saturation during the late spring and summer months, as we 5 have -- early summer months, as we have observed on this site, that observation alone is sufficient to 6 7 demonstrate long-term saturation, that if it hasn't 8 rained and the drainage characteristics of peat soil 9 is so slow that if -- when you observe water during 10 the non-rainy season, you know that that water has 11 been there for a substantial period of time, and it 12 will be there for a substantial period of time in the 13 future because it drains out of those soils so 14 slowly.

- Q. Well, my question to you, however, is do you have records that indicate observations in the prior converted croplands for more than 15 consecutive days?
- A. No, I don't have those records.

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- Q. Then your next sentence says, however, these areas lack inundation for at least 15 consecutive days and therefore, the areas do not meet the criteria for farmed wetlands according to the Food Security Act.

  Do you see that sentence there?
- A. Yes. AR 024507

AR 024508

- Q. So it indicates that they are not inundated for more than 15 consecutive days; is that correct?
- A. That's correct.

- Q. Okay. And is that different than the previous sentence?
  - A. The previous sentence, we're talking about saturation of soils, which is walking out on the site and observing that the soil water table is high, the soils are squishy, in layman's terms. But in -- in doing our testing, you dig a hole and you observe where the poor space in the soil is fully -- 100 percent saturated with water, and that's the criteria for wetlands. And that's what the first sentence is stating, that the soils are saturated. Inundation is the presence of water sitting on top of the soil two inches deep, three inches deep, maybe deeper.
  - Q. So if you're off-site, can you see the inundation because you can see surface water?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. However, for purposes of soil saturation for your previous sentence, you'd have to go out and dig a hole, wouldn't you?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. So isn't that the common way to do is to go dig a hole and observe the water levels in the hole for a

consecutive period of days?

- A. Well, it's not necessary to do it for a consecutive period of time because of the drainage characteristics of soils in our area, and particularly peat soils that don't drain rapidly.
- Q. Well, but did you go out to the site and set up a number of observations or holes that you looked into over a period of time and saw that there was saturation within 12 inches?
- A. We went out to the site and we observed the soil characteristics and the hydrologic characteristics. And based on those observations, we delineated wetlands. We brought the Army Corps of Engineers out and the Department of Ecology out, showed them the work that we had done, the basis for our wetland determination, how our data plots that we took characterized the site conditions, and based on that information, I personally, and agency staff, concluded that the areas were wetland and met the Federal criteria for wetlands.
- Q. But as I understand it, the issue that you were taking to the Corps was not a development proposal to fill wetlands, but a proposal to alter them for beneficial purposes; is that correct?
- A. When we first started taking the Corps out to this

- site, we had not been looking at this site as
  mitigation, so it was -- they were making a
  determination as to where wetlands occur on property
  that the Port of Seattle owns or was acquiring.
- Q. But that these were prior converted croplands was fine with the Port for its purposes; isn't that correct?
- A. Well, whatever it was is fine for our purposes.
- Q. But there wasn't a contest over this issue as to whether they were or weren't?
- A. Well, there was in the sense that we had to provide to the agencies enough documentation so that they would make that determination we requested. We identified to the Corps that we felt this area met the criteria for prior converted cropland. They asked us to provide that information to them. We have an appendix in our wetland delineation report that addresses our determination on prior converted cropland, and the Corps has accepted that. So we did ask them to make this determination.
- Q. But did you ask them to conclude that it was all wetlands, the prior converted croplands were wetlands?

  AR 024510
- A. No, we did not.

Q. And that would not have been in the best interests of

the mitigation plan, would it?

- A. I don't think it would have mattered to the mitigation plan. The agencies want a site that is that has a high probability of being able to reestablish wetland functions on it. It's in the best interests of the mitigation plan that this site does, indeed, have high water tables in the spring and doesn't need excavation or grading to create hydrology. The hydrology is already there. So it may have been in the best interests of the mitigation plan if the Corps determined it was jurisdictional wetland.
- Q. But you get more benefit for restoring wetlands than you do for enhancing existing wetland; is that not correct?
- A. The Corps is not -- or Ecology has not specifically identified to me how they're going to credit our mitigation proposal with benefit for this site.
- Q. But there's different ratios for properties that are existing enhancement of wetlands and the restoration of other wetlands; is that correct?
- A. Generally, mitigation ratios are accepted by the Corps on a site-by-site basis, on a case-by-case basis.
- Q. And as I understand it, you don't have your Corps

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          permit yet for all this work?
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          That's correct.
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          And how many times have you submitted material to the
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          Corps?
                                Objection, irrelevant.
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                    MS. JONES:
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                    THE COURT: Overruled.
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          We submit information to the Corps on a monthly
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          basis.
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          (By Mr. Aramburu:) Well, I notice that there were
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          two notices of Corps applications, one in 1999 and
          one in 2000; is that right?
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          That's right.
      Α.
          So there was a resubmission of material in 2000?
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      0.
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          That's correct.
      Α.
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          Is that because the Corps told you, you needed to do
      Q.
16
          more work?
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          A lot of that was procedural in terms of not
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          obtaining a Corps' permit within -- and obtaining
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          section approval from Department of Ecology on the
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          Clean Water Act certification within a one year
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          period. But there's ongoing -- but we have work
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          ongoing.
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          Would you turn to Exhibit 54, I guess it's 53-A,
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          please?
                                                    AR 024512
25
          (Witness complying.)
      Α.
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AR 024513

- 1 Q. Does your firm work on the natural resource 2 mitigation plan for the third runway?
- 3 Α. Yes, that's correct.
- 4 Q. And can you identify the materials that are found 5 under tab 53-A?
- 6 There is chapter two -- actually, there's various --Α. 7 various pieces of a report, the Natural Resource 8 Mitigation Plan for Seattle-Tacoma International Airport, Master Plan Update, prepared and finalized 10 in December of 2000.
  - And did your office have a hand in preparing that? Q.
- 12 Yes, that's correct.
- 13 And were you substantially responsible for preparing Q. 14 it?
- 15 Α. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. Now, in that material, and this is the mitigation plan that you've submitted to the Corps to tell them that you should be permitted to fill the wetlands for the third runway, this would be the mitigation for that?
- That's right. Α.
- 22 And in this material, do you make a distinction Q. 23 between wetland restoration and wetland enhancement?
- 24 We do. Α.
  - And looking over, I think, on page 5-2, table 5.1-1,

- 93 1 does that summarize the mitigation areas? 2 Yes, it does. Α. And wetland restoration, 6.60 acres, is that primary 0. to the prior converted cropland? 5 Α. Yes, it is. 6 Now, does -- this report also describes monitoring 7 wells that were put in; is that correct? Look over 8 at page 5-31 and 32? 9 Yes. We did place monitoring wells. Α. 10 And what was the purpose of that? ο. 11 Α. They were placed in -- near the location of 12 relocating a stream channel, and to evaluate the 13 hydrologic conditions and the feasibility 14 constructability of relocating the Miller Creek 15 stream channel. 16 And those would give you groundwater levels? Q. 17 Yes, that's correct. Α. 18 Any of those on lot 92, Parcel 92? 19 No, they aren't. Α. 20 Did you consider at all in your evaluations of the Q.
- 21 wetlands on lot 92 the ability to transfer 22 development rights from that property to other 23 properties? AR 024514
- 24 No, I did not. Α.
- 25 Do you know if that is permitted by local SeaTac

94 1 regulations? 2 Α. I do not know. 3 Is it -- is the concept of development or of transfer Q. 4 of development rights in connection with wetland 5 preservation a common element found in wetland 6 regulation? 7 I've never used it on a project that I've worked on. Α. 8 Would you turn to Exhibit 6, please? Q. 9 Α. (Witness complying.) 10 I have some testimony from you concerning a portion 0. 11 of this Corps -- this Public Notice of the Corps' 12 application. And you didn't write this, I take it? 13 No; the Army Corps of Engineers wrote this. Α. And you brought our attention to some language in the 14 15 notice on page 9; is that correct? 16 Α. Yes. This says that -- it talks about the Vacca Farm, and 17 Q. 18 then it says, accordingly, impacts being considered 19 under water quality standards include certain property to be filled at the Vacca Farm site, and an 20 21 additional 6.92 acres of waters of the State 22 temporarily impacted during construction of

A. Yes, I do.

the Vacca Farm site?

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AR 024515

mitigation. Do you know what's going to be filled at

O. What is that?

- A. There's a portion of this prior converted cropland that would be filled. Miller Creek, which flows across this portion of this site, would be moved over into a portion of Wetland Al, and that would accommodate the runway embankment and the 154th Street relocation.
  - Q. Okay. And then it says that there are waters of the State that will be temporarily impacted during construction of mitigation. Do you know what that means?
- A. That's referring to areas within Wetland Al, all these farmed wetlands and other small wetlands, and the prior converted cropland that would be restored during the mitigation process. So taking trucks out into the wetland, digging holes to plant wetland vegetation, in some cases excavation for floodplain, is what is referred to as those temporary impacts.
- Q. And do I understand from this that the principal concern of DOE has to do with the water quality standards?
- A. Their concern is with water quality standards and wetland function, and how wetland function may pertain to water quality, but habitat, as well, aquatic habitat functions.

1	Q.	So when it says water quality standards, then, would
2		the Department of Ecology be concerned that working
3		in the wetlands might cause downstream siltation to
4		harm fish and that kind of thing?
5	Α.	Yes, that's one of their concerns.
6	Q.	That seems to be the one expressed here.
7	Α.	It's the one expressed here in this notice.
8		MR. ARAMBURU: Those are all the questions
9		I have for cross-examination. Thank you very much,
10		Mr. Kelley.
11		THE COURT: Counsel, redirect?
12		MS. JONES: Yes, I have a little redirect.
13		Thank you.
14		First, your Honor, I would like to move to admit
15		Exhibit No. 14, which I neglected to do on direct.
16		That's the soil survey of King County, Washington,
17		dated September 1952, Exhibit 14.
18		THE COURT: Thank you. Any objection?
19		MR. ARAMBURU: No objection to 14, your
20	-	Honor.
21		THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Exhibit
22		No. 14 is admitted.
23		MR. ARAMBURU: Your Honor, I'd like, also,
24		to ask for the admission of Exhibit 54-A, which the
25		witness discussed during his testimony. AR 024517

1		THE COURT: Hold on just a minute.
2		MS. JONES: No objection.
3		THE COURT: 54-A or 53-A?
4		MR. ARAMBURU: Excuse me, 53-A, your Honor.
5		Excuse me.
6		THE COURT: So that is the Natural Resource
7		Mitigation Plan for the third runway; is that
8		correct?
9		MR. ARAMBURU: That's correct.
10		MS. JONES: No objection, your Honor.
11		THE COURT: Okay. All right. Thank you.
12		Exhibit No. 53-A is admitted.
13		Thank you. All right. Counsel, go ahead.
14		MS. JONES: Thank you.
15		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
16	BY	MS. JONES:
17	Q.	Mr. Kelley, Mr. Aramburu asked you early in your
18		cross-examination whether the Port was going to
19		mitigate Wetland Al. Do you recall that?
20	Α.	Yes.
21	Q.	Okay. And the question I have is, is the Port doing
22		any mitigation activities on Parcel 92?
23	Α.	Yes, we are. AR 024518
24	Q.	And what are they, please?
25	Α.	The mitigation activities are primarily planting that

- area with native trees and shrubs that are adapted to wetland conditions.

  Q. Are you planting or does the Port's mitigation plan include planting not only on what's been delineated
  - include planting or does the Port's mitigation plan include planting not only on what's been delineated as wetland, but what you have testified is wetland and what's been shown on your exhibits as prior converted cropland?
  - A. Yes, that's correct.
    - Q. You also testified that the Port will be filling part of exhibit -- of Wetland Al, and also restoring part of it by relocating the creek and replanting some native trees and shrubs there; is that right?
- 13 A. Yes.

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- Q. Is there -- is there a cost to doing that; that is,

  does the Port have to expend money to do those

  mitigation activities?
  - A. Yes, they do.
- Q. I believe Mr. Aramburu asked you how many days that
  you -- how many days the data plots were done as you
  were delineating the wetlands. Do you recall that?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Would you normally go out and do data plots for more than one day before you made your conclusion on a particular data plot?
  - A. It's usually only in -- in -- it's unusual

circumstances where wetland consultants and wetland regulatory agencies have to observe sites for 14 consecutive days. On a site like this, where it's obviously wet during much of the year, we can very readily examine the soils and examine the hydrologic conditions of the site and determine that the site meets the criteria for wetland.

- Q. When you were doing data points, does the Army Corps of Engineers' Wetland Delineation Manual require you to mark data points for more than one day before you have a conclusion based on those data points?
- A. No, it does not require that.
  - Q. What about the State of Washington, Department of Ecology Wetland Delineation Manual?
    - A. No, for general determinations, it does not.
      - Q. Now, there was some question about the lack of data points on Parcel 92, even though there are some data points in prior converted cropland to the north. Do you recall that?

        AR 024520

A. Yes.

Q. Why do data points -- or do data points -- why don't you explain that, why did you not do them on 92 when you had done them prior to the north in the area that you've described as wetland, but also has been delineated as prior converted cropland?

A. Well, generally, what the Corps wants to see in a delineation report are data plots that are representative of the variety of conditions that might be on a site, and so that they don't require a data point at every wetland delineation flag which might be hung around the perimeter of a wetland.

They don't require a data point on every square foot of the delineation site. They require a -- enough data plots in the wetland and around the perimeter of the wetland to sufficiently characterize the larger or the broader changes that may be present on a site.

And so in this particular case, where we identified wetlands and prior converted cropland, it was determined that the data plots that we have to the north of Parcel 92 in prior converted cropland adequately characterize the presence of hydric soil, the presence of peat soil. And the hydrology of the site, when we obtained access to Parcel 92 and examined those conditions, we found them substantially the same as areas to the north.

- Q. What were the conditions that you examined on Parcel 92 when you did get access that made you think they were the same as the ones you had done data points on farther north?
- A. We dug holes and determined that the soils were peat

soils, and we determined that there was the same type of peat that occurs to the north on other parcels.

We observed water flowing into those holes and water flowing almost to the soil surface and determined that the wetland hydrology criteria was met. In the case of the prior converted cropland, the plowing was the same as the plowing further north. In the case of Wetland Al, the vegetation along the perimeter of the wetland was the same as -- as vegetation in other portions of that area.

Q. Thank you.

Now, in response to a question from Mr.

Aramburu, you indicated that Wetland Al is less than

10 acres in size; is that right?

- A. That's what I said, yes.
- Q. Okay. In your correct testimony, you had indicated that you were -- had concluded that there was a Class I Wetland here because there was in excess of 10 acres for a wetland?

  AR 024522

A. Yes.

- Q. Can you explain why -- or explain if there is a discrepancy, what that -- how you reconcile that?
- A. Yeah. I think that this figure that we have here in the 4.59 acreage, I think that we -- that I stated for Wetland Al, consider that particular unit of

wetland, which is Wetland A1, where a wetland determination was based on the presence of three parameters, according to the routine delineation approach identified in the Federal manual and in the

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State manual.

So in this area, we found undisturbed wetland vegetation, we found hydric soil, we found a high water table, so all three parameters were met. on other portions of this site -- and so that area was called out as Wetland A1, 4.59 acres. Then as we continued to study the site, we found places where there was ponding and places with hydric soil and water, but no vegetation, and so we started identifying out some of the little nuances of the site that we need to bring to the attention to the Corps so they can make a determination on wetlands, and so these other areas were identified and called Then -- and that's why our map is a little mosaic of different things, because it represents the different criteria that were used in the field to identify these different areas. We had the vegetated wetlands with these perimeters, we had prior converted croplands soils, but no inundation present. And then we had the farmed wetlands that had hydric soil, no plants, 'cause they're plowed, and they had

inundation. That's independent of how this wetland is classified according to the City of SeaTac zoning code. If you're classifying this wetland according to the City of SeaTac zoning code, all the little detail, the boundaries that separate out this area are just simply dissolved, and it becomes one big wetland, which is 16.8 acres in size.

Q. Thank you.

Mr. Aramburu asked you to -- asked you whether or not Parcel 92 is degraded wetland. Do you recall that?

A. Yes.

- Q. Is there a difference between degraded wetland and altered wetland, do you know?
- A. No, it's just -- there's no technical difference, it's just a matter of common usage. They both would refer and imply -- well, degraded to me implies that the wetland functions may be impaired, altered just means maybe something is changed, things have changed, it may or may not imply that functions have been degraded. But it's just a nuance, and there's no technical definition that I'm aware of.
- Q. All right. Is there -- do you know if the SeaTac

  City Code includes the term or uses the term degraded wetland?

  AR 024524

- A. I'm not aware that they do.
  - Q. Okay. Mr. Aramburu asked you if the wetland point -on Parcel 92, that point that we've talked about on
    Al, Wetland Al, and also FW11, can be moved. Do you
    recall that?
- A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. And I believe your answer was that there would -- yes, but there would have to be compliance with section 404; is that right?
- A. Yes, that's right.
- Q. Okay. What kinds of things would be required to comply with section 404 if you wanted to move those wetlands?
- A. Well, you would need to delineate the wetland, prepare a wetland delineation report, have that delineation approved by the Corps. You would need to prepare -- presumably with an engineer or a real estate developer, you would need to prepare a development plan and determine the acreage of impact to that wetland, the acreage of direct impact. You would have to review with the Corps whether there are any indirect impacts to that wetland, whether developing the -- developing the non -- the PC portion of that site near the wetland might intercept hydrology and cause indirect impacts to a greater

area of wetland than was just being filled by the project. So impact issues would need to be reviewed and approved by the Corps.

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The Corps would be requesting information on what the ecological functions and values of that wetland were, so an evaluation of wildlife habitat, aquatic habitat, groundwater functions, storm water functions, flood storage functions, would need to be prepared and summarized in a report. And I think key on this site in getting a key permit would be evaluation of purpose and need, and demonstrating that you did not have alternatives to developing a project that avoided wetlands, and that can be a very difficult -- a very difficult hurdle, or it takes extensive information to demonstrate to the Corps that this is the only project site in -- available to you to accomplish this particular development. for private development, it's very difficult to make that demonstration to the Corps.

- Q. Do you have any estimate of the time it would take if you were to provide such a request to the Corps to move the wetlands we just talked about, getting a determination from the Corps about whether you could do it or not?
- A. Well, I would think it would be in excess of 12

- 1 months to get all the information together and all 2 the issues resolved and approved.
  - Q. Now, you talked about the moving of the ditches, as well, the ones -- the things we've referred to as Water V1 and Water V2. And I believe that your testimony was that these were a very small portion of the land, what did we say, .01?
- 8 A. .02, I believe.
  - Q. 436 square feet, each of them?
- 10 A. Yes, yes.

- Q. Okay. And then I believe you testified that you might be able to -- in the moving of those particular ditches, you might -- that the nationwide permits might apply. Do you recall that?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. What is a nationwide permit?
  - A. It's a -- there's a series of nationwide permits which are essentially permits that the Corps -- I believe that they're essentially permits that the Corps has issued to themselves to allow a more streamlined approval, compared to -- and so in requesting a nationwide permit, you are asking the Corps to review your development proposal and concur that you meet these pre-specified terms and conditions. And an individual permit is a more

lengthy process, where there's much more focus on individual project review.

- Q. If a developer were to come along and, again, just based on your work with private individuals or smaller projects and didn't want to move FW -- or do anything to FW11 or A1, but did want to move those ditches, and therefore sought to do it through a nationwide permit, can you estimate the length of time that that process could take?
- A. Well, it is an estimate. I would think it would be probably several months. I think that the Corps would ask you to provide information on endangered species, being Chinook salmon and bull trout, which don't occur on this site, but these streams connect to waterways that connect to Puget Sound where there's water quality concerns for these species, and that's -- these kinds of issues have -- are not clear cut. And it can take -- they're unpredictable. And so I hate to -- I'm hesitant to say three months, because it could take longer, but it would be -- I would be pleased if I could get it resolved in three months for a client.
- Q. Would there be any other permits required that you know of in this particular site to move these ditches?

A. It would.

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- Q. If the developer wanted to do that?
  - A. It would require, as we discussed earlier, hydrolic project approval from the Department of Fish and Wildlife, the state Department of Fish and Wildlife. And these are protected under the City of SeaTac ordinances, I believe, as a stream.
  - Q. Thank you.

Mr. Aramburu asked you about the fact that you have assisted the Port in resubmitting -- in submitting new information to the Corps of Engineers at its request as it considers the 404 permit. Did any of the new information that you or Parametrix provided to the Corps apply to Parcel 92?

- A. It applied -- what we submitted in December applied to Parcel 92.
- Q. And was it changed?
- A. It was not changed information.
- Q. Thank you.

You said that the Port was doing some filling in the area northeast of Parcel 92, and I believe that you talked about this prior converted cropland area here that's designated as having .92 acres. Is that the area?

A. That's the area.

1	Q.	Okay. What kind of did the Port have to receive
2		permit to do that work, filling of that prior
3		converted cropland area?
4	A.	Well, they haven't done it yet.
5	Q.	They haven't done it yet, excuse me, of course they
6		haven't. What do they have to do to do that?
7	A.	It is included in our permit application. And
8		Ecology has told myself and the Port that that area
9		is a water of the State and that our mitigation has
L 0		to include area to compensate for that impact. Our
11		mitigation plan has specific it's larger because
L 2		we have .98 acres of impact to that prior converted
L 3		cropland.
L 4		MS. JONES: Okay. Thanks. I don't have
L 5		any more.
L 6		THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
L 7		MR. ARAMBURU: May I have
L 8	,	THE COURT: Sure, just brief rebuttal.
L 9		RECROSS-EXAMINATION AR 024530
2 0	BY	MR. ARAMBURU:
21	Q.	Mr. Kelley, you talked about the mitigation plan for
2 2		the facility. And would you look at Exhibit 54-A?
23		And that would be, I guess, following page 3-10 of
2 4		that document.
2.5		(Off the record.)

	1	
1		THE COURT: 54-A, Counsel?
2		MR. ARAMBURU: 53, your Honor. I've got a
3		hang-up here with 53 and 54. Excuse me.
4	Q.	(By Mr. Aramburu:) 53-A, looking at figure 3.2-1, do
5		you see that? We've excerpted your report, which is
6		much longer than this. In my copy, it stops page
7		3-10.
8	A.	Yes, I have it.
9		MR. ARAMBURU: Okay. About ten pages in,
10		your Honor.
11		THE COURT: All right. So you're looking
12		at the
13		MR. ARAMBURU: 3.2-1.
14		THE COURT: Got it.
15	Q.	(By Mr. Aramburu:) Now, does this indicate in
16		general the what's going to happen at the Vacca
17		Farm site?
18	Α.	Well, it doesn't show the vegetation replant
19		there's a lot of detail it doesn't show.
20	Q.	Okay. But this shows that essentially pretty much
21		the entire area to the east of the drainage ditch is
22		going to be excavated for floodplain purposes; is
23		that right?
24	A.	Yes, it does.
25	Q.	Okay. And as I see here on the drawing, 9,589 cubic

AR 024532

yards of material is going to be removed from that area. So that's digging down, what, two or three or four feet?

1 1

2.0

- A. That's digging down more than that at the northwest portion of the site that's currently upland, and digging down one to two feet, in general, or less over the broader central portion of the site. And then on Parcel 92, we aren't doing any excavation.
- Q. Well, I noticed that there appears to be some work outlined here on lot 92.
- A. Yeah. That work would be temporary berm to control runoff and to assure that, if there was a heavy rain that would generate erosion or mobilize soil particles, that it would not run off-site onto the lot 94, which is south of Parcel 92, and that the water would be directed into the sedimentation ponds that would be present on the site during construction.
- Q. And that -- and would that be removed after destruction?
- A. Yes, most likely it would be removed.
- Q. And would that -- would that area -- that would be an area of fill -- fill material brought in?
- A. I suspect it would be fill material brought in.
- Q. And that goes right through FW11, doesn't it?

- 1 A. Yes, it does.
- 2 | Q. And it goes into exhibit -- or into Al?
- 3 A. Yes, it would.
- Q. You discussed concern about Chinook salmon that are
- found downstream in Miller Creek; is that correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- Q. Are there any Chinook salmon located in the vicinity
- 8 of lot 92?
- 9 A. No, there are not.
- 10 Q. And have any -- have any salmonids of any kind been
- identified in this area?
- 12 A. No.
- Q. And would the first salmonids be found downstream of
- 14 160th Street?
- 15 A. Yes, that's correct --
- 16 Q. Okay. And that's --
- 17 A. -- as far as we are aware.
- 18 Q. Okay. And that's pretty much off of our Exhibit 19
- that we have here?
- 20 A. That's correct.
- Q. And is the conclusion of your work that the entire
- 22 development of the third runway and all of the
- filling and work that's necessary there is not going
- to have an adverse impact on Chinook salmon?
- 25 A. That's the conclusion of our work. And that

1		conclusion is also based on very extensive water
2		quality mitigation that occurs during construction,
3		very extensive water quality and storm water control
4		during operation. And it also includes retrofitting
5		portions of the airport right now that do not have
6		standard or acceptable storm water management
7		facilities up to current standards. So there was an
8		extensive amount of mitigation that was required for
9		us to come to that conclusion and to get concurrence
10		from the Federal agencies on that determination.
11	Q.	So the excavation that's shown on Exhibit 53-A at
12		figure 3.2-1, excavation of almost 10,000 cubic yard
13		of material, isn't going to hurt the fish?
14	A.	That's correct; if it's done with identified
15		mitigation to control sedimentation and storm water
16		runoff during construction.
17	Q.	One last question: Are you familiar with the King
18		County Sensitive Areas mapping?
19	A.	Yes, I am.
20	Q.	Does any of what's shown on Exhibit 19 show up on
21		that map?  AR 024534
22	Α.	I have not looked.
23		MR. ARAMBURU: No further questions.

THE COURT: Anything else, Counsel?

MS. JONES: Just one, your Honor.

24

1	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
2	BY MS. JONES:
3	Q. You just testified that you understand that there are
4	no salmonids having been identified in Miller Creek
5	north of 160th Street; is that right?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. Do you know how far 160th Street is from Parcel 92?
8	A. I think it's about half a mile.
9	MS. JONES: No further questions.
10	THE COURT: All right. You may step down,
11	sir.
12	MR. KELLEY: Thank you.
13	THE COURT: I think you pulled one of the
14	maps out of there.
15	MR. KELLEY: I'm afraid to figure which one
16	it came out of.
17	MS. JONES: It's 39.
18	THE COURT: 39, all right. Go ahead and
19	put it back in the notebook by 39 if you could.
2 0	All right. Thank you, Counsel. We're going to
2 1	take our afternoon recess at this time. We'll see
22	you in 15 minutes. Thank you.
2 3	MS. JONES: Thank you, your Honor.
2 4	(Court at recess.)
25	THE COURT: Counsel, I should tell you just