1	THE BEFORE POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD
2	STATE OF WASHINGTONENVIRONMENTAL
	HEARINGS
3	AIRPORT COMMUNITIES COALITION,)
4) Ammollonts
5	Appellants,) ORIGINAL
6	CITIZENSE AGAINST SEA-TAC) EXPANSION,)
7	Intervenor/Appellant,) PCHB No. 01-160
8	vs.
9	DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY and) the PORT OF SEATTLE,)
10	Respondents.)
11	
12	
13	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
	<u>DAY SEVEN</u>
14	
15	March 26, 2002 Lacey, Washington
16	nacey, washington
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19	CINDY L. IDE
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25	
	AR 056164

BE IT REMEMBERED that the above-entitled 1 2 matter came on for hearing before the Pollution Control 3 Hearings Board, Day Seven commencing on the 26th day of March, 2002, and continuing through Day Ten, the 29th 4 day of March, 2002. The hearing was conducted at the 5 Environmental Hearings Office, 4224 Sixth Avenue SE, 6 Rowe Six, Building 2, Lacey, Washington. Sitting as the Washington State Pollution 8 9 Control Hearings Board were KALEEN COTTINGHAM, 10 presiding; ROBERT JENSEN, Board Chair, and BILL LYNCH, 11 Member. 12 APPEARANCES 13 For the Appellant: PETER J. EGLICK KEVIN L. STOCK MICHAEL WITEK 14 Attorneys at Law 15 HELSELL FETTERMAN 1500 Puget Sound Plaza 1325 Fourth Avenue 16 Seattle WA 98111 17 RACHAEL PASCHAL OSBORN Attorney at Law 18 2421 West Mission Avenue Spokane WA 99201 19 20 RICHARD A. POULIN For Intervenor CASE: Attorney at Law 21 SMITH & LOWNEY 2317 East John Street 22 Seattle WA 98112 23 24 AR 056165 25

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1	<u>I N D E X</u>	
2		
3	TESTIMONY	PAGE REFERENCE
4		
5	<u>ERIK STOCKDALE</u> By Mr. Eglick	7-0006 - 7-0031
6	By Mr. Poulin By Ms. Marchioro	7-0031 - 7-0033 7-0034 - 7-0050
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9	KELLY WHITING	
10	By Mr. Young By Mr. Reavis	7-0079 - 7-0105 7-0105 - 7-0109
11	By Ms. Osborn	7-0111 - 7-0140
12	By Mr. Young By Mr. Reavis	7-0140 - 7-0146 7-0146 - 7-0150
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19	By Mr. Pearce By Mr. Eglick Board Questions	7-0182 - 7-0199 7-0199 - 7-0200 7-0201 - 7-0203
20	BOALG QUESCIONS	, 0201 , 0203
21	<u>KEITH SMITH</u> By Mr. Pearce	7-0203 - 7-0217
22	By Mr. Touroc	. 0200 , 021,
23		
24		
25		AR 056167

1		<u>EXHIBITS</u>		
2		<u> </u>		
3	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	IDENTIFIED	ADMITTED
4	1207	JARPA Application	7-0183	
5				
6	2062	Letter to Hart Crowser from Jim Kelley	7-0184	
7	2130	Annual Stormwater Monitoring Report	g 7-0184	
8	0262	U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service	e 7-0190	
9		Biological Opinion		
10	1094	NPDES Permit	7-0206	
11				
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25				AR 056168

1	March 26, 2002
2	Day 7
3	<<< >>>
4	MS. COTTINGHAM: We will go on the record.
5	Mr. Eglick, you were in the middle of
6	cross-examination.
7	MR. EGLICK: Yes. Thank you.
8	
9	ERIK STOCKDALE, having been previously sworn
10	upon oath, testified as follows:
11	
12	EXAMINATION
13	BY MR. EGLICK:
14	Q Mr. Stockdale, could you tell me whether you know,
15	post-project, will there be more or less impervious
16	surface in the Miller Creek drainage area?
17	A Gross imperviousness or net imperviousness?
18	Q Well, why don't you take a look at do you have the
19	stormwater management plan there, Exhibit 1213?
20	A Yes.
21	Q Could you look at page 4-4, table 4-1. That's page
22	4-4, table 4-4.
23	MS. COTTINGHAM: You are going to have to
24	repeat those as soon as we find it.
25	1213. did you say? AR 056169

1 MR. EGLICK: 1213. It's a Port exhibit. It's the comprehensive stormwater management plan. 2 I think it's one of the 3 MS. COTTINGHAM: volumes that we don't have, so that's fine. 4 5 Well, take a look, if you would, at table 4-1 at page 6 4-4 of that exhibit. 7 Do you have it, Mr. Stockdale? Yes. 8 Α 9 Now, can you tell from the columns here -- do you see 10 the column that says, increase in impervious area, and 11 there's a designation for Miller Creek drainage area? 12 Do you see that? 13 Yes. 14 So what does the Port stormwater plan say will be the 15 increase in impervious area for the Miller Creek drainage area? 16 17 I believe that's the number, isn't it, on the 18 right-hand side there in bold? 19 Α 103.7 acres. 20 Now, that is net, isn't it, after all of the 21 things referred to in your testimony about removing 22 residences and so on? Isn't that correct? 23 MS. MARCHIORO: Object. Lack of foundation. AR 056170 24 MS. COTTINGHAM: Sustained. MR. EGLICK: Well, his testimony refers to 25

1		removal of the residences in the Miller Creek drainage
2		area.
3		MS. MARCHIORO: But Ms. Stockdale's testimony
4		does not refer to his review or any review of the SMP
5		with regard to this issue.
6	Q	(By Mr. Eglick) Well, Mr. Stockdale, wasn't your
7		testimony to the effect that there would be a benefit
8		from removal of residences in the Miller Creek drainage
9		area?
10	A	What I stated yesterday, and I quote in my prefiled
11		testimony, is that there will be a decrease of
12		approximately 4.3 acres of imperviousness within the
13		riparian corridor restoration area. And yes, that does
14		result in benefits that accrue to the creek.
15	Q	But at the same time, isn't it correct that there's
16		that decrease of, you said, 4.3 acres from removal of
17		residences?
18		There's a net increase from the project in the
19		Miller Creek drainage area of impervious surface of
20		over a hundred acres, isn't there?
21	A	That's what this table seems to indicate, yes.
22	Q	Could you take a look for a moment and I'm hoping
23		the Board has this one. AR 056171
24		Well, actually, let's start with something easier.
25		Do you have the 401 up there, Exhibit 1? That's the

- 1 September 401.
- 2 A Yes, I do.
- 3 | Q Could you look at page 8 of 33.
- 4 And this is the condition that's been talked about
- 5 before under letter "K."
- 6 A I'm sorry. What page?
- 7 Q Page 8 of 33.
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q It's under letter "K."
- 10 Do you see that condition that has been talked
- about before: Other wetlands with predominately
- mineral soil shall have groundwater within the upper
- ten inches from at least March to mid-April in years of
- 14 | normal rainfall?
- 15 A Yes.
- 16 Q Is there a definition that you know of in the 401 for
- what a year of normal rainfall is?
- 18 A No, I don't believe that there is.
- 19 Q Now, would you agree that March to mid-April,
- 20 especially this year, but I think in general, are
- 21 | wetter months in this part of the country?
- 22 A Wetter than?
- 23 Q Wetter than, for example, July, August and September.
- 24 A Yes. AR 056172
- 25 Q Okay. Would you then take a look, if you would, at

1	Exhibit 1214.
2	MS. COTTINGHAM: We don't have that, just so
3	you know.
4	MR. EGLICK: Really?
5	MS. COTTINGHAM: I guess it's a big one.
6	MS. MARCHIORO: 2014?
7	MR. EGLICK: No, 1214. That's the wetland
8	delineation report.
9	It's really important that the Board have it. It's
10	the Port's wetland delineation report.
11	Can we stop the clock?
12	MR. PEARCE: Yellow volumes.
13	MS. COTTINGHAM: It does not happen to be one
14	that you made copies for us.
15	MR. EGLICK: Can we stop the clock, please?
16	MS. COTTINGHAM: Yes, you may.
17	MR. PEARCE: As we agreed with the ALJ,
18	volumes 16 through 19 are very voluminous, have some
19	voluminous reports.
20	The Board has an original copy of all of those, but
21	I don't think you have three individuals.
22	MS. COTTINGHAM: We will just take notes.
23	MR. EGLICK: Okay. It will take me longer to
24	get through the same question, because you are not
25	going to be able to read it so I'll have to go through

	1
1	it that way. It's a little bit of a handicap, but I'll
2	plow through.
3	MR. PEARCE: Well, how many copies do we have
4	around here?
5	MR. EGLICK: I've got one.
6	MS. COTTINGHAM: Why don't we stop the clock
7	for a second.
8	If we go off the record for a second, would it be
9	helpful if we took a five-minute break and had you make
10	a Xerox copy of the page?
11	MR. EGLICK: Maybe two or three, would that
12	be okay?
13	MS. COTTINGHAM: What's the Board's
14	preference? Do you want to see it?
15	MR. JENSEN: I'd like to see it in any form.
16	MS. COTTINGHAM: Why don't we take a
17	five-minute break and why doesn't somebody go out and
18	tell them I sent you back there to use the Xerox
19	machine.
20	(Recess taken.)
21	MS. COTTINGHAM: Are we ready?
22	MR. EGLICK: I believe so. And I think right
23	in front of you are the excerpts that were copied.
24	Should I go ahead?
25	MS COTTINGHAM: Go shead Itle a reminder

1 however, that when you use exhibits that the ALJ gave 2 you permission to just do the one copy, you need to 3 excerpt. MR. EGLICK: I'm sorry. I didn't realize 4 5 that was the case. I knew it was for the four volumes of things, but not for this, and I apologize for that. 6 7 (By Mr. Eglick) Could you look at page 3-23 of Exhibit 8 1214, which is the wetland delineation report, 9 Mr. Stockdale. Do you see there's a discussion of wetland 37? 10 11 Yes. And can you look over on the second page of that 12 13 description, which is on page 3-24. 14 Do you see there's a paragraph, three lines down, 15 that says, excuse me, 3 paragraphs down there's a line 16 that says, "During the October 1998 site visit, saturation within 12 inches of the soil surface and 17 areas of shallow inundation and flowing water were 18 observed in these wetlands"? 19 20 Flowing water? 21 Yes. 22 Yes. 23 Can you, then, take a look, if you would -- and by the way, I assume you have the page also 3-40. 24

Do you see that? That's a description of Miller

- 1 | Creek riparian wetlands.
- 2 A Yes.
- 3 | Q Then if you look over on 341 at the second full
- 4 paragraph, it's under the discussion of hydrology for
- 5 those wetlands; do you see that?
- 6 A At the top of the page?
- 7 Q Yes.
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q And you would agree, don't you, that the description
- says that there was water saturated to the soil surface
- or within 12 inches of the surface during the September
- 12 and October 1998 site visits?
- Don't you see that?
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q Now, from your understanding of the performance
- 16 standard that we just looked at on page 8 of 33 of
- Exhibit 1, section K, is there anything in that
- 18 performance standard that requires that the conditions
- 19 observed, for example, for these two wetland systems,
- 20 be maintained during the period in which those
- 21 conditions were observed and reported in the wetland
- 22 delineation report?
- 23 A No.
- 24 | Q And you would agree, would you not, that, for example,
- 25 | September and October are typically drier months than

- 1 March and April? 2 Yes. Let's go back to your prefiled testimony, and if we 3 could look again at this table on page 6 of your 4 5 prefiled. That is the in-basin mitigation table. 6 7 Okay. 8 Now, during the break, your counsel was kind enough to 9 share with me some annotations that you had up at the 10 witness podium there, and the annotations indicate, if you look on this line on your table 1 on page 6, do you 11 12 see where it says, remove fill at Lora Lake, under the category of creation/restoration, which gets a 13 14 mitigation credit of 1-to-1? 15 Do you see that? That's correct. 16 Α Now, the annotations that you were using for your 17 testimony indicate, don't they, that the removal of 18 fill at Lora Lake used to be categorized as a buffer 19 enhancement? Isn't that correct? 20 That's correct. 21 And when did you recategorize it into 22
 - A That was changed when the restoration activity at that site changed from strictly a planting to the removal of

creation/restoration?

23

24

1 fill and the restoration of wetland conditions at that 2 location. 3 Well, I guess the question I asked, though, is when did 4 you change that? 5 Well, as I indicated yesterday, the change occurred 6 subsequent to the issuance of 401. 7 Maybe we should look at the table in the Natural 8 Resource Mitigation Plan. 9 MR. EGLICK: That's Exhibit 2014, and that, I 10 thought, was one the Board did have. It's big, but I'm 11 hoping you have it. MR. LYNCH: Could you say the page number, 12 13 please. MR. EGLICK: The table is on page 3-3 that 14 I'd like to refer to now for a moment. 15 It's table 3.1-1 on page 3-3 of Exhibit 2014 to 16 give you all the relevant stats. 17 18 (By Mr. Eglick) Are you there? 19 Yes. 20 Now, if I look at the bottom right of this 21 table, that gives a total, doesn't it, for three different types of wetlands that are impacted by the 22 project in a direct way? 23 Isn't that right? 24 AR 056178

That's correct.

25

Α

1 Q So you've got: Forest, 8.17. Shrub, 2.98 - these are 2 acres - and emergent is 7.22. Is that right? That's correct. 3 4 Now, looking back at your table 6, excuse me, page 6, 5 your table 1, you have some calculations there, don't 6 you, for credits based on mitigation of those 7 individual impacts? 8 Is that right? 9 That's correct. Now, let's, then, look at the same time, if we could, 10 11 at Exhibit 2025, page 16, and that is that exhibit we 12 were looking at yesterday that's called "How Ecology Regulates Wetlands." 13 14 Okay. I have it. 15 And what I'd like to do is do some math here, if we 16 could. 17 MS. COTTINGHAM: Just so you know, 18 Mr. Eglick, we don't have it. 19 MR. JENSEN: Yeah, we do. MS. COTTINGHAM: 2026? 20 21 MR. JENSEN: 2025. 22 MS. COTTINGHAM: Oh, 2025. Sorry. We do have it. 23 MR. EGLICK: Okay. Should I wait a minute? 24 MS. COTTINGHAM: 25 What pages? AR 056179

1 MR. EGLICK: 2025, page 16. It's the 2 recommended ratio kind of matrix or box at the top 3 there. But thank you, because it is no use if we're not 4 all following, so I really appreciate that. 5 6 (By Mr. Eglick) So if you take 8.17 of forested 7 wetlands - that's the impact of forested wetlands - and 8 then you look at the table on page 16 of Exhibit 2025, and you were going to say what the ratio is that this 10 exhibit says should be used for mitigating for creation of forested wetlands. If you are doing creation and 11 12 restoration, the ratio is 3-to-1; right? 13 You have to read what precedes this table in order to be able to use this table. 14 15 I understand that, but let's just look at the box for a 16 minute. It says 3-to-1, doesn't it? 17 And I will get to what it says before and after in a moment, but it says 3-to-1, doesn't it? 18 19 Α That's correct. 20 Just so I understand the calculation, if you were saying, if we were doing creation and restoration to 21 mitigate for impacts to 8-plus acres of forested 22 23 wetlands, then you need 24 acres of mitigation area, is 24 that correct, per this table? AR 056180

That's correct.

- 1 Q Now, by the same token, for shrub wetlands, as they are
- 2 called, and if you have, let's say, 2.98, which is the
- 3 | figure shown on page 3-3 of the NRMP, then for creation
- 4 and restoration, would you multiply that 2.98 by two;
- 5 is that correct?
- 6 A That's correct.
- 7 | Q And you would get a little bit shy of six acres; is
- 8 | that right?
- 9 A That's correct.
- 10 Q Then if you have emergent, 7.22 acres, per page 3-3 of
- 11 the NRMP, and you were doing creation and restoration,
- as your mitigation, you would have to multiply the 7.22
- by two; is that correct?
- 14 A That's correct.
- 15 Q Now, by the same token, if for any of these categories
- 16 of impacted wetlands you were doing your mitigation by
- enhancement, then, for example, for forested, if you
- were going to do enhancement for mitigation for a
- 19 forested wetland, you would have to multiply eight by
- 20 six and get 48 acres of mitigation area would be
- 21 | required; isn't that correct?
- 22 A That's correct.
- 23 | Q Then I would like you -- and I'm sure your counsel will
- 24 want you to read portions as well, but I would like you
- 25 to read the sentence, the two sentences that follow to

yourself, and then I have a question about them. 1 2 Or, actually, the sentence that follows the table on page 16 of Exhibit 2025 that says, it starts, good 3 hydrologic information. Do you see that? 4 5 Yes. 6 On the proposed mitigation site is necessary to establish a likelihood of success. 7 Now, do you agree with that? 8 9 Α Yes. Let me ask you a question. We were talking yesterday 10 about the functional assessment. 11 I'm sorry. I did want to ask you one other 12 13 Is there a ratio suggested in this "How 14 Ecology Regulates Wetlands" publication -- this is on the Web, isn't it, so anyone can look at it? 15 It is. 16 Is there a ratio suggested in this publication for the 17 18 buffer enhancement? No, I don't think there is. 19 I did want to ask you about the functional assessment, 20 21 and I'm sorry if I had forgotten to ask that. You haven't performed your own independent 22 functional assessment, have you, at the wetlands at the 23 airport site? 24 AR 056182 25 No. Α

And would you agree that in determining whether or not 1 0 2 mitigation has been successful that it is important to be able to functionally assess the mitigation areas 3 using the same assessment method that was used for the 4 5 preconstruction functional assessment? 6 Α Yes. 7 Do you have somewhere in the file, in Ecology's file, 8 not a narrative description of what was found by the Parametrix functional assessment, a document that 10 actually describes, in a replicable way, the functional assessment method that Parametrix used? 11 12 I'm sorry. I lost you. 13 And I apologize for that, and I'm mindful the Chair has 14 said to keep it simple, so I quess I'm backsliding, so 15 let me try again. 16 You know what replicable means. It means it can be 17 reproduced. You can recreate it. Right? 18 Yes. 19 And you've said that you looked at Parametrix's 20 narrative descriptions of what they found on their 21 functional assessments; is that right? 22 That's correct. 23 But what I'm asking you about is something different. What I'm asking is, can you point us to where there 24 25 is, maybe you call it a protocol, something that

- 1 actually describes in a form that someone else could
- 2 follow and recreate, how Parametrix conducted its
- 3 functional assessment.
- 4 A Separate from what is contained in the function
- 5 assessment report?
- 6 Q That's right.
- 7 A No, there isn't.
- 8 Q And in the functional assessment report, can you point
- 9 us to a page that gives us a description, if we're a
- 10 | wetland scientist that just came into the room, of what
- exactly was the protocol for functional assessment that
- 12 Parametrix used?
- 13 A Well, the methods are described in this report.
- 14 Q And there are references to a combination of general
- 15 | methods; is that correct?
- 16 A That's correct.
- 17 Q Does that description, can you point us to a place
- where that reference to a combination of general
- 19 methods says what was taken from one and what was taken
- 20 from another?
- 21 You are looking at Exhibit 2018?
- 22 A Yes.
- It probably would take me some time to get through
- 24 this rather large document.
- 25 Q Well, I understand. But most of the documents are

1 appendices. 2 Is there someplace in the section that describes what was performed that you can point us to? 3 What was performed? 4 5 What was performed in the course of the functional 6 assessment. Is there a protocol that you can point us 7 to? I assume this isn't the first time you've seen this 8 exhibit. 9 No, it's not the first time. 10 11 You are very familiar with it? 12 Well, I haven't looked at it with trying to answer your question, so I'm trying to... 13 14 Offhand, I can't answer your question. 15 imagine -- I would direct you to ask that question of a 16 person who prepared the report. 17 So for your purposes, being familiar with the document, 18 you can't point us, right now anyway, to something that provides a protocol, a road map for how the functional 19 20 assessment was performed; is that correct? That's correct. Not right now. 21 22 I just want to ask you a question about RCW 90.74, which is something that you referred to in your 23 AR 056185 24 prefiled testimony.

And I guess the question I wanted to ask you is,

1 you describe how 90.74 applies here, but I want to ask 2 you kind of a simple bottom-line question, if I might. 3 Is isn't it true that if a project doesn't meet water quality standards, including with regard to wetlands, it can't be certified regardless of whether 5 6 the project's mitigation complies with RCW 90.74? 7 MR. PEARCE: Objection. Vague and calls for a conclusion. 8 9 Restate your question. MS. COTTINGHAM: 10 MR. EGLICK: Okay. As far as the legal 11 conclusion goes, he talks about the law in his testimony, but I will. 12 (By Mr. Eglick) Mr. Stockdale, you are aware that 401 13 certification under the Federal Clean Water Act depends 14 15 on compliance with water quality standards and the 16 clean water laws; correct? 17 That's correct. And my question is, is there anything about 90.74, 18 19 which you've testified about extensively in your 20 prefiled, that allows, in your understanding, the State to certify under 401, even if water quality standards 21 22 are not met? 23 Α No. You also testified, didn't you, about retrofit for the 24

stormwater water quality concerns and the provision in

1		the 401 for retrofit?
2		Do you recall that testimony?
3	A	Yes, I did.
4	Q	And this is the same question I think I asked you at
5		your deposition, because I think you made this same
6		argument there, but are you aware that in the 401, the
7		retrofit condition contains a provision that says the
8		Port cannot go with the retrofit required if it can
9		show it's not feasible?
10		MR. PEARCE: Objection. Lack of foundation.
11		MR. EGLICK: Well, he testified extensively
12		about the 401 and retrofit condition.
13		MS. COTTINGHAM: Why don't you lay a
14		foundation.
15	Q	(By Mr. Eglick) Mr. Stockdale, have you reviewed the
16		401 conditions for retrofit that you are referring to
17		in your prefiled testimony?
18		MS. MARCHIORO: Can you point to the
19		condition, please.
20		MR. EGLICK: I'm sorry. I thought he was
21		familiar with it. Page 26 of Exhibit 1, and it's
22		subsection (c) on that page, and I apologize for that.
23		I guess I should have for the Board as well, so thank
24		you. AR 056187
	ı	

So it's Exhibit 1, page 26, subsection (c).

1 (By Mr. Eglick) Now, when I talked with you in your 2 deposition, I asked you the same question, but are you 3 aware that the retrofit condition is contingent on the Port not objecting and say this isn't feasible? 4 Actually, that's not true. 5 6 Why don't you take a look at subsection (c), and 7 can you read to me the second sentence. 8 "For every 10 percent of new impervious surface added 9 at the project site, the Port must demonstrate that 20 percent of retrofitting has occurred unless 10 demonstrated that a 20 percent rate isn't feasible." 11 12 And could you read the last sentence as well, please. 13 "Where the project schedule in the stormwater 14 management plan, including table A-3 conflicts with 15 this condition, the Port and Ecology shall discuss an 16 appropriate retrofit schedule." 17 Thank you. Okay. 18 I think I am done, but I would like to check my 19 notes here. Juggling all these books, some things may 20 have gotten lost. Oh, I did want to ask you, you were talking 21 yesterday about the WFAM method, W-F-A-M, and that's a 22 23 functional assessment method? AR 056188 24 Right.

There's a form that goes with that, isn't there?

- 1 A Yes.
- 2 | Q And how many pages is the form?
- 3 A It's five or six pages.
- 4 | Q And it's a prescribed form that you fill out as you are
- 5 doing the functional assessment on a wetland; is that
- 6 right?
- 7 A That's correct.
- 8 | Q Do you know what form Parametrix used for its
- 9 | functional assessments at the airport site?
- 10 A No.
- 11 | Q I believe you testified yesterday that the Miller Creek
- watershed was depressed by chronic human activity, and
- 13 I assume you weren't referring emotionally. You mean
- in some ecological sense; is that right?
- 15 A That's correct.
- 16 Q Okay. So I guess the question I had for you is, can
- 17 you point to someplace in the documents that the Port
- prepared where they provided baseline studies of the
- 19 pre-project condition of the Miller Creek watershed,
- 20 ecologically?
- MR. PEARCE: I guess I'll object to the
- 22 foundation, because I'm not sure what documents he's
- 23 referring to or what Mr. Stockdale knew.
- 24 | MR. EGLICK: I would be happy if he referred
- to any, but let me ask another question. AR 056189

- Would one indication of a chronic depression due to

 human activity be a depressed population of a certain

 kind of fish for example over what you would expect
- kind of fish, for example, over what you would expect
- 4 to find?
- 5 A Yes.
- 6 Q Is there a census, a baseline census giving population 7 and species of fish for Miller Creek, that you know of?
- 8 A No, not that I know of.
- 9 Q Now, at another point you -- and this is actually, I
 10 think, in your prefiled. I'm not sure you mentioned it
 11 today, but I think you did talk about something about a
 12 study that had been done on the sale of fertilizer and
 13 pesticides in King County. Do you recall that?
 - It's, for example, on page 16 of your prefiled,
 lines 11 and 12, and you are talking about residential
 lawn care typically requires the use of pesticides and
 fertilizers on lawns.
- 18 Do you see that?
- 19 A Which paragraph are you at?
- 20 Q It's page 16 of your prefiled, lines 11 and 12,
- 21 paragraph 31.
- 22 A Yes.

14

15

16

- 23 Q Okay. Now, first of all, I was interested in that word
- requires, because -- I guess I shouldn't testify here,
- but I don't use that stuff.

1 Is there some legal requirement --2 MR. PEARCE: Objection. Counsel's right, he 3 shouldn't testify. Is there some legal requirement that those materials be 4 5 used? 6 Α No. 7 And I guess more to the point, this study that you drop 8 a footnote to didn't actually detect pesticides and 9 fertilizers in Miller Creek attributable to the buyout area, did it? 10 11 The report, the USGS report, that's available on the Web, and it's Exhibit 2189, if the Board wishes to look 12 13 at it, did look at Miller Creek, Miller and Des Moines Creek. 14 15 In general; is that correct? 16 In general. And there is no quantification in that study, was 17 there, that the buyout area we're talking about here 18 was a net major contributor to any kind of pollution in 19 20 Miller Creek, was there? They did not specifically identify the buyout area 21 22 as being the only source. And, in fact, the substances, to the extent they were 23 detected, could have come from a wide range of areas; 24 AR 056191 25 isn't that correct?

- 1 A Including the Vacca Farm.
- 2 Q I'll grant you that, but a wide range of areas; is that
- 3 correct?
- 4 A Any areas that are using the substances that are being
- 5 tested for, yes.
- 6 Q And that could include, in fact, areas associated with
- 7 | the airport, couldn't it?
- 8 A The correlation in the report looked at the correlation
- 9 between the sale, the retail sale of pesticides, not
- 10 commercial sales of pesticides, so they were
- correlating sales at home improvement stores and so
- forth that are not sold commercially, but are sold for
- 13 residential application.
- So that was the purpose of the study. It wasn't
- 15 looking for the use of pesticides by people that are
- 16 licensed by the Department of Agriculture to apply
- 17 those chemicals.
- 18 Q Are you talking about a study that concerns detection
- 19 of trace amounts in some amount of these substances in
- 20 Miller Creek?
- 21 A I don't follow your question.
- 22 Q Did the study give results saying that there were trace
- amounts or some amount of pesticides and fertilizers in
- 24 | Miller Creek?

25

They correlated the sale of pesticides in the Miller

AR 056192

and Des Moines Creek area, and they correlated that to 1 actual sample results taken in those basins. 2 And so my question is, - and I appreciate your 3 4 answer, but I'd like you to answer my question - the 5 samples taken didn't distinguish, did they, between 6 contribution from whatever source upstream residential 7 or airport related, did they? 8 MR. PEARCE: I object to the lack of foundation. There's no foundation that any of the 9 10 types of things that we're talking about are used at the airport. 11 MR. EGLICK: I didn't say they did. 12 asking him whether any distinction was made in the 13 If you find a pesticide in the stream in some 14 15 trace amount, is there anything in the study that says, if he knows, this is from the airport or this is from 16 17 Joe's house upstream. MS. COTTINGHAM: I think you can ask him what 18 19 he knows about the study. (By Mr. Eglick) Mr. Stockdale, do you know whether the 20 study made any attempt to identify the source of the 21 pesticides and fertilizers that may have been found? 22 I would have to read the study to be able to answer 23 24 that yes or no. AR 056193 25 So you don't know?

1	A No, not right now.
2	MS. COTTINGHAM: Can I ask a clarification
3	question?
4	MR. EGLICK: Yes, ma'am.
5	MS. COTTINGHAM: You cross-referenced this
6	study, and I heard you say it had an exhibit number.
7	THE WITNESS: 2189
8	MS. COTTINGHAM: Thank you.
9	MS. MARCHIORO: It's a different exhibit
10	number, and I'll find it for you, Mr. Stockdale.
11	THE WITNESS: Did I write down the wrong
12	number?
13	MS. MARCHIORO: You did. I'll find it.
14	THE WITNESS: I apologize.
15	MR. EGLICK: I don't have any other questions
16	right now. Thank you.
17	MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Poulin, do you have any
18	questions?
19	MR. POULIN: Yes, I do.
20	MS. MARCHIORO: It is 1289. I apologize, I
21	transposed the first two numbers.
22	
23	EXAMINATION
24	BY MR. POULIN:
25	Q Hi, Mr. Stockdale. Rick Poulin for CASE.

1 You submitted prefiled testimony in this matter, 2 did you not? 3 I did. 4 And you attached six photos of the Vacca Farm as 5 attachment B to your prefiled testimony? Yes, I did. 6 Α 7 Those photos were taken in 1997 and 1998; isn't that 8 right? 9 That's correct. 10 The photos do not accurately represent current 11 conditions at Vacca Farm, do they? 12 MR. PEARCE: Objection. Vague. 13 MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to allow the 14 question. 15 The Vacca Farm hasn't been tilled in the last year, as 16 far as I know, and so the conditions, if you were to go out today, I don't believe, would match what we see in 17 18 those photos. 19 Now, you were just discussing residual herbicides and 20 pesticides in creeks downstream of SeaTac; is that right? 21 22 The Miller and Walker Creek, yes. And you reference the U.S. geological survey study from 23 24 1999 in that footnote 39, on page 16 of your testimony 25 that we were just looking at? AR 056195

Α Yes. 1 That's Exhibit 2189? 2 I believe so, yes. 3 Are you aware that study acknowledges that many 4 pesticides found in urban streams might be the result 5 of nonresidential applications? 6 7 And what line are you referring to in the exhibit? That's the first page, third column in bold print, 8 towards the lower right corner of the page. 9 That is what it says. 10 11 Are you familiar with the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan in operation at SeaTac Airport? 12 13 No, I'm not. So you are not aware that the Port uses fertilizers, 14 15 herbicides and pesticides in its landscape management activities? 16 MR. PEARCE: Asked and answered. Also 17 counsel is testifying for the witness. 18 MR. POULIN: It's a different question. 19 MS. COTTINGHAM: Why don't you restate your 20 question. 21 (By Mr. Poulin) Are you not aware that the Port of 22 Seattle uses fertilizers, pesticides and herbicides in 23 its landscape management activities? 24 AR 056196

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Α

I have no knowledge about that.

1 MR. POULIN: Thank you. No further questions. 2 3 MS. COTTINGHAM: Any redirect? 4 MS. MARCHIORO: Yes. Thank you 5 6 EXAMINATION BY MS. MARCHIORO: 7 8 Mr. Stockdale, do you recall yesterday being asked with respect to bird strike monitoring? 9 Yes. 10 And why did you not require bird strike monitoring 11 prior to the issuance of the 401 certification? 12 13 The reference to the bird strike monitoring was written at a point in time before we had extensive discussions 14 with the Port and the FAA and the wildlife hazard 15 16 management staff at the U.S. Department of Agriculture that provide that service at the airport. 17 18 And during those discussions, I learned a great deal about what that group does to manage wildlife 19 20 hazards at airports, and one of the things that I learned was that in their monitoring of hazards in and 21 around airports, they are not as concerned about the 22 23 actual use of areas by wildlife that are considered hazards. They are not just waterfowl. They can 24

include mammals that can cross the runway and can

interfere with aircraft operations, but they look at the actual use of the airfield and the airspace within a certain distance of the airport.

And so after learning more about what that group does and how they rate the hazard, the issue that I wrote in that e-mail, basically, went away. Instead, the Natural Resource Mitigation Plan contains a chapter on -- and I will find it. The wildlife hazard management plan starts on page 4-45 of the Natural Resource Mitigation Plan, and it discusses the concern and the application of the FAA's regulations, but then it also lays out a process by which the Department of Agriculture can and can't affect the mitigation areas in their management activities.

So there's a step process. On page 4-46, for example, there is a list of minor vegetation management activities that can be done without consultation with Ecology and the Corps of Engineers, and on the following page, there's a list of potentially significant management activities that are prohibited without consultation from the agencies.

So once we agreed to the language that's contained here, as well as the language that is contained in the wildlife hazard management plan, I was satisfied with the level of concern that I had previously identified

1 with respect to wildlife hazard management activities and how they would potentially affect the functions at 2 the mitigation sites. 3 4 Do you recall the discussion with respect to in-basin 5 mitigation? 6 Α Yes. 7 And why did you not require more in-basin mitigation from the Port? 9 There was discussion yesterday about whether or not the 10 wetland -- the in-basin wetland mitigation opportunity 11 that I had identified was at this wetlands right here. 12 The area that I had thought that there would be opportunity was this area, basically the backyards of 13 14 these homes on Des Moines Memorial Boulevard. 15 That opportunity, I answered, hasn't been pursued because it's still available. But the question, as I 16 17 answered yesterday, is whether or not additional 18 mitigation is necessary, and as I had stated in 19 discussing how we evaluated the adequacy of the Natural Resource Mitigation Plan, I determined that the 20 21 in-basin mitigation package does adequately mitigate 22 for the impacts from a project, and, therefore, additional mitigation is not necessary. 23 24 Must there be a component of wetland creation in the

mitigation plan for it to be acceptable by Ecology?

1	A	No. Mitigation creation is one of four types of
2		mitigation that can be done to provide mitigation to
3		offset impacts to wetlands. And in some cases, it's
4		clearly ill-advised or would not result in the
5		replication or it would not provide the functions that
6		are desirable, so in and of itself, it's not the only
7		form of mitigation that is required to achieve that
8		goal.
9	Q	Now, I'll have you look at table 1 on page 6 of your

Q Now, I'll have you look at table 1 on page 6 of your prefiled testimony, please.

You were asked a question with respect to the Vacca Farm restoration and credit given there. Do you recall those questions?

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- Q And why did you provide for a 2-to-1 credit ratio for the Vacca Farm restoration?
- A The activities of Vacca Farm are split into restoration and enhancement, depending on where they take place.

The restoration credit was given in the fields at the Vacca Farm that are tilled and were in active agricultural use at the time that the application was made. In those areas, the wetland functions are significantly depressed, and because the mitigation activity that is taking place there will result in raising the level of functions there at such a high

degree, that ratio that was given is a better ratio.

It doesn't require as much mitigation in terms of
mitigation credit to offset the impacts as the
enhancement that is proposed in the Vacca Farm in
wetland A, I forget, A-1, I believe it is, the green
area that extends from the southern boundary of Lora
Lake along to the other ditch.

So depending on the lift in wetland function that results in the different areas at that location is what dictated the ratio that was given for that activity

And do you recall the questions you received or were asked with respect to Lora Lake?

A Yes.

And why did you provide credit of 4-to-1 for the three acres of Lora Lake under the enhancement category?

The 5.7 acres of the Vacca Farm enhancement, at line 14 of my prefiled, includes three acres of the open water

of my prefiled, includes three acres of the open water portion of Lora Lake, and the reason that I granted a credit for that at a ratio of 4-to-1, discounted at a ratio of 4-to-1, is because the activities that are proposed around that lake, which include the removal of the bulkhead and removal of an acre of fill, as well as the removal of the 12 homes around the lake and the re-establishment of a buffer around the lake, is going to result in benefits that accrue to the lake. The

benefits don't end at the edge of the lake itself.

Those benefits will particularly benefit the wildlife species that will start using that site upon mitigation.

Now, it is true that nothing is being done to the lake, but when the bulkhead is removed and the fill is removed, the lake will once again become integrally connected to the wetland that's being restored along the edge of the lake.

I think the best way to describe the logic behind that would be to consider Lora Lake and fast-forward to 20 years from now after the restoration occurs, so you are looking at, on this graph, look at the top where the light green is the restored wetland and the dark green around it is the buffer and then to the south is the Vacca Farm restoration and enhancement.

And you start with that condition, and then you consider an application that comes in for a permit for 12 homes to be built along the north and the west shore of the lake, similar to what you see in the photo to the right, and for the fill along the shoreline of the lake, bulkheading of the lake and removal of the buffer that surrounds the lake, and you would have to conclude that impacts would accrue to the lake itself in addition to the direct impacts that result from those

activities.

And because impacts would accrue to the lake, we would have to consider those as an impact. Logic would hold that the restoration that is proposed in that location, because benefits accrue to the lake, that some form of credit should be given. And in this case I granted an enhancement credit at the discounted rate of 4-to-1.

Now, you were asked some questions with regard to Ecology's guidance document, Exhibit 2025, and the table that's at the top of that page.

How are those ratios actually applied?

Well, as the first paragraph below that table on page 16 reads, it reads, "These ratios are general guidelines that are adjusted up or down based on the likelihood of success of the proposed mitigation and the expected length of time it will take to reach maturity."

So these ratios are not what you end up with in a project. It's what you start with, and you start with these ratios at step 1 in our mitigation evaluation process, as I described yesterday. After a delineation is done, we use these ratios to provide an applicant with some understanding of what the mitigation ratios may be that Ecology will require, but we adjust these

AR 056203

ERIK STOCKDALE/By Ms. Marchioro

ratios up or down depending on the impacts that are going to occur and the quality of the mitigation that is being proposed by the applicant.

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So you don't apply these ratios out of the box the way that they are here. We adjust them individually on a case-by-case basis, depending on what the proposal is and what the impacts are.

- Now, you were asked a question with respect to the removal of fill at Lora Lake and your handwritten note. Would you explain why you indicated that the removal of fill adjacent to Lora Lake used to be a buffer enhancement?
- Well, at the time that we certified the project -yesterday I indicated a couple of changes that had been made to the NRMP subsequent to issuance of the 401, and one of the changes was the removal of the fill along the shoreline of the lake. That's the light green polygon that is to the north and to the west of Lora Lake.

Previously, that fill was not being proposed for removal. It was proposed to be planted in a riparian buffer, but the proposal that we were looking at at the time did not include the removal of that fill, and so now that removal is resulting in wetland restoration. AR 056204 It falls under that column.

And you were asked yesterday with respect to the 1 inclusion of the 2.05 acres of temporary impacts into 2 3 the 19.29 acres of impacts under table 1. 4 recall those questions? 5 Α Yes. 6 And why was the 2.05 acres of temporary impact not included in this 19.29 acres of permanent impacts? 7 MR. EGLICK: Objection. Asked and answered. 8 9 MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to overrule it. Yesterday I stated that we treated that temporary 10 11 impact differently because it is a different type of 12 It is a temporary impact that is lasting 13 longer than a year. The impacts are -- one of the 14 stormwater construction phase stormwater ponds, if I 15 could take a second and show you a photo so you have a visual. There's another photo. 16 MR. PEARCE: A photo of the airport? 17 18 MS. COTTINGHAM: Is it attached to your 19 prefile testimony? THE WITNESS: I believe it is. 20 It's Wetland 21 37. (By Ms. Marchioro) Well, why don't you just describe 22 23 it, and we'll try to find it. 24 In any case, the temporary construction phase pond that is being located in that area will be removed in a 25

couple of years, and when that pond is removed, that 1 2 area is going to be restored. So how you account for that temporary impact is different than accounting for 3 4 permanent impacts. 5 Now, yesterday, we looked at the language in the 401 where I used the term that we were considering it 6 permanent, and I stated that perhaps that probably was not the correct term to use, that I should have been 8 more precise, but in terms of how you account for that, 9 if you count it -- we're not counting that 2.05 acres 10 on the restoration side of the equation, nor are we 11 counting it on the permanent impact side of the 12 equation, so it really is a wash. 13 We've accounted for it in a way that's consistent 14 with other projects, and it is accurately accounted 15 for. 16 Now, what is your understanding of the Port's 17 18 obligation to retrofit the stormwater facilities at the 19 airport? Subsequent to my deposition, I spoke to Ann Kenny and 20 to Gordon White about this, and while it's true that 21 the condition in the 401 --22 MR. EGLICK: Object. Hearsay. No 23 AR 056206

MS. COTTINGHAM: Do you want to lay a

foundation.

24

1 foundation? (By Ms. Marchioro) Mr. Stockdale, are you familiar with 2 the 401 certification? 3 4 Α Yes. 5 And did you have a hand in writing conditions in the 401 certification? 6 7 Yes. Α Are you familiar with the requirement of the 401 8 9 certification to retrofit the stormwater facilities at the Port's airport facility? 10 11 Yes. Α 12 And were you asked questions with respect to that condition in your deposition? 13 14 Yes, I was. And were you asked questions today with respect to that 15 condition? 16 17 Yes. And did you have statements in your direct testimony 18 that related to the retrofit condition? 19 20 Yes. Α So what is your understanding of the Port's obligation? 21 MR. EGLICK: Object. He certainly did 22 address it in his direct testimony, and I think the 23 cross-examination maybe brought out some issues with 24

I think the foundation would be

regard to that.

whether he drafted it or, excuse me, and what he meant when he drafted it or what he understands it to mean as a drafter familiar with it.

If this is a long way around the block to have him testify as to what Gordon White and Ann Kenny gave him to understand that it means, Ms. Kenny has been here.

Mr. White is coming, I think, today, and it's not appropriate to bring it in through this witness, because then I have to cross-examine him about the understanding he said he gained after his deposition from two other people at Ecology. It gets a little attenuating, so I don't think the foundation has been laid.

MS. MARCHIORO: Well, there have been numerous questions of witnesses who didn't write specific conditions in the 401 as to their understanding of those particular provisions. I think it is appropriate for Mr. Stockdale to be able to address a condition that he has an understanding of that also related to his testimony with respect to wetland mitigation.

MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to allow his understanding. Let's avoid bringing in hearsay of people who are going to or who have already testified.

MS. MARCHIORO: I appreciate that. Thank

1 you. 2 (By Ms. Marchioro) Mr. Stockdale, what is your understanding of that obligation? 3 MS. EGLICK: Well, then can I ask that she 5 lay a foundation as to what his understanding is based on, because if it is based on, as I suspect it is, Ms. Kenny and Mr. White, then I'll have the same hearsay objection. 8 He didn't have an understanding, as he has 9 acknowledged, at the time of his deposition, which was 10 in January and the 401 had been out for many months 11 since then, so can we at least have the foundation laid 12 as to whether his understanding is based on some 13 independent review or a conversation with these two 14 folks that he's already mentioned? 15 16 MS. COTTINGHAM: Can you do that. 17 (By Ms. Marchioro) Mr. Stockdale, did you have opportunity to read that condition following your 18 deposition? 19 20 Yes. And did you form a conclusion with respect to that 21 particular provision independently after reading it, 22 following your deposition? 23 24 I also spoke to Ann Kenny about the condition, so I can't separate my independent conclusion from what 25

25		my chance. AR 056210
24		opportunity to address it with Mr. Stockdale, this is
23		midday yesterday, and so in order for me to have an
22		And we did not receive that information until
21		appropriate that Mr. Stockdale be able to address that.
20		that ACC is asking the Board to read. It's only
19		in time have been designated as pages that they want,
18		deposition that relate to the questioning at that point
17		MS. MARCHIORO: In addition, the pages in his
16		record.
15		asked him to read portions of that condition into the
14		Mr. Eglick asked him about the retrofit on direct and
13		MR. PEARCE: I'll object, Your Honor.
12		testimony indirectly.
11		deposition and is really, I think, bringing in new
10		something that goes beyond his direct, beyond his
9		Mr. Stockdale on this, because it really does relate to
8		to have some additional time to cross-examine
7		question as leading, but we would like the opportunity
6		MR. EGLICK: I was going to object to the
5		MS. COTTINGHAM: I'll allow the testimony.
4	A	Yes.
3		confirm your understanding of the condition?
2	Q	Was your conversation with Ms. Kenny in an attempt to
1		I learned from talking to Ann Kenny.

MR. EGLICK: Well, the depositions have been designated and we have raised that before yesterday.

He raised the retrofit condition in his direct, so I asked him questions about it, and I believe in my questions I referred to the fact that we had talked about it in his deposition.

What I'm objecting to is that what we're having

What I'm objecting to is that what we're having here is importing in an interpretation from Ann Kenny, who is gone, and apparently isn't being brought back, so we're not going to be able to cross-examine her, and from Gordon White who is coming later, and that's something I haven't had a chance to examine him on, and he never said anything about it in his prefiled or in any other testimony that this is how he formed his conclusion, and he can't separate them.

MS. COTTINGHAM: I will note your objection.

I am not inclined to allow sir cross, I guess would be the right term of art, so proceed with your questioning.

- Q (By Ms. Marchioro) Mr. Stockdale, do you recall the question?
- 22 A Can you repeat it.
- 23 | Q I will.

What is your understanding of the Port's obligation to retrofit its stormwater facilities at the airport?

A My understanding is that the condition allows for the rate of retrofit at the airport to be adjusted based on operational constraints during the construction of the project, and in no certain terms does this condition allow the Port to get out of the obligation to retrofit the entire facility.

So it's the rate of the retrofit, not the retrofit

So it's the rate of the retrofit, not the retrofit itself that is what is being provided for in this condition.

- Mr. Stockdale, what percentage of the functional assessment, wetland functional assessment that you have reviewed have been performed with a peer-reviewed functional assessment method?
 - The function assessment that was done by the Port was done in a process under review by myself and wetland technical staff at the Corps of Engineers, and so that is a form of peer review because we have reviewed it, and I will speak for Ecology we have accepted the method as valid and accurate, and so I would say that this report has gone through a level of peer review, so all of it has gone through a level of peer review to my satisfaction.
- Q Does a form have to be filled out when you are doing a functional assessment to make a functional assessment method appropriate?

 AR 056212

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The form is a field sheet that is applied in the field
   Α
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         to facilitate the application of any type of a method,
2
         be it a rating system or a functional assessment, but
3
         it's not -- it's a way to collect the data, but it's
4
         not quantitative.
 5
                   MS. MARCHIORO: That's all I have.
 6
                   MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Pearce.
 7
 8
                            EXAMINATION
 9
   BY MR. PEARCE:
10
11
         Good morning, Mr. Stockdale.
             You testified about whether wetland, creation of
12
         new wetlands is always required.
13
             Could you look at page 14 of Exhibit 2025.
14
15
    Α
         Yes.
         What's the title of this section?
16
         The title is "Compensatory Mitigation."
17
         And I think the easiest -- is this an Ecology guidance
18
         document?
19
         Yes, it is.
20
   Α
         Do you see the second paragraph under "Compensatory
21
    0
         Mitigation, " the sentence starting "thus"?
22
23
    Α
         Yes.
                                                        AR 056213
         Could you read that to us, please.
24
         "Thus Ecology emphasizes restoration of former wetlands
25
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1 or enhancement of significantly degraded wetlands as 2 the preferred methods of compensation. With these 3 methods establishing an adequate water regime is 4 usually more certain." 5 Do you agree with that statement? 6 I do. 7 And you testified about the mitigation ratios, I think. I'm not sure exactly how to ask this to you, but does 9 it make a difference when you are applying these or 10 does the condition of the wetland being impacted make a 11 difference when you apply these? 12 Α Yes. So if I could just ask you a brief hypothetical, if a 13 forested wetland, for example, was very pristine and 14 very high functioning, would that make a difference in 15 16 what ratio you actually applied? MR. EGLICK: Objection as to the form of the 17 question. Vague and compound. 18 MS. COTTINGHAM: Can you restate your 19 20 question. 21 (By Mr. Pearce) If a forested wetland was being filled 22 and you were seeking to apply the mitigation ratios in 23 that circumstance, would you tend to require a higher or lower ratio if the wetland was in exceptionally good 24 25 condition that you were filling? AR 056214

The condition of that forested wetland does dictate the 1 Α 2 ratio that we would apply to it. For a wetland to be 3 forested, it needs 30 percent coverage by mature trees, 4 so you can have a forested wetland, as we do in the 5 backyards of many of these homes, that meet the 6 definition of a forested wetland that are highly 7 degraded - they can have lawn, and a lot of these areas 8 are mowed lawns or were mowed lawn until just recently - underneath the wetland trees, so that is 10 definitely one of the application considerations that 11 we make in the field, and that's how we adjust the 12 ratios that are in our quidance document. 13 MR. PEARCE: Those are all my questions. Thank you. 14 15 MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Stockdale, I have a 16 couple questions for you. 17 Before I ask you, I have a question for the 18

Before I ask you, I have a question for the counsel. On this witness and on the previous several witnesses, there was reference to a National Academy of Sciences document, published book. It is not currently in evidence, I believe, although there was another wetland book submitted, and it's kind of a stretch for the Board to take judicial notice of this book.

What is the parties' desires or interest in putting this document forward for our consideration?

AR 056215

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MR. EGLICK: Actually, Ms. Cottingham, I 1 think it is in in the sense that excerpts have been put 2 in with the idea, I think, the Board could, as I 3 understand it, review the whole thing. I think it's 5 actually on the Web. But exhibit excerpts are 2178. It's not the whole 6 7 thing, unfortunately, and I would be happy to buy the Board a couple copies of the whole thing if it would 8 like, since a part of it is -- I think what happened is 9 a part of it got copied, but not the whole thing. 10 MS. MARCHIORO: I think consistent with the 11 ALJ's ruling, we excerpted to keep the Board's record a 12 13 little bit manageable. MS. COTTINGHAM: That's fine. So some of 14 15 that document is already before us? MS. MARCHIORO: I believe the portions of the 16 document that were referred to in our testimony on 17 18 behalf of Ecology's witnesses' testimony were excerpted and included. 19 For example, appendix E, that was discussed 20 21 yesterday with respect to performance standards. MS. COTTINGHAM: That's just a question I 22 had. 23 MR. EGLICK: Some of it is in. 24 I think some AR 056216 of it were questions where I asked questions of 25

Ms. Walter. For example, some was in and some was additional portions that she didn't cite in her testimony, but are part of the book.

So I guess my suggestion is maybe we get the Board a couple copies and put the whole thing in. We can do it in this form so it is not as thick.

MS. COTTINGHAM: Would you have any problems with the entirety being in?

MS. MARCHIORO: No.

MR. PEARCE: Ms. Cottingham, I don't have any problem with this being an exhibit. I would note, however, that many of the experts for all parties have referred to a number of technical documents. Pursuant the expert witness rules, all those documents, those technical documents and studies don't have to come in evidence in order for them to refer to them, but if the Board wants to see any of them, I'm sure the parties can provide you with those.

Q

EXAMINATION

21 BY MS. COTTINGHAM:

My first question to you is -- and maybe because it was yesterday, it may be further for you to reach back and recall your testimony, but you were talking about the best available science that the NRMP was based on, and

then you said the Corps verified something. 1 I didn't catch, what did the Corps verify? 2 3 The Corps of Engineers did the majority, if not essentially all, of the verification of the wetland 4 delineation mark that was done that was carried out 5 over several years. 6 Thank you. I just missed exactly what they verified. 7 Now, I want to make sure that I caught this 8 9 correctly. And this was, again, yesterday, when you were talking about applying the credits, you said the 10 higher the risk - I believe you said this. Correct me 11 if I'm wrong - the higher the risk of success, the 12 higher the requirement for credits, therefore, a 1-to-1 13 ratio for low risk of success and 10-to-1 for high 14 15 risk. Did I capture that? 16 Well, it's the risk of failure that carries a higher 17 discount rate. 18 19 Thank you. And I apologize if I wasn't clear about that. 20 Some of my questions were captured by counsel already. 21 And, again, this is for this morning's testimony, I 22 want to make sure I had captured what you said. 23 You said depending on the lift from depressed 24

functions it determined whether the credit given was

1		for restoration or enhancement. So, then, I was trying
2		to say you were talking about the area, the pink area,
3		the farm, the previously farmed area, and that the
4		tilled farm land was more depressed, thus it received a
5		restoration credit.
6		Did I capture that correctly?
7	A	That's correct.
8	Q	Then you said the south part of Lora Lake and the ditch
9		area was less depressed and therefore it received
10		credit for enhancement; is that correct?
11	A	That's correct.
12	Q	And then my next question is, the buffer is not the
13		buffer right along the riparian area, but it's the
14		outer dark green; is that correct?
15	A	So this dark green is a buffer. That's correct.
16	Q	On the chart, then, what called "buffer enhancement" is
17		that dark green?
18	A	In table 6?
19	Q	Page 6.
20	A	Yes. Yes, it is.
21		MS. COTTINGHAM: No further questions from
22		me.
23		Any questions from the other Board Members?
24		MR. LYNCH: I have a couple questions.
25		

EXAMINATION

つ 1	$\nabla \nabla$	MR	LVNCH	

Α

Q Thank you for your testimony.

I'm trying to understand a little bit better how in-basin and out-of-basin mitigation works. Is it discretionary within the Department of Ecology for use of in-basin mitigation or out-of-basin mitigation?

The RCW 90.74 directs Ecology to consider proposals for out-of-basin mitigation for certain types of projects.

I believe the language is public infrastructure projects, or I believe that's the term in RCW 90.74.

It doesn't say that we have to accept it, but it says that we have to consider it, and not just Ecology, but the Department of Fish and Wildlife.

And if I may, I'm quite familiar with what precipitated that bill to be passed. That bill was aimed more at the Department of Fish and Wildlife, because the Department of Fish and Wildlife at the time had a very rigid position on mitigation. They were requiring on-site in-kind at a ratio of 2-to-1, and that not only conflicted with Ecology's approach, but made it very difficult for applicants to get through the process.

Are there any sidebars on how Ecology uses its discretion for in-basin and out-of-basin mitigation?

Yes. Yesterday I described, in terms of this project -- it might be easier for me to describe how we applied it in this project. But RCW 90.74 does not lower the bar for compliance with state water quality standards.

Α

If we determine that a project that is presented to us is consistent with RCW 90.74 in terms of meeting the -- there's a step process in that statute.

If we determine that it doesn't comply, then I don't see how we can certify it. That was the case with this project. Early on in the process, the majority of the mitigation proposal was out-of-basin only, and I told the Port that was unacceptable, that we needed in-basin mitigation, and it took some time to work through the various issues that we did, but the NRMP is a culmination of a lot of work around that very issue.

So to answer your question, the sidebars are still water quality standards.

I guess my final question, then, pertaining to this is, when you are looking at the in-basin mitigation, do you look at all the potential sites and do some sort of, not necessarily detail analysis, but do you look to see what sort of functions they would provide?

A Yes, and we did. We did look at quite a few sites in

the Des Moines basin. There was a map that was presented of potential mitigation sites in the Des Moines basin, and they were scattered through the basin. They were relatively small. And the Corps of Engineers discounted almost all of them, as far as I recall, because they would not have replaced the functions that were being lost. It would have ended up with sort of a checkerboard mitigation package where a little bit of mitigation could have been squeezed in the landscape here and there, but in positions where hydrology was highly altered due to urbanization.

There was one site where there was no way that a buffer could have been provided without disrupting a whole neighborhood, so a lot of sites were discounted because of their landscape considerations.

So when we looked at what was feasible for in-basin mitigation and we realized the constraints that are present in this basin, that's when the riparian restoration proposal started making a lot of sense, because of its feasibility and sustainability.

MR. LYNCH: Those are all my questions.

MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Jensen?

MR. JENSEN: Yes.

AR 056222

EXAMINATION

	1		
2	BY	MR	JENSEN

- Mr. Stockdale, are you aware of what the historical classification or what type of wetlands the Vacca Farm were pre-farming?
- A There is a survey that was done in the '50s by a professor at the University of Washington called George Rigg, and his lifelong work and his passion was he surveyed peat deposits throughout the state, and he did survey the Vacca Farm area.

His work and his survey was done in the area after peat extraction and sale was occurring in the Lora Lake. Lora Lake is excavation. The reason it was excavated is that peat was sold for topsoil, and that, I believe, he noted in the '50s.

Prior to that, I'm not sure what condition it was in prior to its conversion for agriculture. You probably could look at his survey and the type of peat that was deposited there to predict what plant community was likely there. I don't think it was a true sphagnum bog. I think it was more of a sedge-peat wetland.

But to answer your question directly, I'm not sure, but it was a peat system and it still is.

Has anybody surveyed the quantity of, you call it, peat

1		involved in that historic wetland?
2		I guess that's my question.
3	A	The Port's consultants do have some data as to the
4		depth of peat in various transects through sites, but I
5		don't recall those finding right now.
6	Q	How does peat get formed?
7	Α	How does it? Peat is formed where organic matter is
8		deposited in water and where bacterial decomposition is
9		retarded by low oxygen conditions, and it is deposited
10		in Western Washington at a rate of something like an
11		inch every 40 years. That's what Mr. Rigg determined.
12		You can actually date peat deposits by the depth of
13		the peat.
14	Q	How common are peat marsh or peat wetlands as compared
15		to historic conditions in the state of Washington?
16	A	There are few wetlands that remain, certainly in King
17		County, and especially in the urbanized areas of King
18		County, that are representative of reference
19		conditions, if you will. A lot our peat wetlands have
20		either been excavated or have been developed.
21		The Mercer Slough area in Bellevue is a large peat
22		wetland associated with Lake Washington, the Mercer
23		Slough area. There are others examples like that, but
24		as a feature of the landscape, peat wetlands have been

highly affected by land use, as have forested wetlands.

A lot of our old growth forested wetlands have been 1 cleared.

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- Do you very commonly see any attempts in your review of wetland projects to restore peat wetlands?
- It would be difficult to try to restore a true sphagnum That's a very rare type of wetland. It's very sensitive to stormwater inputs, so that type of a peat system would be very difficult to restore.

I've seen some very successful restoration projects where the soil that is being planted on is peat, because peat is very rich in nutrients, if it's not acidic for the plants to grow in, and also retains water much better than mineral soils, so it's a favorable medium for wetland restoration.

But as far as restoring historic conditions, if it's one of those rare types, it would be very difficult.

- Is the answer, I guess, you haven't seen many efforts in that regard?
- I haven't seen a successful restoration of a true sphagnum bog, but I have seen successful restoration in peat areas where the restoration is to emergent conditions or sedge management.
 - Is the Port proposal, as I understand it, to restore any of the peat nature of this wetland, or is it

something different?

2.2

- A The proposal at the Vacca Farm is to restore the wetland to a plant community that is suitable for that position in the landscape and is the type of plant community that you could expect in that location, so they are not trying to forest a plant community in an area where you wouldn't find it or with species that you wouldn't find.
- But in terms of the nature of the wetland as it was historically formed, is there anything in the Port's proposal to try to restore this wetland to its historic position?
- A No, I'm not -- to be honest, I don't know if the plant community that was there at the time of it being cleared was emergent in nature or if it was a woody scrub/shrub dominated community. We didn't look at that.

What drove the consideration for the plant community there, due to its location near the airfield, was the goal of discouraging its use by waterfowl, which present a noxious bird strike hazard for the airfield, so that ruled out an emergent wetland restoration, which could be carried out there, but that was inconsistent with the other goal that we acknowledged in this process.

AR 056226

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I don't know if I've answered your question
1
         properly.
2
                                Thank you.
                                             That's all I have.
                   MR. JENSEN:
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                   MS. COTTINGHAM: Any questions as a result of
4
5
         Board questions?
                   MS. MARCHIORO: No.
6
                   MR. PEARCE:
                                No.
7
                   MR. EGLICK: Yes.
8
9
                             EXAMINATION
10
   BY MR. EGLICK:
11
         Mr. Stockdale, there are different kinds of peat,
12
13
         right, peat wetlands?
         Yes.
14
   Α
         And when Mr. Jensen asked you about Vacca, you answered
15
         in terms of sphagnum, is that correct, s-p-h-a-g-n-u-m?
16
                        That is one of the types of plants that
17
         That was one.
18
         deposits organic material and forms peat.
         Is there another type?
19
                   There's sedge.
20
         Oh, yes.
         And isn't Vacca characterized as a sedge/peat area?
21
         I believe it's characterized in Rigg as what's called
22
         riffle peat, which to the top layer is probably a sedge
23
         community, but there also are layers of a woody
24
                                                           AR 056227
25
         deposit.
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I would have to look at the cross-section from that 1 Rigg study. 2 But what you recall from it is that at least the top 3 layer is sedge, isn't it? 4 MR. PEARCE: Asked and answered. 5 Yeah, I believe so. 6 You answered some questions about whether the tilled 7 farm land at Vacca was more depressed; do you recall 8 that? I think Ms. Cottingham asked you those questions. 10 11 Yes. And is that evaluation based on a portion of the 12 wetland functional assessment, which I guess is Exhibit 13 2018, is one of them? 14 Anyway, is that based on evaluation of the Vacca 15 Farm area in the wetland functional assessment? 16 I don't follow your question. I'm sorry. 17 Well, let me ask you another question, then. Does the 18 wetland functional assessment address Vacca Farm? 19 Yes, it does. 20 And is it part of, if you look at, for example, on 21 Exhibit 2018, on page 3-5, does that include the 2.2 entirety of Vacca Farm in its rating of wetland 23 function for wetlands that are impacted? 24 AR 056228 25 So page 3-5?

- 1 Q Right, of Exhibit 2018.
- 2 A No. There's more in the function assessment than what
- is just contained in this table.
- 4 Q Okay. I'm asking you about this table, though. Does
- 5 this include the entirety of Vacca Farm in it?
- 6 A No. Because --
- 7 Q And the table goes over to table 3-6.
- 8 A -- the majority of the Vacca Farm is a prior converted
- 9 cropland?
- 10 Q And that makes a difference, doesn't it, to the Army
- 11 Corps of Engineers, because the Army of Corps of
- Engineers doesn't regulate them as wetlands; is that
- 13 right?
- 14 A That's correct.
- 15 | Q But Ecology regulates what the Corps calls prior
- 16 converted cropland? Ecology regulates them as
- 17 | wetlands; doesn't it?
- 18 A Sure.
- 19 Q But in this rating for wetland functions, table 3-3,
- 20 there is not a rating for Vacca Farm?
- MS. MARCHIORO: Object. Asked and answered.
- MS. COTTINGHAM: I'll allow the question.
- 23 A I don't think it was given a wetland number, because
- according to the Corps, it's not a wetland. I don't
- recall how it was handled in the functional assessment.

1	Q	So it's not handled in table 3-3, though, is it?
2	A	I don't think so, no.
3	Q	And I guess I want to ask you, you were asked also
4		about Lora Lake. I think it's funny to talk about
5		these waterbodies and wetlands as depressed and less
6		depressed, but I understand it's a term of art.
7		In any event, you were asked about Lora Lake and
8		whether or not it was less depressed, so if you could,
9		I guess, look at the NRMP, which is Exhibit 2014 and
10		page 2-4, which is table 2.1-1.
11		MS. MARCHIORO: Ms. Cottingham, I believe
12		this goes beyond the scope of your question of
13		Mr. Stockdale. My recollection is your question had to
14		do with the ditch and that portion of the Vacca Farm
15		that's adjacent to the ditch. I don't remember the
16		question going into Lora Lake and its condition.
17		MS. COTTINGHAM: I haven't heard the question
18		yet, but my question was to clarify what he had talked
19		about in terms of the rating on those two areas.
20		MR. EGLICK: Right. And I think in his
21		answer, he kind of went a little bit beyond the
22		question in terms of talking about functionality.
23		Let me ask it and the Board can rule.
24		MS. COTTINGHAM: Tell us what page you are
25		on, again, so I can get there. AR 056230

1		Figure 2.1-4?
2		MR. EGLICK: 2.1-1 on page 2-4.
3	Q	(By Mr. Eglick) You were talking about the Lora Lake
4		area. Now, which area would that be represented by on
5		this table 2.1-1?
6		Would that be A-1?
7	A	No.
8	Q	What would it be?
9	A	Lora Lake is not a vegetated wetland, so it wasn't
10		tabulated in this part of the document.
11	Q	So it's not included in this table of the summary of
12		wetlands; is that right?
13	A	It's not included on this table; that's correct.
14		MR. JENSEN: Can I just ask a question,
15		because I see it on the chart.
16		I see Lora Lake down here under west acquisition
17		area on this chart 3.06 area, open water. That's down
18		near the bottom.
19		THE WITNESS: On page 2-4?
20		MR. JENSEN: Yes.
21		THE WITNESS: Oh, it is there. Thank you.
22		There was somewhere else where it wasn't included in
23		the chart, because it's not a vegetated wetland was the
24		reason that it wasn't included, and I mistakenly
25		assumed that we were looking at that chart.

AR 056231

1	Q	(By Mr. Eglick) Okay. And is Lora Lake, this area,
2		it's designated here as open water, isn't it, not as a
3		type of wetland? Is that correct?
4	A	Wetlands according to the Corps classification system
5		do include open water wetlands where you don't have
6		direct you don't have cattails growing out of them.
7		You can have rooted aquatic plants or floating aquatic
8		plants. They are true aquatic wetlands. They are
9		considered a type of wetland.
10	Q	And what function was assigned to Lora Lake that we
11		could then talk about being depressed or not depressed?
12	A	I don't believe we talked about Lora Lake as being
13		depressed. What I talked about was in terms of
14		determining whether the restoration and enhancement
15		action will result in benefits that accrue to the lake.
16		That was the context in which I discussed the functions
17		in Lora Lake.
18	Q	And I appreciate that clarification, and I apologize if
19		I was unclear.
20		So it's listed as open water. It's not
21		characterized with a function, other than open water.
22		Now, is there someplace in the functional
23		assessment, then, where it's current kind of operation
24		as open water is assessed? AR 056232
25	Z	I would have to look through the functional assessment

1 in order to answer that question. 2 To your knowledge, was that addressed as an issue in 3 the functional assessment? We addressed it in the review of the project, but I Α don't recall where, in which exact area of the 5 6 documents it was discussed in. So is there someplace, or let me ask you another way, 7 8 shouldn't there be a place, if we're describing a 9 depressed state to Lora Lake, some portion of it, and 10 saying that we're going to give it a lift by what 11 occurs along the shoreline, shouldn't there be someplace that provides a baseline as to the current 12 13 functional status of Lora Lake? 14 MS. MARCHIORO: Objection. 15 mischaracterizes the witness's testimony. He just stated that he didn't give it a depressed 16 17 classification. (By Mr. Eglick) If we're trying to assess whether a 18 19 particular action is going to give Lora Lake a lift, 20 shouldn't there be a baseline from which to measure 21 that, Mr. Stockdale? We look at wetlands in the field. We don't have to 22 Α establish baselines to observe conditions that are 23 24 artificial or degraded, so I guess I don't understand. 25 There's a bulkhead on the lake right now.

fill against the edge of that bulkhead. That in and of 1 2 itself does affect the lake. It affects the species that use the lake. It affects the water quality in the 3 lake, so we don't need to establish a baseline to be 4 able to draw that conclusion. 5 And the Port is getting credit, is it not, under your 6 7 calculation, for the removal of the fill and for 8 removal of the bulkhead? That's right. They are getting what translates into a 9 10 .75 acres of mitigation credit. For removal of the fill and removal of the bulkhead; 11 12 correct? 13 Now, what I said, is that the benefits that accrue to the lake, that will accrue to the lake, result from all 14 15 of the actions together, and it also includes the riparian buffer that's being built or being 16 re-established landward of the wetland restoration 17 18 area. 19 Someplace in the calculation where you made a credit 20 for the Port, you have included three acres for the surface open water of Lora Lake as part of that 21 calculation; is that correct? 2.2 23 I indicated that those three acres are included, on line 14 of my prefiled testimony, of that 5.7 acres. 24 And my question is, is there someplace we can look to 25

1	assess what the function was pre-compensatory action so
2	that we can assess what the benefit is of this
3	shoreline removal of fill and bulkhead on the adjacent
4	three acres of open water?
5	A I don't recall where in either the NRMP or the
6	functional assessment that is discussed.
7	MR. EGLICK: Okay. Thank you. I don't think
8	I have anything else.
9	MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Poulin, do you have
10	anything?
11	MR. POULIN: No.
12	MS. COTTINGHAM: You are excused,
13	Mr. Stockdale. Thank you.
14	I'm going to suggest that we take, rather than
15	calling up another witness, that we start our lunch
16	break now and that we come back at 1 o'clock and
17	resume.
18	Is this the last Ecology witness?
19	MS. MARCHIORO: No. We have two witnesses
20	left, Mr. Whiting and Mr. White.
21	MS. COTTINGHAM: Okay. Thank you. We'll be
22	back at 1 o'clock.
23	(Recess taken.)
24	(Beginning of reproduction of lost steno from audio tape.)
25	MS. COTTINGHAM: We're back on the record.

1	MR. PEARCE: Since Dr. Weitkamp was available
2	in the later afternoon, we were hoping we would make
3	more progress, but we always hope we're going to make
4	more progress than we do.
5	MS. COTTINGHAM: That is good news, because
6	the Board is going to have to adjourn today at 4:30.
7	MR. PEARCE: Okay.
8	MS. COTTINGHAM: I don't know how much time
9	you were planning to do Dr. Weitkamp.
10	MR. PEARCE: What we were going to do, with
11	the Board's permission, was to take him out of order
12	and take him after Mr. Fendt, if we get that far.
13	MS. OSBORN: We would prefer not to do that.
14	MS. COTTINGHAM: To move him earlier or move
15	him later?
16	MS. OSBORN: We would prefer not to move
17	Mr. Fendt out of order.
18	MR. PEARCE: But Dr. Weitkamp can be here
19	later in the late afternoon today, so I guess we'll see
20	how far we get.
21	MS. COTTINGHAM: We'll see how far we get.
22	If it is at or around close to the 4:30 time, we will
23	adjourn for the day, and if it is like 3:30 or so,
24	we'll reassess because I don't think we want to lose
25	that much time. AR 056236

1 MR. PEARCE: Thank you, Your Honor. 2 MS. COTTINGHAM: With that, the court 3 reporter will swear in the witness. 4 5 KELLY WHITING, having been first duly sworn upon oath or affirmed to tell the truth, the whole 6 7 truth and nothing but the truth, testified as follows: 8 9 MS. OSBORN: Ms. Cottingham, before we get 10 started with Mr. Whiting, I would just like to ask -- I 11 have spoken with Mr. Young and also Joe Rochelle, who is the King County attorney that's been assisting 12 13 Mr. Whiting in preparing for testimony about this issue of the deadline, the discovery cutoff deadline of 14 February 28th, and this is pretty critical information 15 with respect to Mr. Whiting's testimony, and I was just 16 17 wondering if it would be possible for you to reiterate to Mr. Whiting and to counsel that is the deadline 18 19 beyond which no testimony or information can come in. 20 MS. COTTINGHAM: That's not exactly my My ruling was no plans or documents prepared 21 22 prior to that point in time, but if he forms his 23 opinion after that, if he formed his opinion this AR 056237 morning... 24

MS. OSBORN:

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7-0069

I guess I did not understand

1	your ruling. I'm reading from the order granting
2	Appellant's motion to strike.
3	"Therefore any party is prohibited from relying on
4	information created after February 28th, 2002."
5	MS. COTTINGHAM: Right.
6	MR. YOUNG: May we turn the clock off while
7	we discuss this?
8	MS. COTTINGHAM: You may.
9	MS. OSBORN: So may I understand if
10	Mr. Whiting is
11	MS. COTTINGHAM: "These witnesses may not
12	indicate either in prefiled testimony or in oral
13	testimony what the Port or Ecology has done since
14	February 28 in response to the comments of Mr. Whiting
15	to revise, clarify, explain or modify the low-flow
16	plan."
17	MS. OSBORN: And you are stating that
18	Mr. Whiting could testify about what he has done since
19	February 28th?
20	MS. COTTINGHAM: Well, if he is asked a
21	question this morning, what do you think about "X" and
22	it requires him to think, it is after February 28th.
23	MS. OSBORN: But based on the original
24	discovery order in this case, we were unable to
25	discover what Mr. Whiting thought after February 28th.

That was, in fact, the day that we deposed Mr. Whiting.

MS. COTTINGHAM: Well, this order is related to efforts to revise, clarify, explain or modify the low-flow plan, so if you would clarify exactly how your question fits in with that.

MS. OSBORN: Sure. Mr. Whiting is reviewing the low-flow plan on behalf of Ecology, is the King County employee, - this will come out in his direct testimony - and he prepared review comments that were transmitted to Ecology and the Port in late February. We, then, deposed him and ascertained actually what he knew exactly on February 28th. As it happened, we did it the last day, so it's our understanding from public records received from Ecology that there have been amendments and changes and work done to the low-flow plan since February 28th.

Mr. Whiting may have reviewed that. I don't know, because I haven't had any opportunity to talk to him about it. We relied upon that February 28th date as the date upon which no further information was going to be able to come in. So to the extent that he would testify about the work that has been done on the low-flow plan since February 28th, our request is that he would be not allowed to testify to that information.

MS. COTTINGHAM: Do you have anything to say

in regards to this? I believe it's not a change to my order. She's just asking for a reiteration of it.

MR. YOUNG: No. What my intention was to have Mr. Whiting speak to his comments that were made in February, which was the subject of the deposition, and then I would ask permission to make an offer of proof in regards to what has been done since that time with those comments, so that it's just an offer of proof. If it's been excluded, then it's been excluded. But I wanted to at least get that information on the record.

MS. OSBORN: Our concern about this has to do with discovery. I mean, at some point in time, as your order indicates, you have to stop so that the parties can stop asking each other questions about what's going on and prepare their own witnesses, prepare for cross-examination and so forth. So an offer of proof post-February 28th doesn't make any sense here in view of the fact that we have no ability to respond to it in any way.

MR. REAVIS: If it's an offer of proof, it's not evidence. It's just for the purpose of the appellate record, and I think that's all that Mr. Young is saying.

MR. YOUNG: Yes.

AR 056240

1 MR. REAVIS: So it's not something that needs 2 to be responded to, and so I don't think we are arguing 3 about anything that is really going to be involved in the evidence in this case. 4 5 I guess my only comment would be, I want to make 6 sure that we're sticking to what your order was and 7 it's not things that Mr. Whiting has done. It's only efforts that revise, clarify, explain or modify the Я low-flow plan. 9 10 MS. COTTINGHAM: In response to his earlier 11 comments? MR. REAVIS: Correct. 12 13 MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to allow the offer 14 of proof so long as you bracket it in your oral 15 testimony to say: Your Honor, I'm now going to offer something for the record; it's not evidence. So if you 16 will bracket that. 17 18 MR. YOUNG: That was my intention and yes, I 19 will do that. 20 MS. COTTINGHAM: With that, we will go back 21 on the clock. MS. OSBORN: Ms. Cottingham, just to clarify, 22 can that all be done at one time? 23 24 MS. COTTINGHAM: That's what I'm asking him AR 056241 25 to do.

	!
1	MS. OSBORN: Okay.
2	
3	EXAMINATION
4	BY MR. YOUNG:
5	Q Mr. Whiting, will you state your name and spell your
6	last name, please.
7	A Yes. My name is Kelly Whiting, W-h-i-t-i-n-g.
8	Q And can you briefly summarize your qualifications for
9	the Board, please.
10	A Yes. I'm a professional engineer in the state of
11	Washington, specializing in hydrology and stormwater
12	management. I've been employed in King County.
13	(Off the record.)
14	(End of reproduction from audio tape.)
15	MS. COTTINGHAM: We're going to go back on
16	the record.
17	We had a malfunction with court reporter's machine.
18	She will, using the tape, recreate the last 15 to 20
19	minutes or 10 minutes worth of discussion.
20	The purpose of the discussion was a request by
21	ACC's counsel to clarify the order granting the motion
22	to strike certain prefiled testimony to clarify about
23	what is offered, what is allowed to be testified to by
24	Mr. Whiting.
25	The Board denied the motion, and Ecology will

1 bracket its offer of proof for the appellate record, 2 and it will not be offered for purposes of evidence in 3 this matter. With that, we'll start the direct testimony. Thank 5 you. 6 7 EXAMINATION (Continued.) BY MR. YOUNG: 8 Mr. Whiting, can you state your name and spell your 9 10 last name, please. 11 Yes, I can. Kelly Whiting, W-h-i-t-i-n-g. And please summarize your credentials for the Board 12 13 here. I'm a professional engineer in the state of Washington. 14 15 I'm specializing in hydrology and stormwater 16 management. I'm employed by King County, Department of Natural 17 Resource and Parks as an Engineer 3. I've been 18 19 employed by King County for 12 years doing stormwater 20 management review. I've been a lead technical person 21 on updates and implementation of the King County 22 Surface Water Design Manual. I've been the lead on the development of an 23 HSPF-based continuous flow model that is used to 24

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regulate site development work in unincorporated King

1 County and any other jurisdictions. 2 Our design manual was also used as a guide for updates of the Ecology manual in 2001. 3 4 Just so we're clear, the King County Surface Water 5 Design Manual is a stormwater manual; is that true? 6 It's a stormwater design manual that is applied 7 to new and redevelopment projects. 8 Can you just tell us, then, what your role on this 9 project was, this SeaTac third runway project. 10 I was a technical reviewer. I was first 11 contacted in December of '99, asked to review the first 12 draft of the Port of Seattle's comprehensive stormwater 13 management plan, dated 11 of '99. 14 My role was as an independent kind of third-party reviewer, and that work was performed under contract 1.5 16 with Department of Ecology. 17 And you also reviewed the low-flow plan; is that also 18 correct? 19 The low-flow plan originated in late 2000, and I 20 reviewed a few iterations of that low-flow plan. 21 Now, let's talk first about the stormwater management 22 Can you just briefly summarize how the review 23 process occurred. 24 I reviewed the initial plan, provided feedback

back to the Port of Seattle, Ecology, and the Port's

Yes.

1 consultants, which resulted in some iterations of that 2 Through the year 2000, in October of 2000, we 3 started what was called a facilitated meeting process, 4 and that process continued on through July of 2001, at which time I wrote a letter that indicated that we gave 5 6 our concurrence to the stormwater management plan as 7 meeting or exceeding the requirements of the 1998 King County Surface Water Design Manual. 9 And do you recall the date of that letter? 10 That letter was dated August 3rd. 11 Of what year? 12 Of 2001. 13 Now, you reviewed the stormwater plan for compliance with the technical requirements of the King County 14 Surface Water Design Manual; is that accurate? 15 16 Yes, it is. 17 And as I understand it, you did not review for 18 compliance with some of the procedural aspects of the manual; is that accurate? 19 20 That was clearly stated in my scope that the 21 procedural requirements for our manual did not apply to 22 the Port of Seattle, their procedural requirements like 23 permitting processes by the county, some bonding and financial guarantees that are procedural in nature and 24

related to our King County permitting process.

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- What was your understanding of the reason for not reviewing the procedural requirements of the county?
 - Well, I recall that it was explained to me that the Port of Seattle had an agreement with the city of SeaTac that the Port of Seattle would meet all the technical requirements of the King County manual, but specifically excluded procedural requirements from that manual, and that then got put in, was an amendment to my scope before I began work.
- And can you just briefly tell us a little bit about what some of the technical requirements are and what it means for the plan to be in compliance with those requirements.
- A Yes.

The surface water design manual includes eight core requirements, which apply to all projects subject to review under our manual and five special requirements which are applicable based on where the project is located or what type of land use that project is proposing.

So my review went down through those core and special requirements to determine whether the conceptual stormwater plan was meeting the performance goals and objectives of the King County Surface Water Design Manual. A couple of the core requirements that

I did not review against dealt with, as I mentioned,

financial guarantees and bonding, which are procedural

in nature.

Now, you mentioned that the stormwater management plan exceeded the requirements in the manual in certain respects. Can you explain what those respects are, please.

A Yes, I can.

Starting with flow control or what are often called detention, King County would require what we call a level 1 flow control standard, which is simply a peak matching standard, trying to maintain the conveyance capacity of the downstream drainage system. We apply that to highly urbanized areas such as where this project is located.

The Port of Seattle had already selected to use a higher flow control standard, what we called our level 2 standard, which in addition to controlling peak rates of discharge also controls the duration of discharges, which is more directly related to things like stream bank erosion and is a higher, more protective standard than would have been applied under the current King County design manual.

Additionally, the King County manual does not require that exiting development that is not being

redeveloped be subject to flow control standards.

Basically, you take existing conditions and those become your release rates and you just don't make things worse.

The Port of Seattle's plan includes a significant amount of retrofitting of flow control on all STIA outfalls.

- Q When you say STIA, you mean SeaTac International Airport?
- A Yes, I do, SeaTac International Airport.

And that flow control standard is being taken back to a mostly undeveloped land-cover assumption, back to 75 percent forested land-cover assumption for all the release points into Des Moines, Walker and Miller creeks.

Additionally, we don't require water quality treatment retrofits for existing developed areas that are not being redeveloped, and the Port of Seattle's plan includes a significant amount of water quality treatment retrofits for outfalls that are not currently up to current standards.

- Q Does the retrofit mean they will actually go in and replace facilities? Is that what that means?
- A No, typically not. It means that they will supplement those facilities that compensate for the performance of

older facilities that were not built to the same 1 2 standards. Does that apply to both water quality facilities and 3 flow control, or not? 4 That would apply to both. 5 Yes. 6 Is there an example that you could give us that would 7 be an example of a retrofit that the Port is proposing? 8 Α Sure. The NEPL site, which is the north employee 9 parking lot, includes a detention vault that was built under older standards, and the Port is proposing to 10 11 supplement that, the performance of that vault with a new vault sitting parallel to it to bring the 12 13 performance of that flow control facility up to current 14 standards. 15 In addition, the SDN 1 outfall, which is on the 16 north end of the airport, kind of the northeast 17 corner --18 Now, there's a map that shows the airport, which you 19 can use if it would be helpful to you. First, I was referring to the north employee 20 21 parking lot, that's this area up here, kind of off 22 site, but also drains to Miller Creek.

Then SDN 1 is located in this northeast corner, and that is included with a water quality retrofit. A wet vault is proposed to be put there because there's not

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- currently water quality treatment for that area.
- Now, you mentioned the flow control regime being based on a 75-percent forested standard. Do you know why that standard was chosen?
- The standard, the full standard is 75 percent forest 5 Α 6 cover, 15 percent grass cover and a maximum of 10 percent impervious cover, and that is kind of a lightly 7 developed release rate and land-cover assumptions, and it was chosen before my involvement in the project, but it falls into what is generally considered a stable 10 flow regime for streams, especially streams that have 11 12 experienced a significant amount of urbanization in the 13 past.
 - Q Now, let's talk a little bit about the low-flow plan.

 Can you briefly summarize the history of the review of that plan.
 - Yeah. The first formal low-flow plan was in the, I believe, it's the December 2000 draft of the SMP, and the low-flow plan, and so I reviewed it at that time. It had some significant review comments that needed to be addressed. I then reviewed a plan in July of 2001, and those comments were transmitted to Ecology via a separate August 3rd letter that's entitled low-flow plan. And after that, I was contacted in September of 2001 to review a resubmittal, which addressed the

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- comments made in the July 2001 review comments, in the
- 2 August 3rd letter. Excuse me.
- 3 Q Why don't we look at the August 3rd letter, which are
- 4 Exhibit Nos. 1268 and 1269.
- 5 MS. OSBORN: Excuse me, Tom. I've got the
- 6 numbers, but what are we looking at; the two August 3rd
- 7 letters?
- MR. YOUNG: Yes. 1268 and 1269.
- 9 Q (By Mr. Young) Do you have No. 1268 in front you?
- 10 A Yes, I do.
- 11 Q Is this your letter, then, regarding the stormwater
- 12 plan?
- 13 A Yes, it is, including the attachments.
- 14 Q And in this letter, you state that the plan meets the
- 15 | technical requirements of the 1998 surface water design
- 16 | manual; is that correct?
- 17 A Yes, it does say that.
- 18 | Q Then 1269 is your letter regarding the low-flow plan;
- 19 is that correct?
- 20 A That is correct.
- 21 Q And I think you said that in this letter you had a
- 22 number of comments regarding that plan; is that
- 23 | correct?
- 24 A Yes, they are attached, I believe, as attachment, as
- 25 | enclosure 1.

- 1 Q And then those were included as conditions of the 401; 2 is that your understanding?
- 3 A Yes. This comment letter was used to develop those conditional 401.
- Then you received another version of the low-flow plan in December of 2001; is that correct?
- 7 A That is correct.

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- 8 Q Did that version address the concerns that you raised 9 in this August 3rd letter?
- MR. POULIN: Objection. Leading.
- MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to overrule the objection.
 - A It provided a substantial improvement in the amount of detail and documentation over the July 2001 report. It did not satisfy all of my comments, and it raised a couple new ones.
- 17 Q We'll get to that in just a second, but let me first
 18 ask you a couple questions about calibration.
- 19 Can you tell us what calibration is.
 - A Calibration, in this respect, refers to the HSPF model and the settings of the parameters that are used to define how different soil and land covers respond hydrologically: Does the water go to groundwater?

 Does it stay on the surface? How much evapotranspiration is occurring? Those kind of factors

are basically knobs in the HSPF model that can be turned.

The calibration is done by taking observed stream data and then a model with different, which identifies the different land cover and soil types in each subcatchment and defines the hydraulics like lakes or channel reaches or outfalls within the basin and puts those land covers and soil groups and hydraulics together to form a stream model.

The most commonly used approach in calibration is to start with what are called the regionalized parameter settings. They are a group of settings that were published by the USGS in 1990 and are the most commonly used set of parameters in this region. Often they are used without any specific subbasin calibration, and they are just used straight for typical site design work, kind of a regional average runoff response condition.

But in performing a calibration, we start with those regional average conditions, we compare the results to the observed stream data, and then make adjustments to those HSPF parameters to improve the mass balance and to improve the hydrograph fits to observed data, and that was a process that was undertaken in all three stream basins to develop basin

1 specific calibrations used in this plan.

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In your testimony, you discussed the fact that

calibration is a matter of judgment. Can you explain

what you mean by that.

Yes. There is not a written set of protocols on: This is ABC how to do a calibration. There is, however, sort of an agreed to approach that's most commonly used, which I just described starting with the regional average conditions and adjusting them as is warranted. But there's really no defined point where you say it's good enough or at this point we'll stop. It's a judgment call by the modeler as to what is an adequate calibration.

Q Is it possible to match the observed flows exactly?

Typically, no, not for the entire period of record.

You can have events. You tend to develop a confidence in certain periods of the observed record, because often periods of the observed record do not look like they, they look to have errors in them, either the gage is misreading, the gage went down, or there's some sort of -- the reliability of the observed data is sometimes the question. So you tend to have better fits for better parts of the records than others, as is shown in the calibration work that was done by the Port

of Seattle.

AR 056254

- Now, with regard to the calibration here, there were three models, one for each creek; is that right?
- 3 A Yes. That is correct.
- 4 Q And there are two calibrations, one for high flow and one for low flow; is that correct?
- 6 A That is incorrect. There should be one calibration.
- 8 basin. For these plans, 1994 was used as the base year

It's typically done using existing conditions in the

- 9 for calibration, and once the model is calibrated, it
- is then, you can then take that calibration and move it
- back in time to like an undeveloped landscape, or you
- can move it forward in time, such as a third runway or
- other site improvements. So it's really one
- calibration per stream that is being used.
- 15 Q Now, with respect to the calibrations that were used in
- the SMP, are you satisfied that those calibrations were
- 17 sufficient?

- 18 A Yes, I am.
- 19 Q And what about the calibrations with regard to, in the
- 20 low-flow plan, are you satisfied that those are
- 21 sufficient?
- MS. OSBORN: I'm going to object to that as a
- 23 leading question.
- MR. YOUNG: I don't think it's leading. I
- 25 was just asking him what...

MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to overrule the objection.

A In my review comments of the December 1, 2001 low-flow plan, there are some questions raised and a request for more information in regards to the calibration.

The issue is that a reassessment was done of the land-cover and groundwater routings in the airport areas, performed in November of 2001, and that resulted in a different set of assumptions for existing conditions between the low-flow plan and the SMP, and therefore it was requested that the calibration be evaluated to see whether this new improved land-cover and groundwater routing information would warrant a readjustment of those HSPF parameters or, in other words, a new calibration for those models.

- Now, coming back to the low-flow plan, specifically, what standards were you applying in review of that plan?
 - Well, the King County Surface Water Design Manual does not include specific standards on mitigations for low flows, nor does the 2001 Ecology manual, to my understanding. My role was to ensure that the modeling work done in the SMP, the high-flow side, was consistent with the low-flow plan and to ensure that the impacts were, statistics were performed correctly,

and that the mitigations that were proposed would meet
the performance goals stated in the low-flow plan,
which is to provide three months of low-flow offset to
streams during the annual low-flow periods of those
streams, basically the August, September, October time
frame.

- And I think you said that the December plan addressed some of your concerns that you expressed in your August 3rd letter. Did it address most of them, or how would you characterize that?
 - I would characterize it as addressing many, perhaps most of my comments. Some of my comments became a moot point with reversed analysis in December. There was also a substantial amount of changes made in the December plan that weren't anticipated, basically rerunning of all models, all six models, both existing and future conditions in each of the three stream basins, which was not anticipated and had resulted in some additional new review comments.
- Q And you prepared, I believe, a draft set of comments in
 February of this year in regards to the December
 low-flow plan; is that right?
- 23 A That is correct.

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Q And in regards to those outstanding -- well, why don't you summarize for us what the key comments from

1 February were? 2

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Α Is it an exhibit?

Yes, it is an exhibit.

MS. OSBORN: It's Exhibit 458.

MR. YOUNG: 458. Thank you.

Q Without going through every single one of these here, can you just tell us what the key points here are? It's broken up into three sections -- well, each

of the stream basin modeling is discussed separately.

With Walker Creek, there was some problems with the -- there's a table or a graph that shows when annual low flows occur within Walker Creek, and I had seen that graph several times under the previous submittals, and it had changed substantially in the December plan, December 2001 plan, so that is one comment there that if that graph is correct, it would indicate that an earlier start time on the low-flow offset would be warranted. I also have some concerns about the demonstration of the ability to collect enough water in a timely manner to provide the low-flow offset that is necessary.

With Miller Creek, the reruns of the model are indicated to have eliminated the impact in Miller Creek. Basically, the embankment, the hydrologic performance of the fill embankment is providing offset 1 for the development that's occurring within the Miller Creek basin. However, there was some inconsistencies in the modeling work and some problems that needed to be corrected before I could concur with that conclusion

of that December plan.

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Because the revised analysis for Miller Creek shows no impact, many of the comments and the 401 conditions became a moot point relative to the Miller Creek, like: Is it feasible to deliver the water to the stream? Will the water quality be adequate for discharge to Miller Creek? All of those things became a moot point because the impact, revised impact number went to zero.

With Des Moines Creek, the concerns in my comment letter here is requesting a look at a more direct outfall location to instream rather than discharge to the edge of a wetland in late summer.

I have additional comments under the subject header of water quality. The December plan includes sections on sort of if there are water quality problems in the reserve storage water, what will be done, sort of a contingency plan, and that raised the comments outlined here in No. 4 related to things such as dissolved oxygen, pH, temperature, which are things that will be revised in the low-flow plan.

Now, these comments that you have outstanding, are you

- of the opinion that these are things that can be feasibly addressed?
 - A Yes, I do.

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- Now, with regard to the calibration issue, have you accepted the calibration in Des Moines Creek?
- 6 I have accepted the calibration in Des Moines Creek in 7 regards to the SMP, the high-flow side. 8 condition requested that the low-flow calibration be 9 compared to what's called the Tyee Golf Course weir 10 It's a gauge just downstream of the airport, 11 and the December plan instead looked at the east branch of Des Moines Creek at the Tyee Pond in-flow gage, and 12 13 therefore, I've requested that we receive some 14 information on the performance of the current
 - I think in your comments you say, don't you, that the calibration for Des Moines Creek was based upon the calibration in the Des Moines Creek basin plan? Is that right?

calibration at the Tyee weir gage.

A Yeah. The first model that I was aware of for Des

Moines Creek was done for the Des Moines Creek basin

plan, which was a joint effort on many of the cities

and jurisdictions in that area. The modeling work was

done by King County, and it identified capital

improvement projects, both for high flows, such as a

1 regional facility at the Northwest Ponds location, and 2 also low-flow mitigations for Des Moines Creek that are 3 regional in nature, to address the existing development in the entire Des Moines Creek basin. 4 5 So except for this checking of the gage that you are 6 mentioning, are you satisfied that the calibration 7 there is adequate? The calibration is consistent with the basin planning 8 work, and, actually, there's only been, there's minor 9 10 refinements to that calibration, as is indicated in my 11 testimony, a lower deep fraction and a slight 12 adjustment to an IRC parameter settings, and those two 13 adjustments result in an improved fit over the basin plan model as is documented in appendix B of the 14 15 stormwater management plan. 16 So yes, I am satisfied that through the calibration 17 effort, they have improved on the ability of the model 18 to predict flows over regionally accepted parameters and also over the basin planning work that was done 19 20 previously. And then with regard to the calibration in Miller and 21 22 Walker creeks, have you accepted those or not? 23 Yes, I have. Α 24 I want to come back just a second to the stormwater 25 management plan. AR 056261

1	MS. OSBORN: I'd like to go back. I believe
2	Mr. Young may have just asked Mr. Whiting about a
3	matter that has occurred post February 28th?
4	MR. YOUNG: That was not my intention.
5	MS. OSBORN: In terms of accepting the
6	calibrations in Walker and Miller.
7	Mr. Whiting has testified he asked for a validation
8	report respecting those, the modeling in those creeks.
9	THE WITNESS: To be honest, I didn't know
10	about this February 28th, so I don't know whether I
11	received what is entitled the verification report
12	before or after that date.
13	MS. OSBORN: We know that on February 28th he
14	had not received that report. In fact, the report
15	produced to us is dated March 6th.
16	THE WITNESS: Okay.
17	MR. YOUNG: I didn't intend to ask him about
18	anything after February 28th, so I can move on and ask
19	some other questions.
20	MS. OSBORN: Could I move to strike? I would
21	like to move to strike.
22	MS. COTTINGHAM: Can you read back the
23	questions that he asked about the verification for the
24	stream. You asked verification on Miller and Walker.
25	MR YOUNG: I think I asked him has be

1 accepted the calibrations on Miller and Walker creeks. 2 MS. COTTINGHAM: Yes. MR. YOUNG: That was my question. 3 MS. COTTINGHAM: Does his answer require him to rely on information produced after February 28th? 5 6 MR. YOUNG: It could be construed that way, 7 so I can rephrase. MS. COTTINGHAM: Why don't we strike the last 8 9 two questions and the answers. 10 (By Mr. Young) Let me come back here to the stormwater 11 management plan, briefly. 12 With regard to the water quality treatment, you reviewed the stormwater plan against the basic 13 14 treatment plan; is that correct? The King County water quality treatment 15 Yeah. requirements, what's called Core Requirement 8, include 16 a set of menus, and those menus target different 17 performance goals, and those different menus are 18 19 applied geographically through what's called a water quality applications map and, basically, based on the 20 21 resource, the downstream resource. For example, Lake 22 Sammamish is phosphorus sensitive, and therefore we use the sensitive lake water quality treatment menu for 23 anything that drains to Lake Sammamish. 24

We also have what's called a resource stream

1		protection menu. We have a sphagnum bog protection
2		menu. Then as the default water quality treatment is
3		what we call our basic water quality treatment menu,
4		whose performance goal is 80 percent TSS removal, total
5		suspended solids removal, and that was applied. That
6		is the performance goal that would be applied to these
7		three basins for projects in unincorporated King County
8		and was the performance goal used in the stormwater
9		management plan.
10	Q	Now, if additional water quality treatment is required,
11		do you have an opinion as to whether that would be
12		feasible based upon your review of the stormwater
13		management plan?
14		MS. OSBORN: I'm going to object as
15		speculative.
16		MS. COTTINGHAM: Can you repeat your
17		question.
18	Q	(By Mr. Young) My question was, if additional water
19		quality treatment facilities are required, do you have
20		an opinion as to whether those would be feasible based
21		upon your review of the stormwater management plan?
22		MS. COTTINGHAM: I'll allow it.
23		MS. OSBORN: It's vague.
24		MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to allow the
25		question. AR 056264

1 Α Ecology requested that the Port's consultants look at 2 that issue: Can the stormwater outfalls be retrofitted with enhanced water quality treatment in the future? 3 The result of that is a statement in the stormwater 4 management plan that concludes that it would be 5 practicable to retrofit those outfalls with enhanced 6 7 water quality treatment. I did not personally go through each outfall and do 8 9 that myself, because it's outside of the scope of my review. 10 11 But based upon your understanding of the stormwater management plan, do you concur with the statement 12 that's in there? 13 I see nothing that would preclude the additional 14 15 water quality treatment such as perhaps a sand filter or compost filter or something along those lines. 16 17 The approach that's being used is to monitor those outfalls through the monitoring program, and if the 18 19 monitoring data indicates that there is a pollutant of 20 interest that warrants enhanced water quality treatment, that enhanced water quality treatment 21 specific to that pollutant will be added. 22 Now, I want to move into the offer of proof portion. 23 24 Since your comments in February, have you received AR 056265

additional information from the Port?

1 A Yes, I have.

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- 2 Q And what was that?
- The first thing I recall receiving was a CD-ROM with the electronic files on it, I believe, before February 28th.

I received a packet of material afterwards, perhaps
on March 6th, and on March 18th or 19th, I received a
three-ring binder that was entitled low-flow report,
basically, that I have not opened.

- Q Did you receive any of the validation reports that you requested?
- 12 A Yes. In that second submittal, there was a report
 13 entitled verification report addressing Miller and
 14 Walker creeks and the need to recalibrate or not.
- 15 Q And, again, what did that verification report address?
 - A The need to go back through the calibration process because of the newly defined 1994 land-cover and groundwater routings that were done for the December low-flow plan.
 - Q What conclusions do you draw with regard to calibration in Miller and Walker creeks based upon that information?
- 23 A The report shows, actually, a slightly better fit to
 24 observed data for Walker Creek, and an indistinguishable difference in Miller Creek, and based

- on that, my conclusion is that those two models do not
- 2 need to be recalibrated to address the updated 1994
- 3 conditions.
- 4 Q So does that mean that you have accepted them, the
- 5 | calibration in those two creeks?
- 6 A That is my conclusion. I have not formalized that
- 7 conclusion, nor I have not been asked to.
- 8 Q You mentioned that you had some outstanding comments
- 9 from that February letter regarding some
- inconsistencies in the modeling of Miller Creek?
- 11 | A Yes.
- 12 Q Have those been addressed?
- 13 A That is the same submittal, and those have been -- no,
- 14 actually, excuse me. The Miller Creek information was
- submitted electronically on a CD prior to February
- 16 28th, and I have looked at those, and the problems
- identified in my comments have been addressed in that
- 18 revised model.
- 19 Q And what is the impact number of Miller Creek?
- 20 A I believe two decimal places zero is the exact number,
- 21 where previously, in July, it was showing a surplus or
- a net benefit from the embankment discharges.
- 23 | Q So are you satisfied?
- 24 A Excuse me. I just misspoke. Excuse me. Not July, but
- 25 December. The December plan shows surplus of those and

1		this is showing a zero impact for that one stream.	
2	Q	Are you is satisfied that is an accurate number?	
3	A	I've indicated that I want to see that in the final	
4		form in revised plan, and I will review that and will	
5		make that determination at that time.	
6	Q	I think you also mentioned that you had some comments	
7		regarding the graph low-flow periods in Walker Creek.	
8		Has that information been received as well?	
9	A	Yes, it has.	
10	Q	Has that satisfied your concern in that regard?	
11	A	The revised occurrence graph is now consistent with the	
12		earlier one that I had seen and is not showing the 17	
13		events occurring prior to the start date of the	
14		low-flow offset so yes, it has. It has resolved my	
15		concerns, as stated earlier previously.	
16		MR. YOUNG: That's all the questions I have	
17		for Mr. Whiting.	
18		MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Reavis, do you have	
19		anything?	
20		MR. REAVIS: I have just a few.	
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22		EXAMINATION	
23	BY M	R. REAVIS:	
24	Q	Mr. Whiting, in your prefiled direct, you refer to	
25		possible stream gage errors in connection with AR 056268	8

modeling in general. Let me just ask you a general question.

Is it consistent with your experience that oftentimes or sometimes you will discover errors in stream gages?

Yes. Particularly at low flows, particularly like with Walker Creek, it does not have a hard and fast cross-section. It is just a natural stream channel that the gage is located in, and it becomes very difficult to gage out low flows, and you can see that in the record.

It will stairstep up when there's been no precipitation for weeks, and all of a sudden the gage records will start to pick up, and there's nothing that would drive that type of response. And you just get a leaf or something on the gage and all of a sudden it's not two-tenths of a cfs and it's two-and-a-half-tenths, and you are off by 25 percent.

- And can you see that sort of change that you are talking about in the hydrographs that are prepared?
- A Yes, you can. You can see that in the low-flow report where they compare the observed to simulated base flows.
 - Q And if you're modeling, then, this particular stream, as the modeler, how do you deal with that sort of

1 stream gage error?

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- Well, you simply cannot make the model pick up flows

 when there's no precipitation to drive it. You have to

 pick the periods of record that you think are well

 observed by the gage and to do your best to match those

 periods of record.
- 7 Q So is that an instance where you exercise your judgment 8 and simply disregard that data?
 - A Yes. It needs to be documented, of course, why you discounted the other periods of record, and that is simply what I was documenting there, and the testimony was taken from the low-flow report and discussions during these facilitated meetings.
- 14 Q Are there, to your knowledge, documented stream gage
 15 errors in these streams that we are dealing with here:
 16 Miller, Walker and Des Moines?
 - A The modeler for Miller and Walker documented some discrepancies in those gage records, yes.
- Q You mentioned a minute ago the term mass balance. Can you explain what that is for us, please.
 - A It's simply that you can take the observed record and determine the total volume of water that passed that gage, and you should be, your simulated hydrograph should have the same volume also passing, so it's a volume check that they are not generating excess volume

1		or have too little volume.
2	Q	Does that mean the water has to essentially go
3		somewhere and you have to account for everything?
4		MS. OSBORN: Objection. That's leading.
5	Q	Maybe if you can explain to us how you account for what
6		you described, which is the mass that goes here and
7		there.
8	A	Yeah. It's just in those HSPF parameter settings you
9		can control where the water goes. You can also lose
LO	:	water out of the bottom of the model through a variable
L 1		called deep fraction, which is often used to help kind
L2		of do a course mass balance, and that is water that's
L3		assumed to be lost from the active groundwater and lost
L 4		to deep groundwater and what appear further downstream.
L5	Q	Does the King County Surface Water Design Manual
L6		require any low-flow mitigation?
L 7	A	We have an approach to stormwater management that
L8		encourages low-flow mitigation through things like
L9		forest retention, preferences to infiltration and
20		dispersion where feasible, and impervious surface
21		reductions and those things.
22		We do not have specific standards that say that if
23		you can't do those things, you can't infiltrate all
24		your water and this is what you have to do.
25		Typically, on-site development low flows are not

1	specifically mitigated unless infiltration and
2	dispersion are feasible.
3	Q One last area and that is this issue of a one-hour time
4	step. I believe you said in your prefiled testimony
5	that you accepted a one-hour time step here.
6	Can you tell us why?
7	A Well, a one-hour time step is the time step used to
8	collect the precipitation record, and so it is the time
9	step used in the stream models.
10	The issue was that the runoff off of the runways
11	and onto the grass infilled area where it's going to
12	infiltrate will be spikier than can be picked up with a
13	one-hour time step and that may affect the amount of
14	volume that can infiltrate into these filter strips.
15	I accepted or did not comment on the one-hour time
16	step because of the long surface flow pass across these
17	grass filter strips. They are a 2 percent slope. They
18	are extra long in most areas and would attenuate that
19	affect of using a shorter time step.
20	MR. REAVIS: Thank you. That's all I have.
21	Just for the record, I think Mr. Young was dealing
22	with his offer of proof, and then I went into my
23	questions.
24	I wanted to just make it clear that I wasn't making

an offer of proof. I was asking direct questions.

1	MS. COTTINGHAM: That's my understanding as
2	well. Cross-examination?
3	MS. OSBORN: Yes. Would it be possible for
4	us to take a brief break?
5	MS. COTTINGHAM: It would be. Why don't we
6	take a ten-minute break and come back at ten after two.
7	(Recess taken.)
8	MS. COTTINGHAM: We'll go back on the record.
9	MS. OSBORN: Ms. Cottingham, just a couple of
10	matters that I wanted to put on the record, partly
11	because we lost some of the court reporting in the
12	beginning.
13	First, I just wanted to clarify that ACC has not
14	received some of the documents that Mr. Whiting
15	discussed in the offer of proof, and I just wanted the
16	record to reflect that.
17	And also because the purpose of the offer of proof
18	is to preserve for some reviewing judge in the future
19	what might have been in the record, ACC would like to
20	make an offer of proof as well, and I can just do that
21	through my own statement, rather than bringing
22	witnesses in, if that would be acceptable.
23	MS. COTTINGHAM: Do you want to do that now
24	or at the end of your cross-examination?
25	MG OGROPN. Italy do it right now. It will

1 just take me a moment. 2 Our offer of proof is simply that we have received 3 the copy of, I believe it's the March 6th verification report from Miller and Walker Creek. 4 5 Our hydrologist, Bill Rozeboom, has taken a very brief look at it and were he to testify about it, he 6 7 would say that there's nothing contained in that report that actually addresses the low-flow mitigation. 8 That's it. 9 10 MS. COTTINGHAM: Okay. With that, we will continue with your cross-examination of Mr. Whiting. 11 MS. OSBORN: 12 Thank you. 13 14 EXAMINATION 15 BY MS. OSBORN: 16 Good afternoon, Mr. Whiting. Good afternoon. 17 In your review work on the low-flow plan and the 18 stormwater plan, you represented the Department of 19 20 Ecology; is that correct? 21 I believe I jointly represented King County and Α 22 Department of Ecology. To your knowledge, did anyone else at the Department of 23 Ecology review the stormwater plan? 24 AR 056274 25 Α Yes.

1	Q	And in terms of the modeling and compliance with King
2		County surface water or the stormwater manual?
3	A	No.
4		MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Whiting, just to tell
5		you, that microphone does not broadcast so you don't
6		need to lean into it to testify.
7		Sorry to interrupt.
8	Q	(By Ms. Osborn) And with respect to reviewing the
9		surface water modeling and the stormwater design
10		components of the low-flow plan, was there anyone else
11		at the Department of Ecology that reviewed those
12		aspects of the plan?
13	A	Not that I coordinated with, no.
14	Q	And to clarify, you didn't, you did not review the
15		groundwater modeling of the embankment; is that
16		correct?
17	A	Yes. I did not review the embankment modeling, but I
18		understood that to be excluded from your question.
19	Q	Now, I'd like to ask you a few questions about water
20		quality.
21		Were you aware that there were higher copper
22		concentrations in the Port's stormwater discharges?
23		MR. YOUNG: I'm going to object to the form
24		of that question. The use of the term "high" is a
25		vague term; also, it could be disputed. AR 056275

1 MS. COTTINGHAM: Could you restate your question. 2 (By Ms. Osborn) Were you aware that there were copper 3 concentrations in the Port's stormwater discharges? 4 5 Α There is a table in the stormwater management plan that gives some concentrations of some outfalls and compares 6 7 them to other monitoring data from other locations not related to the Port of Seattle, and I had our water 8 9 quality specialists look at those, and based on that, 10 it appeared that there was copper concentrations and low TSS, total suspended solids, which gives the 11 impression that perhaps that copper may be in soluble 12 13 form, and some comments related to that were 14 transmitted to Ecology via my comment letters. 15 To be specific, looking at Exhibit 48 -- and we should 16 have that. It might be in the black book right in 17 front of you there. Exhibit 48, enclosure 1, which is following the 18 19 letter, on page 6 of enclosure 1, if you look down the 2.0 page at the second paragraph following Core Requirement 21 No. 8, there's a paragraph there discussing high Cu 22 concentrations. Does Cu stand for copper? Yes, it does. 23 Α So is this one of the comment letters that you were 24 25 just referring to? AR 056276

1	A	Can you hang on just a second.
2		My Exhibit 48 includes the letter and enclosure 2.
3		I do not have enclosure 1.
4		MS. COTTINGHAM: Neither does the Board.
5		MS. OSBORN: Can we go off the clock for a
6		minute?
7		MR. YOUNG: We have it.
8		MS. OSBORN: You do have it?
9		MR. YOUNG: We do have it.
10		MS. COTTINGHAM: We only have enclosure 2.
11		MS. OSBORN: May we go off the clock?
12		MS. COTTINGHAM: You may.
13		MS. OSBORN: Ms. Cottingham, I'll provide you
14		with a copy of the exhibit at this time. We'll make a
15		copy for you.
16	Q	(By Ms. Osborn) Looking at page 6 of enclosure 1,
17		beneath the, down toward the bottom of the page, Core
18		Requirement No. 8, second paragraph starting, discharge
19		monitoring data. It indicates high copper
20		concentrations.
21		This is an example of one of the comment letters
22		you provided to the Department of Ecology; is that
23	:	correct?
24	A	That is correct.
25	Q	Now, you are familiar with the water quality treatment

BMPs that are contained in the Port's stormwater plan; 1 is that right? 2 I'm sorry. I was thinking about the letter. Can you 3 please restate the question. 4 You are familiar with the water quality treatment BMPs 5 6 that are contained in the Port's stormwater plan; is 7 that correct? Yes, I am. 8 And would the treatment BMPs that are contained in the 9 plan control a dissolved metal problem as indicated in 10 your letter here? 11 That is not their performance objective. 12 13 And does compliance by the Port's stormwater plan with the King County manual's basic treatment menu, which 14 you testified that it does comply; is that correct? 15 That is correct. 16 17 With the basic requirements; is that right? 18 With the basic water quality treatment menu. And does that mean that the stormwater plan complies 19 with or the Port's discharges will comply with state 20 water quality standards? 21 MR. YOUNG: I'm going to object to the extent 22 it calls for a legal conclusion. 23 MS. OSBORN: Water quality standards involve 24 AR 056278 numeric criteria. It's a factual application. 25

1		MS. COTTINGHAM: Similar to the other
2		objections that have been made on this same topic, he's
3		qualified as someone who has an opinion about how it
4		applies and we'll give it due weight, so you may answer
5		the question.
6	A	I am not an expert in state water quality standards,
7		and my answer would be that it's not known whether
8		those BMPs will result in discharges that comply to the
9		state water quality standards, nor would compliance
10		with the 2001 Ecology manual treatment requirements
11		ensure compliance with state water quality standards.
12	Q	You are familiar with the term AKART; is that right?
13	A	I believe I know what it standards for, yes.
14	Q	Does compliance with the King County manual ensure,
15		does that mean that the stormwater plan meets AKART
16		requirements?
17		MR. YOUNG: Again, I object. That calls for
18		a legal conclusion.
19		MS. COTTINGHAM: Again, my ruling will be
20		that the Board will give it due weight.
21	Q	(By Ms. Osborn) If I can have you take a look at
22		Exhibit 40, on page 5, and looking at line 19, is this
23		the declaration that you prepared in this proceeding?
24	A	Yes, it is.

And at line 19 does it state, "I commented that the

	King County manual is not AKART"?
A	This was in response to a declaration made by others on
	a comment that I provided on the original draft 401
	certification. I did state that here in that context,
	yes.
Q	Does the King County manual address high dissolved
	copper concentrations or metal concentrations?
A	The King County manual includes a resource stream
	protection menu, a water quality treatment menu. It is
	applied in King County to high value fish resource
	areas, such as spawning areas, and it's applied there
	because we have the most to lose if there was to be a
	high metal concentration in the streams, so we do have
	a water quality treatment menu that does target metal
	removals, but it would not be applied in these stream
	basins.
Q	Thank you. That answers my question. So the basic
i	treatment menu that's been used here is not designed to
	control for soluble metals; is that correct?
A	No. It's performance goal is 80 percent total
	suspended solids removal.
Q	That is designed to control for particulate metals; is
	that right?
	MR. REAVIS: Objection. Leading
	MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to allow the
	Q A

1		question.
2		MS. OSBORN: I peg your pardon.
3		MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to allow the
4		question.
5		MR. REAVIS: Cross-examine. I apologize.
6	Q	(By Ms. Osborn) And this enhanced treatment that you
7		just discussed applies when a receiving water is
8		designated a resource stream; is that correct?
9	A	We apply it to what we call the regionally significant
10		resource areas. Those are designations applied through
11		basin planning processes.
12	Q	And Des Moines and Miller and Walker Creek have not
13		been designated as resource streams; is that correct?
14	A	No, they have not been.
15	Q	I'd like to have you take a look at Exhibit No. 2068.
16		This is the King County stormwater manual, excuse me,
17		Surface Water Design Manual.
18		MR. LYNCH: I'm sorry. Would you say the
19		number again.
20		MS. OSBORN: It's 2068. It's a green volume.
21		Its own volume.
22	Q	(By Ms. Osborn) I'd like to have you take a look at
23		page 1-54, from the core requirements. There's
24		discussion of resource stream protection menus here; is
25		that right? AR 056281

- 1 A That's correct.
- 2 Q And in the middle of that paragraph, it states that
- 3 stream reaches, these stream reaches are important
- 4 | fishery resources where substantial aggregation of fish
- are likely to be present all or part of the year; is
- 6 that correct?
- 7 A That is correct. That's what it says.
- 8 Q Good. Then taking a look at Chapter 6, page 6-10 in
- 9 the water quality menus, some brief discussion here of
- resource stream protection menu, and it says, "Where
- applied, and it states, The resource stream
- 12 protection menu is applied to stream reaches determined
- to be regionally significant because of salmon use."
- 14 Is that correct?
- 15 A Yes. That's in the leading paragraph.
- 16 O Now, if King County had jurisdiction over the
- stormwater planning process for the third runway, would
- this process have gone through a master drainage plan
- 19 process?
- 20 MR. YOUNG: Object. Speculative.
- MS. COTTINGHAM: Do you want to lay a
- 22 foundation for that question?
- 23 Q (By Ms. Osborn) You have indicated in your prefiled
- 24 testimony that the Port's stormwater planning met
- certain requirements of the King County stormwater

- planning process, but not others; is that correct?
- 2 A Yes. They met the technical requirements.
- 3 Q But they did not meet the master drainage plan 4 requirements; is that correct?
- That process that you are describing has been renamed to large site drainage review, so they are the same thing, and this project did not -- it went through portions of large site drainage review, such as the SEPA process, but it did not go in front of the county hearing examiner and other processes that are specific to King County permits.
- 12 Q And had King County had jurisdiction over it, would it
 13 have gone through the large site drainage review
 14 process?
- 15 A Yes. I believe it exceeds the threshold, at least the
 16 aggregate of all the master plan projects exceeds the
 17 threshold of large site drainage review.
 - Looking back at Exhibit 48, enclosure 1, on the second page, you've included in these comments that were submitted -- actually, looking at enclosure 1, the footer says, it gives a date of February 9, 2000, but these comments were made in 2001; is that correct?
- 23 A Yes. That's my typo. Thank you.
- On page 2, you have excerpts from the large site
 drainage review that are contained in your comments; is

18

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20

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1 that right? 2 That's cut and pasted out of the King County Surface Water Design Manual. 3 And large site drainage review process entails, for 4 example, public hearings and comments and detailed 5 6 technical standards; is that correct? 7 Α Yes. But you didn't perform that process or that process was 8 not performed for this stormwater plan; is that right? 9 It was not subject to King County processes. 10 through its own set of public processes and public 11 comment processes unique to the Port of Seattle. 12 Moving on to low-flow plan, you have indicated in your 13 prefiled testimony, at page 18, excuse me, page 10, 14 15 paragraph 18 that --MS. COTTINGHAM: Can you give us a second, 16 Ms. Osborn, so we can catch up with you. 17 Page 10, paragraph 18, at the bottom. I'm directing 18 your attention to the very last sentence of the page. 19 Now, you've indicated here that low-flow 20 mitigations proposed constitute a substantial amount of 21 mitigation beyond the minimum requirements of the 22 manual. Does the King County manual address low-flow 23 mitigation plans? 24 AR 056284 No, it does not.

25

Α

1	Q	And this is actually discussed in the declaration,
2		isn't it, Exhibit 40, that you submitted earlier in
3		this matter?
4		Is that correct, looking at page 6?
5		The limits on what King County, what the King
6		County manual does not address with respect to
7		mitigation for low flow is indicated on page 6 of your
8		declaration; is that correct?
9		Exhibit 40.
10	A	I'm looking at my direct testimony, page 6.
11	Q	No. Your declaration. I'm sorry. Exhibit 40.
12		I'm referring to the declaration you submitted
13		involving the stay motion in this matter from last
14		October.
15		MR. YOUNG: Which paragraph?
16		MS. OSBORN: Page 6 starts off at line 4,
17		paragraph 2, low-flow plan, first bullet following that
18		heading.
19	A	The question was did I say this?
20	Q	This captures the limitations from the King County
21		manual with respect to standards for low-flow
22		mitigation or lack thereof; is that correct?
23	A	It talks about the testimony I just gave with regards
24		to forest retention and encouraging infiltration and
25		dispersion where feasible. The mitigations proposed in

1 the low-flow plan are stormwater vaults with release 2 structures, and those are not that unusual of a 3 facility that's being proposed as far as the construction and operation of that facility. 4 Does the King County manual address the use of those 5 facilities for low-flow mitigation purposes? 6 7 Not specific for low-flow mitigation purposes, but we 8 do have vaults for --9 Thank you. -- both flow control and for water quality treatment. 10 11 You reviewed the July 2001 low-flow plan that was prepared by the Port; is that correct? 12 That is correct. 13 Α Those were the subject of your comments dated August 14 15 3rd; is that right? 16 That's correct. 17 That Mr. Young referred to? 18 That's correct. Was the July 2001 low-flow plan complete? 19 20 I did not find it complete. And that incompleteness, in your opinion, of how it was 21 22 incomplete was captured in that letter of August 3rd; is that correct? 23 AR 056286 24 Yes, it was.

And did you recommend to Ecology that a complete plan

1		be required before the section 401 certification was
2		issued?
3	A	That was my preference, yes.
4	Q	And you recommended that to Ecology; is that correct?
5	A	Yes, I did.
6	Q	Now, prior to the creation of that plan, you
7		participated in a series of facilitated meetings for
8		the low-flow plan in the spring and summer of last year
9		2001; is that correct?
10	A	Yes. That is correct.
11	Q	And did the facilitated meeting process put a lot of
12		pressure on the attendees in June and July?
13		MR. YOUNG: Object. Vague.
14		MS. COTTINGHAM: Do you want to clarify what
15		you mean by your question?
16	Q	(By Ms. Osborn) Did the facilitated meeting process and
17		the tasks that were being outlined to be done during
18		that meeting process put pressure on the attendees to
19		accomplish those tasks in June and July?
20		MR. YOUNG: I object. It's the same
21		question. It's vague.
22		MS. OSBORN: What's the vagueness?
23		MS. COTTINGHAM: The word pressure, I would
24		imagine. Do you want to just clarify?
25	Q	(By Ms. Osborn) did it require the attendees to work

1		fast and get work done to get the July 2001 low-flow
2		plan out?
3	A	I can only speak for myself. And the time lines were
4		fairly tight to provide feedback and to have my input
5		into the preparation of that plan.
6	Q	Now, looking back at your prefiled testimony, the
7		direct testimony that you submitted for today, on page
8		10, in paragraph 17, starting on line 15, you state
9		that "While these calibrations," referring to
10		calibrations in the Miller, Walker and Des Moines
l1		Creek, "fall short of providing a perfect match to
12		observed data," and then you make a conclusion there.
13		And I'd like to ask you some questions about this
14		falling short of providing a perfect match. You've
15		also, with respect to these calibrations, used the term
16		less than good match; is that right?
17		MR. YOUNG: I object. That's vague. There's
18		a number of different stream models and a number of
19		different comments, a number of different time periods.
20		MS. COTTINGHAM: I'd like to back up a bit,
21		because I'm not sure we're in the same place you're
22		reading from.
23		MS. OSBORN: Sure.
24		MS. COTTINGHAM: So if you will re-ask your
25		question once you get us to the same spot. AR 056288

1 MS. OSBORN: You bet. I'm looking at the 2 direct testimony of Kelly Whiting that was submitted in 3 this proceeding, prefiled testimony, page 10, and specifically looking at paragraph 17. 4 5 MS. COTTINGHAM: Okay. 6 MS. OSBORN: And I'm asking Mr. Whiting about 7 a statement he makes at line 16. "These calibrations fall short of providing a perfect match to observed 8 data." 9 10 (By Ms. Osborn) And I'll also bring to your attention here Exhibit 458, which are your comments dated 11 February 23rd, 2002, in a black notebook, the last one. 12 13 If you will look at page 5 of Exhibit 458, at the 14 very last line on page 5, referring to the low-flow 15 calibration for Des Moines Creek, you stated that "The 16 flow comparison shows a less than good match to 17 observed gage records." Is that correct? That is, yeah, in reference to Des Moines Creek in 18 terms of low-flow simulation. 19 20 And looking over on the following page, page 6, top of the third or the third paragraph, the final paragraph, 21 22 you refer to it as a poor match; is that correct? You are referring to the Des Moines Creek basin 23 low-flow comparison, is that correct, in that 24 AR 056289 25 statement?

- 1 A Yeah. I do state that in my annotations to these
- 2 comments, again, in reference to the Tyee gage east
- 3 branch of Des Moines Creek results that were presented
- 4 in that plan.
- 5 Q And at the deposition that we conducted on February
- 6 28th, you indicated that there's a significant
- 7 difference between the observed and simulated at that
- 8 point, isn't that correct, in discussing those Des
- 9 Moines calibrations?
- 10 | A At the Tyee gage, yes, there is.
- 11 | Q And you also stated that you cannot say the calibration
- 12 | provides a good match; is that correct?
- 13 | A Again, for Des Moines Creek at the gage, the indication
- 14 is that does, the data was not provided at the gage
- that was conditioned in the 401. It provided at a
- 16 different gage location.
- 17 | Q Now, the Des Moines low-flow model, as you testified a
- 18 | little earlier today, was based on King County's Des
- 19 | Moines basin plan modeling; is that right?
- 20 A Yes. That's correct.
- 21 Q And this created a constraint for you, didn't it?
- 22 A It created a -- yeah, in a way it did generate a
- constraint in that if a development proposal in an area
- 24 that King County had done a basin plan follows that
- 25 | basin plan using their calibration and their

- 1 | mitigations, it is generally acceptable.
- 2 Q So you were in a position where it was hard to
- 3 criticize the use of this model because King County had
- 4 created it and used it for the basin plan; is that
- 5 correct?
- 6 A It hasn't stopped me from commenting on it, but it's
- 7 difficult to not accept.
- 8 |Q So you asked for a calibration to the Tyee Pond gage;
- 9 is that right?
- 10 A No. I wanted calibration comparison done at the golf
- 11 | course weir gage, gage 11-F.
- 12 Q Right. 11-F. Sorry. That was my error.
- And doing that comparison with 11-F data was
- actually a requirement in the 401 certification, wasn't
- 15 | it?
- 16 A Yeah. That was taken, I believe, out of my comments on
- 17 the July low-flow plan.
- 18 O It wasn't in the December 2001 low-flow plan; is that
- 19 | right?
- 20 A It was not provided as part of that plan. A separate
- 21 gage was used.
- 22 Q You want to see data from this golf course weir because
- it measures the west fork of the stream; is that right?
- 24 A It's downstream of the confluence of the east and west
- 25 fork, and it includes -- it's really the furtherest

upstream point at which all STIA related changes, land 1 coverage changes would be accounted for. 2 good gage in that it has a hard and fast 3 cross-section, a weir that would typically be more 4 5 accurate in gauging low flows. Now, taking a look at Exhibit 458 again, which were 6 your February 23rd comments, as you've just testified 7 8 on direct with Mr. Young, you raised a number of issues in this review; is that right? 9 This is your review of the December 2001 low-flow 10 11 plan? Yes, it is. 12 And you've raised some concerns in this; is that right? 13 There are several pages of comments here, yes. 14 Α And it indicates on the very first paragraph, down at 15 the bottom here, that material was received at a 16 February 19th meeting, and then electronic files were 17 received on February 22nd, but those materials had not 18 been reviewed. 19 You are looking at the very last paragraph? 20 I'm actually looking at the very first paragraph 21 that starts underlined text. 22 That is a correct statement, yes. 23 Α And as you testified earlier, some of the issues that 24 are contained in this review comment, you actually 25

raised in your August 3rd letter; isn't that right? 1 Well, I mean, we just talked about an example of that, 2 would be the gage 11-F comparison. 3 And there are other issues that were raised as well; is 4 that right? 5 Well, that might take me a minute. 6 7 Maybe we can --Vault fill times on Walker Creek was a comment from 8 this here as well. 9 Sorry to cut you off. 10 No, that's all right. I was going say maybe we can 11 make this a little shorter just by we could talk about 12 your deposition. 13 Do you recall that we went through the August 3rd 14 letter and looked at, after reviewing this letter and 15 identified items that were still outstanding from 16 the --17 I'm going to object to using the MS. YOUNG: 18 deposition in this fashion. She's not trying to 19 impeach him. She's trying to refresh his memory with 20 21 it. MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to sustain the 22 objection. 23 (By Ms. Osborn) So is your testimony that you don't 24 remember whether there are other outstanding concerns 25

1		from the August 3rd letter that remained outstanding
2		when you prepared this review comment?
3	A	I have not done a comparison. I don't recall my
4		deposition specific line item by line item. It was
5		like two days' worth. Therefore, I would hope that
6	44444	there are consistencies between my comment letters. I
7		try to be consistent in my reviews, and I just don't
8		have specific examples for you, at this time.
9	Q	So, for example, at your deposition you state, looking
10		at the items that are contained in the August 3rd
11		letter
12		MR. YOUNG: I'm going to object again to
13		using the deposition in this way. He has not made a
14		statement that she's trying to impeach. She's trying
15		to refresh his memory with the deposition.
16		MS. OSBORN: Well, refreshing his memory is
17		appropriate here where he knew about it less than a
18		month ago and doesn't know now.
19		THE WITNESS: It's not that I don't know.
20		MS. COTTINGHAM: Hang on just a second.
21		Are you going to use it to impeach his memory or to
22		refresh his memory?
23		MS. OSBORN: I'm going to use it to impeach
24		his memory. He said he doesn't know. I'm going to use
25	1	it to AR 056294

THE WITNESS: Excuse me. I said I couldn't 1 2 give you a specific example. MS. COTTINGHAM: Hang on. Hang On. 3 I'm going to let the attorneys argue this out. MS. OSBORN: Why don't we try it another way. 5 6 MS. COTTINGHAM: Okay. 7 MS. OSBORN: Because it's not my intention --I think Mr. Whiting does know this stuff, and we can 8 get at it a different way. 9 MS. COTTINGHAM: Okay. 10 (By Ms. Osborn) Now, looking at your 2-23 comments, on 11 12 a first page here, which doesn't have a page number, you state on the third paragraph, starting, "These 13 review comments comprise findings and recommendations," 14 and you state in the middle of this that "The 15 conclusion of this review is that additional 16 refinements are needed prior to concurrence with the 17 revised impact numbers in Miller Creek and for 18 demonstration of sufficient and timely water collection 19 for Walker Creek." Is that right? 20 Α Yes 21 And those additional comments are provided as well; is 22 that right? 23 That is correct. 24 When you say concurrence, what you mean is that you are 25

trying to evaluate the feasibility of the mitigation in 1 2 terms of will they meet their performance objectives and are the facilities constructible and is it feasible 3 they will meet the performance objectives; is that 5 correct? Yeah. That sounds like a direct quote. 6 7 And based on these comments, you asked for changes to the low-flow plan; is that right? 8 9 These comments being the February 23rd --10 That's right. My recommending to Ecology that some changes be made to 11 that low-flow plan. 12 And you called for the validation report as you 13 discussed in your prefiled; is that right? 14 That is correct. 15 16 And you asked for a validation report for all three 17 streams; is that right? 18 The 1994 land-cover and groundwater routing was Α redefined for all three streams, so yes, I did. 19 And the concern here is with altering existing 20 condition models, alterations that went on between the 21 22 July low-flow plan and the December low-flow plan; is that right? 23 AR 056296 Between all previous modeling work where the 24 calibration was actually performed under the SMP in 25

1		appendix B, but a change from that may warrant a
2		recalibration, although I have not seen and completed
3		my review of those reports.
4	Q	Okay. What I'd like to do is go through some of the
5		comments here and just to quickly explain them.
6		Looking at page 1
7	A	Which comments; February 23rd?
8	Q	February 23, yes.
9		These comments are addressed to Walker Creek;
10		right?
11	A	Page 1, yes. That is correct.
12	Q	And in looking at the third bullet and subsequent
13		annotations, your concern here is the Walker Creek
14		vault filling times; is that right?
15	A	For the reserve storage vault, yes, that is correct.
16	Q	And reserve storage vault meaning the vaults that are
17		going to hold the low-flow mitigation water?
18	A	That is correct.
19	Q	Is your concern here that if the vault filling extends
20		beyond 60 days into the spring, then it may rob the
21		streams of water that they need to maintain flows
22		during the vault-filling period?
23	A	Yes. The concept was that we would that the winter
24		volumes of water would be captured in the reserve
25		storage when the streams are having excess water and

- that water then would be held and released during the low-flow period.
- And the 2-23 comments indicate that there was going to be follow-up on this issue; is that correct?
- 5 A That is correct.
- And then there's some discussion of the need for the validation report in this section as well; is that right?
- 9 A That is correct, at the end.
- 10 Q Calling your attention to page 4, again to your

 11 annotation following the HSPF parameter settings, you

 12 indicate that there's a need for a validation report

 13 with respect to Miller Creek and that's the discussion

 14 here; is that correct?
 - A Yes. That is correct.

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- And in looking at page 5, there's a comment here, the second bullet, indicating that you request that an earlier start time for mitigation for Des Moines Creek be considered; is that right?
 - A That is another comment that also appeared in the August 3rd comments. Thank you.

It appeared that there was a month or more of reserve storage left at the end of the augmentation period, and it appeared that an earlier start time could be accommodated, and it was placed as a condition

in the 401 certification, that that be evaluated. 1 2 Excuse me. 3 And it's indicated that there would be follow-up on this; is that correct? 4 That was my understanding from the meeting that 5 Α occurred. 6 7 And taking a look at page 7, water quality comments in the first paragraph right at the top there there's a 8 discussion about water quality data pertaining to the 9 10 water quality in the reserve vault; right? 11 This was a request made of me by the Port of Α Seattle's consultants to see if we had data on water 12 coming out of wet vaults during late summer, wet vaults 13 being analogous to these reserve storage vaults. 14 And the concern there is there is not enough data to 15 know what the water quality will be; is that right? 16 17 We have not collected summer discharge data out of vaults, and so talking to my water quality specialist, 18 we decided to contact the city of Bellevue, because 19 they had some monitoring data on wet vaults, but not 20 during the period of the year that we are interested in 21 here. 22 Okay. And taking look at page 8, down on the fourth 23

bullet here, there's a discussion that appears to have

been ongoing since August 3rd, is that right, about

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1		possible impacts to streams earlier in the year than
2		mitigation is called for?
3	A	Yeah. It dates back to the facilitated meetings that
4		occurred prior to the August 3rd letter.
5	Q	And I think you excerpted a quote here out of the
6		August 3rd comment letter.
7	Α	Yes, I did.
8	Q	And you indicate in these comments that let's see.
9		Looking down at the third paragraph, under the fourth
10		bullet, that "There are no biological conclusions drawn
11		from the analysis to answer questions raised or support
12		the position of no biological impact from based flow
13		reductions in early summer"; is that right?
14	A	Yes, that's what it says.
15	Q	So what this means is that the December low-flow plan
16		didn't contain the basis for drawing the conclusion
17		that there were no biological impacts; is that correct?
18	A	This bullet refers to analysis of what will reduced
19		flows instream look like: Will there be fewer pools?
20		Will fish be forced into pools earlier with more
21		predation? Will there be affects on insect hatches?
22		Other things that are biological consequences.
23		And when I took this issue to my fish biologist,
24		those are the questions he asked of me: What will this
25		look like instream so we can try and make some

predictions as to whether it would be impacted or not. 1 And so I forwarded these questions. Since I 2 couldn't answer these questions, I forwarded them on in 3 my comment letters to the Department of Ecology. This 5 is, again, doing the same thing. And this is not, as you indicate here, is no action 6 discussed. You deferred the question to Ecology's 7 review and analysis; is that right? 8 I referred it to, yeah, to Ecology staff with 9 biological expertise as to whether they would use the 10 data, and it seemed to be -- there's a lot of work 11 involved in doing this, and I wanted to make sure that 12 work would be useful to people that implement this 13 section. This is getting outside of my scope of doing 14 modeling work. 15 I was going to ask you that. This is outside the scope 16 of your contract with Ecology? 17 In fact, it is. But it's an issue that arose, and I 18 felt a need to comment on. 19 Looking over at page 9, on the very top paragraph, it 20 says, "Both the Port and Ecology indicated they would 21 consult their biological experts to determine the need 22 for further action." 23 AR 056301 This is your annotation; right? 24 That's my recollection of the meeting that 25 Α Yes.

1 occurred.

Q And who did that in Ecology? Who is their biological expert that's doing this?

- A I have not had conversations with them. Perhaps it would be Erik Stockdale or perhaps somebody else.
- Now, looking a little further down on page 9, under general comments, actually item 6, general monitoring comments included, in this comment what you discuss is you indicate there's a need to monitor, not just what is infiltrating into at the top of the embankment, but also to monitor what's coming out at the toe or at the bottom; is that correct?
- Well, mostly correct. The proposed monitoring plan was to do some post-construction infiltration rate tests on the top of the embankment, and I feel that the embankment should be monitored over time that it's achieving its infiltration rates that are assumed in the embankment model, and that the attenuating effects or the timing of the discharges out of the embankment is equally important in achieving the level of low-flow mitigation that is proposed.
 - Then your annotation here indicates that this comment
 was discussed and that a more substantial monitoring
 strategy would be investigated; is that right?

 AR 056302

A That is my recollection from that meeting, yes.

1	Q	So in sum, when you look at this document, Exhibit 458,
2		you've identified a number of review comments in which
3		you would like to see changes that, basically, you need
4		to see in order to concur in the low-flow plan; is that
5		right?
6	Α	Yes. That's the purpose of the comment letter, yes.
7	Q	And you hadn't seen these changes on February 28th; is
8		that right?
9	A	None that we just discussed, no.
10		MS. OSBORN: That's all I have.
11		MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Poulin, do you have any
12		questions?
13		MR. POULIN: No questions.
14		MS. COTTINGHAM: Any redirect?
15		MR. YOUNG: Yes.
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17		EXAMINATION
18	BY MI	R. YOUNG:
19	Q	With regard to the resource stream protection menu you
20		were asked some questions about that, and you did not
21		apply that menu to this project; is that right?
22	A	That is correct. It was not the performance goal of
23		this plan.
24	Q	And why was that? AR 056303
25	Α	Well, because it was not the performance goal of the

1 plan, it would not be applied by our, by this map that is part of Exhibit 2068. 2 Which map is that? 3 4 It's the map in the back slip sleeve entitled water 5 quality applications map, the green binder. 6 Can you show what you mean by that. 7 Well, most of these basins are out because it's a city and we don't regulate or set standards in there, but 8 9 you will see portions of Miller Creek shown as unincorporated. 10 I'm looking at Exhibit 2068. In the back, there's 11 12 three maps, and one of them is entitled water quality 13 applications map. On the upper half - you don't have to unfold it all 14 way - you'll find over on left-hand side, Miller Creek, 15 and you will see a light green color associated with 16 17 Miller Creek. That's our basic water quality standard. 18 And, for example, upper Bear Creek is a regionally 19 significant resource stream, and that is the resource 20 stream standard in the dark green color up on Bear Creek. 21 So that's another reason why a standard would not 22 be applied, that water quality treatment menu would not 23

be applied to development proposals in these basins.

Now, I think counsel pointed you to a comment that you

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made with regard to the possibility of enhanced water quality treatment. Do you recall that?

- A Could you repeat the question, please.
- I'm sorry. I thought you referred to -- I think it was your February 22nd letter. I don't have that number, so we'll try to find that.
- 7 A What was the question?

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Q We'll come back to it.

With regard to the large site drainage review questions that you received, in your testimony you say that the outcome of that process can't be predicted.

Can you explain why that is.

A Well, the process includes a SEPA process. It includes written reports by review staff, and the final determination made by a hearing examiner as to what the project, what standards the project would be held to.

What they try to do is to tailor stormwater protection standards to the project and to the downstream resource, and because this project did not go through that process. I can't predict how those, how that tailoring would play out.

I mean, some of what I would, if I'm asked to guess what would happen, some of the changes were already made through the Port's EIS process. They went from a level 1 standard, which was the base standard in a

basin, to a level 2 standard.

They are also proposing retrofits that are beyond the King County design manual, which is also something that typically would come out of a master drainage plan or large site drainage review process.

But I can't predict exactly what would come out of a process that didn't happen.

- Now, with regard to the Des Moines Creek, you were asked some questions about accepting the calibrations in the Des Moines Creek area which were based upon the Des Moines Creek basin plan. Do you recall those?
- 12 A Yes.

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- You were talking about the Des Moines Creek basin plan as being done by King County. Who were the other participants?
- A There's a Des Moines Creek basin plan committee, which
 King County is a member of, the Port of Seattle is a
 member of, and I believe the city of Des Moines, city
 of SeaTac. I may be incorrect, because I have not been
 to these meetings in a while, and I believe Watch Dog
 is also a member, and I may be missing perhaps one of
 the parties.
- 23 Q And the city of Des Moines is member of ACC, is it not?
- 24 A I don't know that. AR 056306
 - Q And are there actions that you know of that are being

1 taken based upon the Des Moines Creek basin plan? 2 Α Yeah. 3 MS. OSBORN: Objection. Outside the scope. 4 MR. YOUNG: I think you asked him questions 5 about the Des Moines Creek basin plan, and I'm just 6 following up on that. 7 MS. COTTINGHAM: I'll allow the question. I'm not sure of its relevance. 8 9 (By Mr. Young) Go ahead. 10 I do know that they are in the design stage of a 11 regional flow control facility at the Northwest Ponds 12 site, located at the southwest corner of the airport. 13 That's the regional detention facility? It's a proposed regional detention facility. 14 15 Is that being designed based upon the Des Moines Creek model? 16 17 Yes, it is. I've been working with the modeler to try 18 to ensure consistency between the land use assumptions and groundwater assumptions of the SMP and the basin 19 20 plan, but that model and that calibration is being used for that design work. 21 22 Is the city of Des Moines a part of that? I believe that they are part of the basin plan 23 24 committee, and if I'm correct in that assumption, then yes, they are a part of that. 25 AR 056307

- 1 Q With regard to some of the comments in your February
- 2 comment letter on the December 2001 low-flow plan -- do
- you have that exhibit number?
- 4 A 458.
- 5 0 458.
- 6 -- one of the comments was with regard to the
 7 possibility of low-flow impacts in June and July. Do
- 8 you remember that?
- 9 A Yes, I do remember that.
- 10 Q Do you know what the 401 says about that?
- 11 A I believe the 401 requested an evaluation of what those
- changes to the instream flows would look like in the
- stream, tailored after my comment on August 3rd.
- 14 I did not review the final 401 certification before
- it went out. I wasn't asked to do that, nor did I
- 16 review the subsequent 401.
- 17 Q You had a comment about monitoring of the flow coming
- 18 from the embankment?
- 19 A That's correct.
- 20 Q Is there any reason why that monitoring could not be
- 21 done, to your knowledge?
- 22 A No reason why it couldn't be done and couldn't be
- included in the report, to my knowledge. AR 056308
- 24 Q And there's no reason why the evaluation of the June
- and July impacts couldn't be done, as far as you know?

1	A I'm recommending that they be done, and I don't see a
2	reason why they cannot be done.
3	MR. YOUNG: That's all the questions I have
4	for Mr. Whiting.
5	MR. REAVIS: I have just a few.
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7	EXAMINATION
8	BY MR. REAVIS:
9	Q In response to questions a minute ago about the water
10	quality BMPs and whether they will remove dissolved
11	metals, I think your answer was that's not their
12	objective.
13	My question is, will they, in fact, remove some
14	dissolved particles?
15	MS. OSBORN: Objection. It's vague. We
16	talked about some different BMPs.
L 7	MR. REAVIS: Well, I think the statement
18	refers to - and I can just ask him about what it says
19	in his prefiled testimony. Maybe that's the best way
20	to go about it.
21	Q (By Mr. Reavis) Let me ask you, do you have your
22	prefiled testimony there in front of you?
23	Page 7.
24	AR 056309 A This is my declaration. Hold on.
25	MS. COTTINGHAM: Which page are you on?

- 1 MR. REAVIS: Page 7, paragraph 11.
- 2 Q Let me ask you, if I could, to read the third sentence
- 3 there, the one that starts with, "The manual's basic
- 4 | menu, " if you could read it out loud.
- 5 A The fourth sentence.
- 6 Q Okay. I'm sorry.
- 7 A "The manual's basic menu is not designed to remove
- 8 dissolved metals. However, the treatment BMPs proposed
- 9 by the Port should be partially effective at removing
- metals, because some of those metals will be associated
- 11 | with solid particles."
- 12 Q Thank you.
- 13 You were asking some questions about whether the
- 14 King County manual or the Ecology manual ensure or
- 15 constitute AKART. Do you remember those questions?
- 16 A Yes, I do.
- 17 Q Do you have an opinion of your own of whether or not
- the Port's stormwater master plan is in fact AKART?
- 19 A It's not part of my duties to implement or determine
- 20 AKART compliance, and so I don't have an opinion on
- 21 | that.
- 22 | Q A minute ago Ms. Osborn pointed you to a sentence on
- page 10 of your prefiled testimony, and this is page 10
- 24 there, paragraph 17.
- 25 A Right in front of me. Okay. Thank you.

AR 056310

Page 10? 1 Paragraph 17, do you have that one there? 2 Q 3 Yes, I do you. 4 And I think the sentence that at least she read to you, 5 the first part of it, was the last sentence in 6 paragraph 17. And what she read was, I believe, "While 7 these calibrations fall short of providing a perfect 8 match to observed data..." 9 Let me just ask you, is it possible to get a perfect match with observed data when you are 10 11 performing this sort of modeling? Beyond a few time steps here and there, I would say 12 13 not. You are not going to match the entire calibration 14 window exactly. 15 Now, could you read for us, then, the rest of that sentence that starts with, they constitute... 16 I'll read the whole sentence. 17 18 "While these calibrations fall short of providing a 19 perfect match to observed data, they constitute an 20 improvement over the regional average parameter 21 settings used by most development proposals subject to the manual, " the King County manual. 22 Let me ask you about the Des Moines Creek basin plan 23 Was that model used by the Port in any of the 24 iterations of the low-flow plan? 25 AR 056311

- 1 A Not the low-flow plan. The original 1199 SMP may have
- 2 used the straight basin plan model. I don't remember
- 3 when the adjustments that were made were made, whether
- 4 it was pre-1199 or post-1199.
- 5 Q I thought a minute ago you testified about some
- 6 adjustments that were made between July 2001 and
- 7 December 2001.
- 8 A Yes, I did.
- 9 Q Maybe I misunderstood your testimony. Was that not
- 10 based upon the Des Moines plan?
- 11 A No. Those were land-cover and groundwater routing
- adjustments that were made in November of 2001.
- 13 Q They were adjustments made to what?
- 14 A To land-cover assumptions and to where groundwater goes
- within the Des Moines Creek basin model.
- 16 | Q I guess that was my question. Those were adjustments
- 17 | made to parameters included in the Des Moines Creek
- 18 basin model?
- 19 A They were adjustments made to previous -- we're getting
- 20 confused between the calibration, which is the knobs
- 21 that you set and then the land-cover and groundwater
- 22 assumptions.
- 23 Q I suspect I'm confused and you are not, but if you can
- 24 just explain it.

AR 056312

25 A Well, I'm not helping you.

1 The adjustments to land-cover and to groundwater routing might require you to change it, to turn a knob 2. somewhere in the model, and that is the discussion. 3 4 Those land-cover changes may result in a need to turn a 5 knob, and I need an assessment to tell me whether or 6 not that is the case. 7 MR. REAVIS: That's all I have. Thanks. 8 MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Whiting, I have one 9 question for you. 10 11 EXAMINATION BY MS. COTTINGHAM: 12 You talked about the large site drainage review and 13 14 that one was not done here. Is this because it's one 15 of the procedural, one of the eight procedural core 16 requirements that you said did not apply because of an 17 agreement between the Port and the city of SeaTac? 18 It is a procedural requirement. It's not one of the 19 eight core requirements, and the other correction that 20 I would make is that the core requirements are not all 21 procedural. There are two of them that I indicated 22 were procedural, Core 6 and Core 7. The rest of them 23 are primarily technical requirements. 24 So some of the other procedural requirements are

outside of the eight?

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AR 056313

1	A Yes. It's the drainage review type.
2	MS. COTTINGHAM: Thank you. I have no
3	further questions.
4	Any questions from the rest of the Board?
5	MR. JENSEN: Yeah, I have a question.
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7	EXAMINATION
8	BY MR. JENSEN:
9	Q How do forests affect low flow?
10	A I'm sorry. How does what affect low flow?
11	Q Forests. Trees.
12	A Well, they allow you see very little surface runoff
13	when you go out and look at the forest. Typically, the
14	runoff is occurring either as shallow groundwater or as
15	deeper groundwater, and it provides, typically provides
16	a good summer base flow source for streams, and water
17	is typically cool and clean when it comes out of the
18	forest like that.
19	MR. JENSEN: Thank you. That's all I have.
20	MS. COTTINGHAM: Any questions as a result of
21	the Board's questions?
22	You are excused. Thank you.
23	Before we go to the next witness, we're going to
24	take a very quick break. Why don't we come back at 25
25	after. Thanks. AR 056314

1	(Recess taken.)
2	MS. COTTINGHAM: We'll go back on the record.
3	Just to let you know, the Board does not need to
4	adjourn today at 4:30, so we'll adjourn when it's an
5	appropriate breaking point.
6	MR. STOCK: Ms. Cottingham, we're going to
7	provide to the Board tomorrow copies of enclosure 1 to
8	Exhibit 48.
9	Ms. Osborne indicated that you don't have them in
10	your set.
11	MS. COTTINGHAM: Right.
12	MR. STOCK: We'll make sure they get there.
13	MS. COTTINGHAM: I don't think the original
14	had a copy in it as well, so can you make sure that
15	gets corrected.
16	The court reporter will swear in the witness.
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18	GORDON WHITE, having been first duly sworn
19	upon oath or affirmed to tell the truth, the whole
20	truth and nothing but the truth, testified as follows:
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22	EXAMINATION
23	BY MR. KRAY:
24	Q Good afternoon, Mr. White. Would you please spell your
25	name for the court reporter.

- 1 A First name, G-o-r-d-o-n, Gordon; last name, W-h-i-t-e,
- White.
- 3 Q Are you employed by the Washington Department of
- 4 Ecology?
- 5 A Yes.

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- 6 Q What position do you hold at Ecology?
- 7 A I'm the program manager for the shorelands and environmental assistance program.
- 9 Q Would you please summarize your education and professional qualifications for the Board?
 - A I have a bachelor of arts degree from the Evergreen State College. I have about 20 years of experience both in the public and private sector working on natural resource protection issues.

At the Department of Ecology, I've been employed there for about four and a half years, and I manage both the budget and operations of the program that I just described. That includes the responsibility for managing the State's responsibilities for the Shoreline Management Act, flood control or the Flood Management Act, the State Environment Policy Act, and for the purposes of this hearing, of course, the 401 water quality certification program.

- Q Have you prepared prefiled testimony in this matter?
- 25 A Yes. AR 056316

1 Q What role have you played in developing conditions for Ecology's 401 certification to the Port of Seattle? 2 3 My primary role that I played was to review the 4 conditions as drafted by staff and to ask questions of 5 how they reached reasonable assurance; are they 6 reasonable and prudent in ensuring the protection of 7 both water quality in the state as well as aquatic 8 resources. 9 What are Ecology's options in determining the outcome 10 of an application for a 401 certification? 11 Well, generally our options are either denial, 12 approval, approval with conditions, of course, and then 13 we also can waive. What does it mean to waive? 14 15 Well, I've never done that before, but as I understand 16 it, we have the option to wait a year, essentially, and make no decision, and waive our right under the Clean 17 18 Water Act to determine that projects are qualified for 19 We can waive our right to ensure that they meet a 401. water quality standards. 20 21 Would you please describe Ecology's general 401 22 certification process in which Ecology employees 23 participate in that process? Yeah. This is where I want to refer to the exhibit 24 25 here. AR 056317 I have been delegated the authority of managing the 401 water quality certification program by Director Fitzsimmons, who's at the top of the chart here, then I'm in red on the left side of the chart. And within the program of shorelines and environmental assistance program, I have further delegated the signature for 401 decision-making to my regional section managers, southwest region and northwest, central and eastern region where we have our regional offices, and that's where most of the 401 certification works occurs at the Department of Ecology.

And then underneath my regional section managers are the 401 review staff, individuals that are the lead and coordinating the 401 review. Then at headquarters we have our environment coordination section - that's described in the handout - where we also have 401 Primarily, they work on policy issues of a policy nature; although, they also serve as back-up support to the regional 401 staff if the workload is too great, and they can provide support there, and then for dredging projects in the Puget Sound and the Columbia River, for instance, that's of such specialized knowledge that we retain that 401 focus within headquarters, so it can reach to all areas of AR 056318 the state.

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0 Has Ecology ever used a different process or assigned Ecology different roles in processing 401 applications? The process I just described was developed or adopted in 1998, about 1998. Ecology over the last ten years has regionalized most of its functions in terms of the day-to-day workings of permitting, and the 401 7 program had not been regionalized, and so we developed our program to do so. So prior to about mid-1998, the 401 function was purely done out of headquarters in terms of the coordination and review.

> The reason we regionalized it, however, is most of the expert staff were in the regions, because what the 401 reviewer does is work with expert staff from the water quality program, sometimes the water resources program in the case of damming licensing issues, and then, of course, our own experts, wetland experts, within the shoreline program, they are all in the region, and they have the 401 coordinator at headquarters, and the experts in the regions wasn't always the best fit. We felt it would be most efficient if the reviewers and we were getting near to the experts, as well as having greater accessibility to the prospective applicants who would be applying for 401 as well other interested members of the public who were interested in its projects. AR 056319

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- 1 Q How did the process Ecology used in response to the
 2 Port's application compare to the process used for most
 3 other 401 applications?
 - A I think the broad outline is pretty much the same, just a lot more of it. This project had a lot of intense interest by a lot of different parties, and so there was a lot more process involved.

It involved experts within the Department at the highest level that we have to offer. Erik Stockdale, our wetlands expert, is our top wetland expert in the northwest regional office. Kevin Fitzpatrick is the lead water quality stormwater reviewer, top reviewer out of the northwest office, so we certainly engaged in the same outlines of process that we would use, but we engaged at a very high level.

- Q Were there any other aspects of the 401 process with regard to the Port that were unique?
- Well, the level of public scrutiny. I had meetings with legislators who had strong interests in the process, strong desires to understand what we were doing, strong concerns, and a lot of, again, just a lot of public interest in the process.
- 23 Q I believe you said there was more process. Why was
 24 there more process in this instance? AR 056320
 - A Because of some of the unique nature that this project

entails. Certainly it's large in scope, and some of the unique facets to it brought us to bring a lot of expertise and focus to it.

For instance, as you heard this morning Erik

Stockdale describing the unique of nature of having to
ensure that the impacts to wetlands, the functional
impacts to wetlands were met in-basin where it was
important, the hydrologic impacts, et cetera, yet we
had this bird strike issue that we had to manage, and
so we had to find ways to manage that issue that still
protect the functional values of the wetlands, but also
manage that issue so it wouldn't become a public hazard
or a flight hazard; that would be an example.

The clean fill criteria is another example of a very unique situation, and to my knowledge, we hadn't, in a 401, required that level of scrutiny or standard to the fill that was going to be used in the project. Would you please look at Exhibit 1, which is the September 401, and if you can look at page 26 of that exhibit, specifically the heading sub (c) there in the middle of the page. If you would please read that to yourself for a moment, I have a question about that.

A Sure.

2.0

Q Would the requirement fit into what you characterize as a unique aspect of this project?

AR 056321

MR. STOCK: I'm going object. This goes 1 2 beyond the scope of his prefiled testimony. Mr. White's prefiled testimony does he refer to the 3 retrofit plan. 5 MR. KRAY: Mr. White is the signator for the 6 401. Prefiled testimony is for the purpose of 7 providing everyone an opportunity to get things in 8 advance and expediting the process. However, I don't 9 think there's any limitation on the issues on which Mr. White can discuss, and counsel will certainly have 10 11 an opportunity to cross-examine him on the issue. 12 MS. COTTINGHAM: I'll overrule the objection. (By Mr. Kray) Do you recall the question? 13 14 This is a unique requirement or unique issue that we have in the 401 certification and an important one. 15 Why is that? 16 Q Well, the requirement to retrofit the stormwater 17 facilities at the airport is an important one because 18 19 some of the mitigation that the Port is offering instream, downstream of the facilities, we were 20 21 concerned that if continued, the base flows that occur 22 out at the Port now, the mitigation wouldn't hold up to those stormwater flows that occur now, so it was very 23

24

25

important to us that the Port retrofit the existing

facilities so that stormwater coming off the Port would

Nowhere in

1 be a net benefit to the aquatic resources downstream. Mr. White, if you look at the second sentence of that 2 3 paragraph, that begins "For every 10 percent," at the end it concludes with a phrase "isn't feasible." 5 What is your understanding of that provision? 6 MR. STOCK: Object. No foundation. 7 MS. COTTINGHAM: Do you want to set a foundation? 8 9 I certainly can. Thank you. MR. KRAY: MR. STOCK: I'll also object, for the record, 10 that it goes beyond the scope of his prefiled. 11 (By Mr. Kray) Have you had an opportunity to review 12 13 this provision? Yes. 14 Α 15 Are you familiar with this provision? Yes. 16 Α What is your understanding of the provision? 17 18 MR. STOCK: Object. No foundation. hasn't established a foundation. He hasn't established 19 the basis for Mr. White's knowledge in this regard. 20 21 MS. COTTINGHAM: Sustained. (By Mr. Kray) Mr. White, in the course of preparation 22 of the 401, did you have an opportunity to discuss this 23 provision with your technical staff? 24 AR 056323 Yes, I did. 25 Α

MR. KRAY: I'm not sure what more foundation 1 2 I can lay on this issue. He's the signator on it. He's familiar with it. He's obviously discussed it 3 with his staff. 4 MR. STOCK: Well, who did he discuss it with 5 6 and when? He has not established a proper foundation 7 for this. Just to say you've discussed it with your 8 technical staff is not a proper foundation. 9 MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to sustain the objection. 10 MR. STOCK: And, also, I don't want to add 11 12 onto it, but when? Was it last week? Was it before 13 the issuance of the August certification? (By Mr. Kray) How is it that you are familiar with this 14 15 provision? 16 Prior to the August 10th certification that I signed, I discussed this particular condition with Ann Kenny in 17 18 consultation with Kevin Fitzpatrick. MR. KRAY: May I proceed? 19 2.0 MS. COTTINGHAM: You may proceed. MR. KRAY: Thank you. 21 (By Mr. Kray) With regard to the second sentence, what 22 is your understanding of that provision? AR 056324 23 24 I'll give you a little bit of history, because as I 25 recall, the conversation around this was, we wanted to

require the retrofit requirement on this condition, and 1 2 I raised the concern to Ann and Kevin: How can we be assured that the retrofit --3 MR. STOCK: Ms. Cottingham, I'm going to 4 interrupt, because this is a direct violation of the 5 6 Board's prehearing order. 7 At page 3, the Board ordered that all direct testimony of a witness shall be in writing and prefiled 8 with the Board, and there is no place in Mr. White's prefiled testimony where there is any discussion about 10 this particular provision of the 401 certification. 11 12 I did not ask Mr. White about this during his 13 deposition on January 16th, and we are now prejudiced by Mr. White going into this. It wasn't in his 14 prefiled testimony, and that is in direct violation of 15 16 the Board's order. 17 MR. KRAY: May I respond? 18 MS. COTTINGHAM: Yes. MR. KRAY: Testimony has been given during 19 20 the course of this hearing on this issue. I think Ecology should be given an opportunity, through its 21 representative on the 401, to respond to that issue. 22 23 Merely because Mr. Stock didn't ask about it 24 doesn't mean that he couldn't have asked about it, and 25 that's no ground to prevent us from having testimony on

the issue.

MR. STOCK: But this isn't the witness to bring it in through. Mr. Fitzpatrick was on the stand, and they asked Mr. Fitzpatrick about it. Others were on the stand and they asked others about it. For them now to try to use their last witness to provide more clarity to something that is vague and ambiguous and a virtually unenforceable condition in the 401 certification isn't proper, especially where it is not in the prefiled testimony and it's in direct violation of the Board's prehearing order.

MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to recognize your objection, but I'm going to allow the testimony in.

The prehearing order was to expedite the hearing process, not to necessarily exclude testimony, and you will have the ability to cross-exam this witness.

- (By Mr. Kray) I believe at the interruption, you were giving some background. Would you please begin with that background again?
- A Yeah. The condition started out as being, the condition was focused on requiring a retrofit of the airport for stormwater purposes, and I asked the question: Well, do we need to have a goal in mind in terms of how that would proceed during project

construction? AR 056326

GORDON WHITE/By Mr. Kray

That was an important goal, and so it evolved into 1 this ratio approach. Recognizing that ratio, that goal 3 may not always be attainable, may not always be feasible through every phase of the project, hence the 4 5 qualifier on feasibility; however, the qualifier on feasibility is only a qualifier on the ratio, not on 6 7 the requirement for retrofit. What happens if it isn't feasible? 8 Q Then it -- if it's not feasible to adhere to the ratio 9 Α 10 at each phase, then we work out other arrangements that are feasible to ensure that the retrofit can proceed. 11 So the retrofit is still required? 12 Absolutely. If the retrofit, for some reason the 13 retrofit -- the retrofit has to occur. 14 When you began working on the Port's 401 application, 15 who did you believe would sign the decision regarding 16 17 the application? I believe that I did. I would have. 18 Why was that? 19 Even though I have deligated 401 signature authority, 20 decision authority, to my regional section supervisors, 21 it is the department practice for projects that reach 22 23 to a high level of public interest that the program

That's to ensure that

24

25

manager make the final decision.

the public knows that at the highest level of Ecology

1 executive management, which I represent, fully 2 understands the issues and the import of the decision. 3 Did you ever have reason to believe someone else would 4 sign this decision? Α No. 5 How did you stay informed about Ecology's progress in 6 7 processing the 401 application? I received -- I stayed abreast of things by regular 8 updates from the 401 project reviewer, as well as the 9 regional director in the northwest regional office, as 10 11 well as periodic meetings with the technical staff. What about interested parties, did you have any contact 12 with those? 13 Yes, I did. Starting around September of 2000 when ACC 14 and CASE realized that I was the final signator to a 15 decision on the 401, I started receiving a lot of 16 17 e-mails and letters from them, and then also as well 18 from legislators who had similar concerns about the 19 project. And then I had meetings with legislators on some of 20 the issues that were being worked through on the 2.1 22 project. I met with ACC in, I think, July of 2001, and then CASE in August of 2001, just prior to this 23 AR 056328 decision. 24

Who did you rely on in reaching your decision regarding

the Port's 401 application?

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Well, I relied on the technical experts that Ecology
deployed on the project, so that would be Kevin

Fitzpatrick on the stormwater management plan, and the
other things appended to that, of course, and then Erik
Stockdale, on the Natural Resource Mitigation Plan, and
then for any legal questions, Joan Marchioro was our
lead attorney on the project and Ann Kenny for
procedural issues around the 401.

- Q And in relying on those individuals, did you also rely upon the people they relied upon?
- 12 A Well, yes. There was a team of people behind each one of those.
 - Q What role do you play in setting policy regarding Ecology's 401 water quality certification?
 - A Well, policy on 401, of course, occurs at three levels.

 There's the policy that the Legislature sets in the statute, and the governor affirms, of course, when he sign the bills that relate to it, so the Water Pollution Control Act sets an overarching policy.

Then there are specific rules that we may use, and those are ultimately determined by the director, by his signature through the Administrative Procedures Act, and then there would be procedural policy issues that I would be the final manager to sign off on; although,

- because the 401 certification leads to water quality
- 2 issues in the water quality program, the water quality
- 3 program manager and I may share decision-making on
- 4 certain departmental policy issues.
- 5 Q Do you know who Pete Kmet is?
- 6 A Yes, I do.
- 7 0 Who is Mr. Kmet?
- 8 A I believe Mr. Kmet works in the toxic clean-up program.
- 9 Q Was Mr. Kmet part of the team of experts you relied
- 10 upon to determine that you had reasonable assurance to
- issue a 401 report?
- 12 A No.
- 13 Q Do you have reasonable assurance that the 401
- 14 certification Ecology issued to the Port will protect
- 15 | water quality?
- 16 A Yes.
- 17 Q Was the Port anxious to receive a 401 certification
- 18 from Ecology?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q Is it unusual for an applicant to be anxious to get a
- 21 decision from Ecology on a 401?
- 22 A Everybody is anxious about our decisions.
- 23 Q What pressure did you feel to complete review of the
- Port's 401 application? AR 056330
- 25 | A I didn't feel pressure. I felt intense interest in

making a decision in doing my job.

- Q Did you put any pressure on members of the 401 team to reach a reasonable assurance determination?
- A No. All I asked my staff to do when I interacted with staff who work in other programs but are working on the team here, I just asked them to do their job and do it thoroughly and stay focused on that.
- Q What direction did Tom Fitzsimmons give you regarding whether Ecology should issue a 401 certification to the Port?
- A He never gave me any direction about what my decision should be. He played a role, not unlike I did, to a degree, in terms of asking me questions and asking our review team questions he had about is this condition, is it reasonable and prudent to protect water quality standards.

He was mainly interested in our rationale, both when I told him that I would deny the project in September of 2000, interested in why, so he could understand it and explain it to others who would want to know, of course.

And then the same being when I said I had reasonable assurance based on our team of experts and interested in what the key issues were around that.

Q What direction did the governor's office give you

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regarding whether Ecology should issue a 401
 1
 2
         certification to the Port?
         I had no direction from the governor's office on this.
 3
 4
                   MR. KRAY: No further questions.
                   MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Reavis?
 5
 6
                   MR. REAVIS: I don't have any.
 7
                   MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Stock.
 8
 9
                            EXAMINATION
10
   BY MR. STOCK:
         Mr. White, you signed the 401 certification; correct?
11
12
         Yes, I did.
         And this 401 certification is the most technically
13
         complex certification that you have ever signed; isn't
14
15
         that true?
16
    Α
         Yes.
17
         And the next most technically complex certification
         that you had ever signed was the 401 certification you
18
         signed in the BMG case, Battle Mountain Gold; isn't
19
20
         that right?
         Yes.
21
   Α
22
         And you signed the first certification on the
23
         application that we're dealing with here on August 10,
24
         2001, did you not?
                                                        AR 056332
             You can look at it, Exhibit 2.
25
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- 1 A Yes. I'm just thinking back to the one in 1998.
- 2 Q But you signed it on August 10, 2001?
- 3 A Yes.
- 4 | Q Isn't it true that you were in the governor's office on
- 5 August 8th with Director Fitzsimmons explaining to the
- 6 governor what Ecology was going to do with respect to
- 7 this 401 application?
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q You had not met with the governor before signing the
- 10 401 certification for the Battle Mountain Gold project,
- 11 | did you?
- 12 A No, I did not.
- 13 | Q In fact, you have never met with the governor on any
- 14 401 certification other than this certification for
- 15 | SeaTac Airport?
- 16 A That would be true.
- 17 | Q You don't have technical expertise with respect to
- 18 stormwater management issues, do you?
- 19 You yourself don't have technical expertise.
- 20 A No. But I just want to go back to your last question.
- 21 | Q Well, if you've got a clarification --
- 22 A Yeah, just a clarification.
- 23 | Q Your counsel can clear it up.

AR 056333

- 24 A Okay. It's not a big deal.
- 25 | Q You don't have technical expertise with respect to

- stormwater management issues; correct?
- 2 A Correct.
- 3 Q And you didn't do any independent assessment yourself
- 4 of the stormwater management plan here?
- 5 A No.
- 6 Q You relied exclusively on Kevin Fitzpatrick for that?
- 7 A Yes.
- 8 Q In your testimony a few minutes ago, you said that to
- 9 stay up to date on the project, you had periodic
- 10 | meetings with technical staff; is that right?
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 Q And did that include Kevin Fitzpatrick?
- 13 A Yes.
- 14 | Q In fact, you only met less than five times with
- 15 Mr. Fitzpatrick over the course of the review process;
- 16 isn't that true?
- 17 | A Yes.
- 18 Q And that's how you stay updated on a periodic basis by
- meeting with Mr. Fitzpatrick less than five times?
- 20 MR. KRAY: Objection. Mischaracterizes the
- 21 witness's testimony.
- MR. STOCK: I'll withdraw the question.
- 23 Q (By Mr. Stock) Let's talk about the Natural Resources
- 24 | Mitigation Plan.
- 25 You don't have any technical expertise with respect

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to wetlands; is that right?
 1
 2
         No, I do not.
         And you didn't do any independent assessment of the
 3
         Natural Resources Mitigation Plan?
 4
 5
   Α
         No.
         You relied exclusively on Erik Stockdale for that; is
 6
 7
         that right?
 8
   Α
         Yes.
         And just as with Mr. Fitzpatrick, you met with
10
         Mr. Stockdale less than five times on the Natural
         Resources Mitigation Plan; isn't that true?
11
         Yes.
12
   Α
         You also didn't perform any independent assessment with
13
         respect to the clean fill criteria, did you?
14
15
         No, I did not.
   Α
         You didn't rely upon Kevin Fitzpatrick for that, did
16
17
         you?
18
         Yes, I did.
         You relied on Ching-Pi Wang, did you not?
19
20
         I relied on Ching-Pi Wang for his analysis on the
         pathways analysis.
21
         Do you recall me taking your deposition on January
22
         16th?
23
24
         Yes, I do.
                                                            AR 056335
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MR. STOCK: Page 24, Counsel.

1	Q	Did I ask this question and did you give this answer:
2		"Question. Ching-Pi Wang, what did you
3		rely upon for him?
4		"Answer. The clean fill parts of the
5		401 determination.
6		"Question. Did you rely upon Ching-Pi
7		Wang for anything other than the clean fill
8		criteria in the 401 certification.
9		Answer. No."
10		Do you recall those questions and those answers?
11	A	Yes, I do.
12	Q	You've answered the question.
13	A	Okay.
14	Q	With respect to Mr. Wang didn't tell you that he was
15		only involved in the assessment of the fate and
16		transport of contaminants under the airport operations
17		and maintenance area, did he?
18	A	The only time I interacted with Mr. Wang was during a
19		briefing that he gave legislators and I think you
20		were in the room, Mr. Stock.
21	Q	I was.
22	A	where he presented that analysis.
23	Q	That's the only time you've had interaction with
24		Mr. Wang on the 401 certification; is that right?
25	A	Yes. AR 056336

- 1 Q Did you perform any independent assessment of the
- 2 | impact to characteristic uses of the stream?
- 3 A No.
- 4 Q In fact, no one at Ecology has done that, have they?
- 5 A I don't know.
- 6 Q You signed the 401 certification; correct?
- 7 A Yes.
- 8 Q And that 401 certification means that Ecology had
- 9 reasonable assurance that the project will comply with
- 10 state water quality standards; is that right?
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 | Q That's your understanding; right?
- 13 A Yes.
- 14 Q And is it also your understanding that part of the
- 15 state water quality standards is to protect
- 16 characteristic uses of the streams?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 MR. KRAY: Objection to the term streams. I
- 19 | quess you are using a generic for --
- 20 Q Well, Des Moines, Miller, and Walker creeks, those are
- the streams we're talking about, isn't it, Mr. White?
- 22 A Yes.
- 23 | Q You can't tell me, as the signator of the 401
- certification, who at the Department of Ecology or
- 25 whether the Department of Ecology ever performed any

- assessment with respect to the impact to the

 characteristic uses of those streams from this project?
- 3 A Yes, I can't tell you that I know that.
- 4 Q In fact, that hasn't even been done, has it?
- 5 A I don't know.
- Q You were here during Mr. Whiting's testimony just a little bit ago, were you not?
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q You heard Mr. Whiting say that he has deferred that issue to the Department of Ecology.
- 11 A I may have. Although I got a little lost in shuffling
 12 of paper back and forth between counsel and
 13 Mr. Whiting, so I may have missed some of that.
- 14 Q With respect to your new testimony on the retrofit --
- MR. CRAY: Objection.
- MR. STOCK: Well, it is new testimony. I

 don't see what he's objecting to, but I'll rephrase it.
- 18 Q (By Mr. Stock) With respect to your testimony on the

 19 retrofit condition of the certification, we didn't talk

 20 about that during your deposition, did we?
- 21 A No, you didn't ask me any questions about that.
- What is your understanding of the term in the condition
 where it says that if the Port can establish that it
 isn't feasible, it doesn't have to meet the 20 percent?
 What's your understanding of the term "isn't

1 feasible"? MR. KRAY: Objection. I think the question 2 focuses too narrowly on a particular portion. 3 phrase is actually broader than that. MR. STOCK: Well, he can read the whole 5 I think Mr. Kray is just trying to eat up the 6 7 clock. 8 MR. KRAY: Objection. MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to allow him to 9 10 answer the question. I think it means what it says, for every 10 percent of 11 new impervious surface added at the project site, the 12 Port must demonstrate that 20 percent of retrofitting 13 has occurred unless demonstrated that a 20 percent rate 14 isn't feasible. 15 And when you signed the 401 certification and stated 16 "isn't feasible," what did you mean by that? 17 What did you have in mind? 18 What I -- it's a judgment that would have to be made on 19 Α site as the project was proceeding around. If there 20 are certain facilities that you can't retrofit because 21 22 other pieces of the stormwater management plan have to go in first, it may not always be feasible. 23 So from the physical standpoint, you mean that it may 24 AR 056339 not be feasible from a physical standpoint? 25

- 1 A Yes. I really relied on Kevin Fitzpatrick in terms of 2 his expertise around understanding whether something
- 3 would be feasible or not.
- 4 Q What about cost, when you signed the 401 certification
- and said that if the Port could demonstrate it wasn't
- feasible, did you also mean cost?
- 7 A No, it's more of a practicality.
- 8 | Q Well, where in this certification, and in particular
- 9 that condition, is the gloss you are putting on that
- 10 | specified in the certification?
- 11 A What do you mean --
- 12 MR. KRAY: Objection to the term "qloss."
- 13 | Argumentative.
- MS. COTTINGHAM: Can you restate your
- 15 question.
- 16 Q (By Mr. Stock) You just told us that this term "isn't
- feasible" refers to a physical aspects of the
- 18 | stormwater structure?
- 19 A So you are concerned that we haven't defined the word
- 20 feasible in our document?
- 21 Q You agree you haven't defined that term in your
- 22 document?
- 23 A I don't believe we have.
- 24 O You relied upon Ann Kenny for administration and
- 25 | coordination with respect to the 401 review; is that

right? 1 2 Α Yes. And you did not rely upon Ann Kenny for any statements 3 she made to come to the conclusions of reasonable 5 assurance; isn't that true? 6 Α Yes. 7 So whatever Ann Kenny had to say on technical issues, you didn't rely upon it for your conclusion of 8 reasonable assurance; correct? 9 Yes. 10 A That's correct, isn't it? 11 12 Α Yes. MR. KRAY: Asked and answered. 13 So any technical questions we've got with respect to 14 the 401 certification, on the conditions of the 401 15 certification, should be put to others, Ann Kenny, for 16 example, Kevin Fitzpatrick or Erik Stockdale? 17 Yes, with respect to stormwater management and the 18 natural resource management. 19 MR. STOCK: Okay. That's all I've got. 20 MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Poulin? 21 MR. POULIN: I have no questions for 22 Mr. White. 23 Any redirect? MS. COTTINGHAM: 24 AR 056341 MR. KRAY: Yes. 25

1	EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. KRAY:
3	Q (By Mr. Kray) With regard to the August 8th meeting
4	with the governor, did you find it unusual to meet with
5	the governor?
6	A No.
7	Q Have you met with the governor in the past?
8	A Yes. I've met with the governor when Tom Fitzsimmons
9	and I told him what we were going to be doing on the
10	shoreline guidelines, which was another high profile,
11	controversial issue that the governor had gotten a lot
12	of interest from a large variety of parties, and so
13	that was an example.
14	And then just to address an earlier question by
15	Mr. Stock, after the Battle Mountain Gold decision was
16	rendered by this Board, we did have a meeting with the
17	governor to discuss the next steps, just to be clear.
18	Q With regard to clean fill, were you aware that other
19	Ecology employees beyond
20	MR. STOCK: Object. Leading.
21	MR. KRAY: Mind if I finish the question?
22	MR. STOCK: Well, it's leading already. I'm
23	just trying to save you time.
24	MR. KRAY: You never know. I might change it
25	midcourse. AR 056342

1		MR. STOCK: Well, you might.
2	Q	With regard to clean fill, you stated that you were
3		aware that Ching-Pi Wang had a role in that. Who
4		else
5		MR. STOCK: I'm going to object. It
6		mischaracterizes his testimony. Can Mr. Kray just ask
7		him a question, please?
8	Q	(By Mr. Kray) Who else at Ecology worked on clean fill?
9	A	A staffperson by the name of Chung Yee provided
10		information to Kevin Fitzpatrick.
11	Q	In your deposition, did you forget to mention Mr. Yee
12		and Mr. Fitzpatrick in response to Mr. Stock's
13	ŀ	question?
14	A	Yes, I did.
15		MR. KRAY: No further questions.
16		MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Reavis.
17		MR. REAVIS: I have just a couple.
18		
19		EXAMINATION
20	BY MR	. REAVIS:
21	Q 1	Mr. Stock asked you some questions about reliance on
22	ı	Mr. Fitzpatrick and Mr. Stockdale and meeting with
23	t	those two five times or less. Do you remember those
24		questions?
25	A S	Yes. AR 056343

1	Q	Did you do things besides have meetings in order to
2		stay abreast of what was going on with the 401?
3	A	Yes.
4	Q	And are those things described in your prefiled
5		testimony?
6	A	Yes.
7		MR. REAVIS: That's all I have. Thank you.
8		MS. COTTINGHAM: Any questions from the
9		Board?
10		MR. LYNCH: Yes.
11		
12		EXAMINATION
13	BY M	R. LYNCH:
14	Q	Thank you for your testimony today.
15		I just had one question. Regarding the issuance of
16		the 401, were there discussions at all about the impact
17		of a possible 303-D listing on reasonable assurances?
18	A	I recall very early on in 1998 that there was some
19		discussions around that. I remember reviewing some
20		notes about that.
21	Q	Do you remember if that had to do with metals in the
22		water or something else?
23	A	It was about the relationship of a 303-D list to
24		potential discharges from the Port.
25		MR. LYNCH: Thank you. AR 056344

1	MS. COTTINGHAM: Any questions as a result of
2	the Board questions?
3	Thank you, Mr. White. You are excused.
4	MR. KRAY: Ms. Cottingham, that concludes
5	Ecology's witnesses.
6	MR. PEARCE: The Port calls Ms. Leavitt.
7	
8	ELIZABETH M. LEAVITT, having been first duly
9	sworn upon oath or affirmed to tell the truth, the
10	whole truth and nothing but the truth, testified as
11	follows:
12	
13	EXAMINATION
14	BY MR. PEARCE:
15	Q Good afternoon, Ms. Leavitt. Could you state your
16	name, for the record, and spell your last name.
17	A Elizabeth M. Leavitt, L-e-a-v-i-t-t.
18	Q Could you give us a brief description of your
19	educational and work background.
20	A I have a bachelor's of science degree with honors from
21	West Virginia University in 1980. I have 22 years'
22	experience since then as a regulator under the Clean
23	Water Act, as a consultant, and then as an owner's
24	representative of both the Jet Propulsion Lab in
25	Pasadena, California, and at the Port of Seattle.

- Q What's your current position at the Port of Seattle?

 I'm the manager of the aviation environmental program at SeaTac Airport.

 Could you give us a brief outline of your responsibilities in that position.

 I'm generally responsible for ensuring that all aspect
 - A I'm generally responsible for ensuring that all aspects of the Port of Seattle's environmental program at the airport are carried out, and in that regard, I have a staff of about 11 people that report to me directly, as well as drawing resources from the corporate environment program of up to six other professional staff and/or consultants.

I'm also responsible for the 401 application and the 404 permit on the matter that you are currently hearing.

- Q Have you been responsible for permitting on any of the other Port of Seattle projects?
- Yes. I've been at the Port since 1990, and in that capacity, I've done quite a few clean-ups at the SeaTac Airport, and I've also done the Terminal 5 Southwest Harbors project redevelopment and all the environmental remediation projects associated with T5.
- Q Could you take a look at Exhibit 1207. Wendy, will get the original of that to look at.

 AR 056346

Can you identify what that document is for us.

Α 1 Yes. It's the application that I submitted to Jonathan 2 Freedman at the Army Corps of Engineers and to the 3 Department of Ecology on October 25th, 2000, applying for a 401 and 404 permit. It's commonly referred to as 4 a JARPA application. 5 6 And is the scope of the proposed work and the purpose 7 of the work explained in that application? 8 Α It is. Could I have you look at Exhibit 2062 to identify that for the record, and I believe we need another book for 10 11 that. 12 Could you identify this for us. 13 This is the management act consistency statement that 14 was submitted to Ecology on January 11th, 2001, by me 15 on behalf of the Port of Seattle. 16 Q Thank you. 17 And I, actually, would like you to identify one 18 other one for the record, if you would. It's Exhibit 19 2130. 20 MS. COTTINGHAM: Can you restate the number, 21 please. 22 MR. PEARCE: Exhibit 2130. 23 You want me to identify this? AR 056347 24 Yes. Could you, please. 25 This is the second revised public notice issued by the

1 Army Corps of Engineers on December 27th, 2000, for the 2 project. 3 Are you aware of the duration of the 404 permit? In this case, we anticipated a 404 permit with a 4 seven-year duration, but they are commonly issued for a 5 6 period shorter than that. You've submitted prefiled testimony in this matter, 7 8 have you not? 9 Α I have. 10 I won't ask you to go through everything, of course, but could you refer to, if I could refer the Board to 11 Exhibit B to your testimony - and I'll get this stuff 12 13 out of your way - and I'll ask you to refer to the Board here, which is a copy of Tab B. 14 15 I'll set it up here for you. Could you very 16 briefly go through that and just show the Board the 17 portions of the master plan project for the 404, for which the JARPA permit submitted are located. 18 19 Sure. I think you've seen enough figures that you are 20 familiar with the existing layout of SeaTac Airport. 21 What this figure shows is the extent of the fill 22 that the Port anticipates needing to be placed to the 23 west of the existing airport to create the property 24 necessary for the third runway, also for runway safety

areas that need to be built on either end of the

1 airport, the relocation of South 154th, and the south aviation support area, as well as the two borrow sites 2 that requires work in wetlands and therefore require 3 404 permits. 5 Also a number of other projects that you note on 6 there that are part of the master plan update, but 7 don't technically require filling the water of the U.S. So things such as south terminal expansion project, 8 some garage upgrades and that sort of work. 9 Do you supervise the staff that implements the Port's 10 11 current NPDES permit? 12 I do. 13 How many staff are involved in that? Well, it's sort of a difficult question to answer, 14 15 because there are three staff members that are directly responsible for some of the reporting components of the 16 17 NPDES permit, but there are large number of people that I couldn't estimate that are actually responsible for 18 19 our compliance, including treatment plant operators and 20 maintenance workers and others. How do you understand the term adaptive management? 21 22 Are you asking me that question in the context of storm 23 water? AR 056349 24 That would be a good example. Thanks. 25 Adaptive management at the airport is the process that

we work with the Department of Ecology where the monitoring that's required in our NPDES permit for storm water creates a mechanism where we can implement best management practices, conduct monitoring to determine how well those BMPs are working, and if they are not working sufficiently, we can look to either new technologies or other best management practices and actually get a feedback loop going so that we can continually improve the stormwater facility that leaves the airport as technology advances and allows us to do more.

An example I might offer, you've heard a lot about fecal coliform and the 303-D listing in Des Moines

Creek. Part of what the Port did after the basin plan group identified that fecal coliforms were an issue in Des Moines Creek --

MR. EGLICK: Ms. Cottingham, I'm going to object, if only for the record, to the scope of this testimony. First of all, it's a narrative, of course. But I wouldn't object to that alone. It's also beyond the scope of the direct, and the prefiled order did say that all direct testimony would be in writing, and certainly she can explicate, give an overview, amplify something in the prefiled, but this is not within the scope of the prefiled.

AR 056350

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MR. PEARCE: Well, Mr. Eglick got a very different story when we talked about this earlier with his witnesses, and this is the same objection they are making over and over.

I'm going to ask Your Honor to understand that a little leeway needs, we need a little bit of leeway. The prefiled direct was largely a matter of convenience for all the parties. This is just an example of things she has talked about in her direct testimony, the adaptive management.

MR. EGLICK: Well, adaptive management as a general topic may be touched upon, but we are now going into specifics on a particular instance having to do with 303-D listing and fecal coliform, and it's not to be found in the direct testimony.

The direct testimony was not just a convenience.

It was -- it's supposed to be a convenience to save time, but the idea was also supposed to be that the Board and the parties could read that direct testimony, prepare cross-examination and have their experts here who would be relevant to it and proceed on that basis, and this is ambush, frankly.

MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to do the same reminder I did before and ask that the counsel be aware of the time constraints and that we did this for

efficiency. I'm going to allow some leeway, but I'd like you to be judicious with it.

MR. PEARCE: Thank you.

Q (By Mr. Pearce) Could you very briefly describe the example you were going to give the Board.

In the example of fecal coliform in Des Moines Creek, what the Port decided we should do is to go back to the airport property and see whether we had any sources of fecal coliform that might be contributing to the problem in the broader basin. So my staff went and did source tracing, literally going up the stormwater pipes in the system to determine whether we had any sources, and sure enough, we did find that we did, and went ahead to do some DNA testing to determine whether those sources were human or animal in nature and determined they were predominately related to birds and/or small mammals, and as a result of that traced those sources specifically to a roof that had a lot of bird, pigeon fecal coliform sources on it, and proceeded to work to try to eliminate those as a potential source for the creek.

Are you aware of whether the master plan updates are adding any habitat for waterfowl in the Des Moines Creek basin?

A No, we are not.

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AR 056352

1 0 Changing subjects briefly, did the Port participate in 2 the consultation process with the U.S. Fish and 3 Wildlife Service? The Port of Seattle on behalf of FAA participated with 4 both the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the 5 6 National Marine Fisheries Service under an ESA 7 consultation to the master plan. 8 What was the outcome of that consultation? 9 Both services rendered opinions, one a formal opinion 10 and the other informal, that the project was not likely 11 to adversely affect endangered species. I'd like to ask you to look at Exhibit 262. Can you 12 13 identify this document for us. This is the letter from U.S. Fish and Wildlife 14 Service to L. Johnson, the FAA administrator, with our 15 concurrence on our biological assessment, in other 16 17 words their issuance of the biological opinion on the master plan project. 18 I just wonder if the actual biological opinion is here. 19 20 That's okay. Dr. Weitkamp can talk about that. 21 Subsequently, was a lawsuit filed by ACC regarding the biological opinion? 22 AR 056353 23 Subsequent to issuance of this letter? Α Subsequent to the issuance of the biological opinion. 24

I believe that the lawsuit by ACC was actually

1 submitted while we were in consultation with the 2 services, which would have preceded this letter, so it 3 was actually in the midst of our preparation of the 4 biological assessment, which got the consultation qoing. 5 6 Do you recall what the resolution of that lawsuit was? 7 I don't know the official term for it, but ACC, in 8 effect, dropped the lawsuit. 9 Would you look at Exhibit 1252. Have you seen that 10 document before? 11 I believe that I have, yes. 12 Would you turn to page 3 of that document. 13 MR. EGLICK: I'm going to object. 14 that we have an objection in for relevance, and we have discussed this earlier in the hearing. This is a 15 dismissal, and I guess this was raised on the very 16 17 first day with Mayor Nelson, but this is a dismissal of an ESA lawsuit concerning protection for listed 18 19 endangered species, which is not relevant to this proceeding. 20 21 This proceeding is about species far beyond listed 22 endangered species and in an area that's different than what this biological opinion looked at. 23 In addition, this witness can't lay a foundation for entry of this 24

exhibit, even if it were relevant.

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AR 056354

If the Board keeps it in the record for background, that's one thing, but this is going to open a whole area of discussion with this witness that I think would be inappropriate, and I might add, although the biological opinion is referenced in the prefiled testimony, I don't believe the witness includes her legal opinions on this exhibit or I don't believe, and maybe Brother Pearce can correct me on this if I'm wrong, but I don't believe it even references this exhibit.

MS. COTTINGHAM: How does the matrix deal with this exhibit?

MR. PEARCE: There's a relevance objection only or hearsay objection, but as far as hearsay, the attorneys for ACC have signed this. It's an admission by a party opponent under the hearsay rules.

It's also relevant because it has to do with the reason they dismissed it as moot is because ACC felt like the biological opinion gave them everything they sought to achieve, providing a substantial amount of protection for bull trout, chinook salmon and marbled murrelets.

That protection of species is certainly one of the beneficial uses of streams. AR 056355

MS. COTTINGHAM: Do you want to address the

relevance question?

I think you were just addressing the hearsay objection.

MR. PEARCE: Yes, that was hearsay objection.

The relevance is that it does have to do with the protection of certain species, not all species, but protection of aquatic biota is certainly a part of, aquatic biota is certainly part of the beneficial uses protected under the Clean Water Act.

MR. EGLICK: Well, Ms. Cottingham, Exhibit 29 which, I think, is the letter from Fish and Wildlife says in it that, for example, bull trout aren't found in Miller, Walker, Des Moines and Gilliam creeks, and that, I think, tells you what the relevance is. That's the point, is this deals with a different set of species than are the concern for the impact area of the airport, in a different area, and it's going to open for this witness, who didn't refer to this exhibit and did not give prefiled direct testimony as to this exhibit, it's going to open a whole series of questions.

I think the end result is going to be the same objection. It's not relevant to what the Board has in front of it, and the fact that there was a determination of no biological impact because, for

example, the species weren't present, doesn't speak to the issue before you.

MR. PEARCE: If it's not relevant, then large portions of Dr. Strand's testimony are completely irrelevant and should be stricken, because he talks about chinook salmon using the outfalls at Puget Sound of these streams, and the services certainly thought this was a relevant issue because they made us go, the Corps of Engineers, go through a long consultation process about whether this project would have any impact on protected species.

MR. EGLICK: With regard to Dr. Strand, that's just not so. He was talking about a species far beyond and apart from chinook. And with regard to the biological opinion, those occur because when you make a 404 application, there's a referral, and there automatically has to be the preparation of something responsive to endangered species concerns. It's not something that means that these agencies said what they were looking at was relevant to what's before the Board. It's kind of apples and oranges.

MS. COTTINGHAM: The Board is going to allow this exhibit to be used as background, and we'll give it appropriate weight as necessary.

MR. PEARCE: Thank you.

AR 056357

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1	MR. EGLICK: Thank you.
2	Q (By Mr. Pearce) Could you read that sentence for us,
3	please, Ms. Leavitt.
4	MR. EGLICK: Well, if it's just background,
5	wouldn't that mean the Board would read it, but we
6	would not engage in substantive direct and
7	cross-examination on the background document because
8	that will make it a lot more than background.
9	MR. PEARCE: There's nothing wrong with her
10	reading it so the Board can hear it for background.
11	I don't know what you are so afraid of, Peter.
12	MR. EGLICK: I don't think it's a matter of
13	afraid. I think it's a matter of ambush, and
14	basically, trying to pull the wool over the Board's
15	eyes. I'll direct my comments to the Board.
16	MS. COTTINGHAM: Let's tone it down a bit.
17	It's getting late in the day. We're getting close to
18	running out of hours here on the allocation, so let's
19	be mindful of that and move on.
20	MR. PEARCE: That's exactly what I'm
21	concerned about, about the lengthy arguments on things
22	like this, Ms. Cottingham.
23	MR. EGLICK: Well, Ms. Cottingham, the use of
24	the document for background doesn't require reading it
25	into the record. The Board can read it, but I guess

1		I'll withdraw that objection. If we then get into a
2		series of substantive questions about it, I would ask
3		to be able to object again.
4		MS. COTTINGHAM: Be mindful it's for
5		background and the Board will give it weight, if any.
6		MR. PEARCE: Thank you.
7	Q	(By Mr. Pearce) Could you read that sentence for us,
8		please.
9	A	Starting at, the effect of the biological opinion?
10		MS. COTTINGHAM: And you need to tell us
11		where you are.
12		MR. PEARCE: We're on page, numbered page 3
13		at the bottom. It's page 4 of the exhibit.
14		THE WITNESS: Exhibit 1252.
15	A	"The effect of the biological opinion and concurrence
16		letter is exactly what ACC had sought to achieve in
17		this case and the related district court case, to
18		provide substantial additional protections for bull
19		trout, chinook salmon and marbled murrelet. These
20		administrative actions have rendered this case largely
21		moot. ACC therefore seeks voluntary dismissal of this
22		petition."
23	Q	Thanks. AR 056359
24		Moving on, are you familiar with the fill
25		acceptance process set up in the 401 certification?

i	Α	Generally,	ves.

Could you tell us the Port's understanding of how the
fill acceptance process works, not the technical detail
of the testing, just how the acceptance process works,
and if you can use that chart there, and it's the same
chart that's attached as Exhibit F to your testimony.

Basically, if you start at the top of the flow chart, a proposed fill source comes to the Port's attention, generally, through a contractor who is proposing to use it, and people that report to me then request that a phase I environmental assessment be conducted on that source, and I think you've heard a lot of testimony about what a phase I assessment includes.

If you don't pass the phase I assessment, the source is rejected, and the Port will not have further consideration of that source. If the results of the phase I indicate that there is potentially uncontaminated soil at the location, we then direct that a phase II assessment be done, and this part of the assessment will now be done in consultation with the Department of Ecology regarding how many samples are necessary to adequately characterize the presence or absence of contamination in the source material.

Assuming that the phase II assessment step is passed, we then go to comparing the sample results from

1 either the phase II assessment and/or from additional 2 samples that are collected of the actual source material against the criteria that are laid out both in 3 the biological opinion from the Fish and Wildlife 4 Service and in the 401 certification. 5 6 That's sort of a three-staged assessment. 7 the soil is proposed to be used in upper layers of the embankment, it has to pass the ecological protection 9 criteria. If it's in the wedge of the drainage layer cover, 10 11 it has to pass the criteria outlined in the biological 12 opinion in the 401 relative to those numbers. 13 If it's going to be used in general embankment 14 fill, the results are compared against the criteria for 15 that portion of the fill, and then a determination is made as to whether or not that material is suitable for 16 17 the runway project. 18 When do you conduct the SPLP testing? 19 The SPLP tests or leachability tests are done on some soils which potentially exceed numeric criteria, but 20 which might not result in actual water leaching through 21 that soil that would result in harm to the adjacent 22 water bodies. 23

So the SPLP test could be used for general embankment fill in terms of the criteria process.

24

1	Q In that letter, you see the far lower right-hand corner
2	box where it say, pass SPLP test?
3	A Um-hmm.
4	Q There's an arrow to the left that says yes.
5	Which boxes are those intended to go to?
6	A It's intended to go to the general embankment fill box.
7	Q Not to the suitable for drainage layer cover box?
8	A No.
9	MR. PEARCE: Those are all the questions I
10	have.
11	MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Eglick, are you going to
12	do the questioning on cross?
13	MR. EGLICK: Yes, ma'am.
14	MS. COTTINGHAM: Can we take a nanosecond
15	while I find a new pad of paper.
16	(Off the record.)
17	
18	EXAMINATION
19	BY MR. EGLICK:
20	Q Ms. Leavitt, didn't the Port have a study done by a
21	consultant called Herrera & Company that showed that
22	fecal coliforms were actually coming off the Port's
23	runway areas? AR 056362
24	A I know that Herrera performed a study on behalf of the
25	city of Des Moines that looked at the potential fecal

1		coliform sources, but I'm not aware of a study they did
2		for the Port.
3	Q	Did the Port have a study done by some other
4		consultant, then, that showed there were fecal
5		coliforms coming off the runway areas of the Port,
6		airport?
7	A	Off the runway areas, not that I'm familiar with, no.
8	Q	Did the Port have a study done by a consultant that
9		showed that there were fecal coliforms attributable to
10		humans coming off the airport property?
11	A	Yes.
12	Q	Thank you.
13		I wanted to ask you just one other question, and
14		that is whether or not you're speaking here today for
15		the Department of Ecology?
16	A	No, I don't represent the Department of Ecology.
17		MR. EGLICK: Okay. I don't have any other
18		questions, then. Thank you.
19		MS. COTTINGHAM: Mr. Poulin?
20		MR. POULIN: No questions for CASE.
21		MS. COTTINGHAM: Any redirect?
22		MR. PEARCE: I don't believe so. Thanks.
23		MS. COTTINGHAM: I have one question for you.
24		Mr. Young, were you raising your hand to ask a
25		question? AR 056363

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                   MR. YOUNG: No.
                                    I'm sorry.
                                                I was
 2
         stretching.
 3
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                            EXAMINATION
   BY MS. COTTINGHAM:
 5
         Could you turn to the chart that is at tab F in your
 6
 7
         prefiled testimony.
             It's this one up here. The third box down, the
         square that says, conduct fill source sampling.
10
         that phase II?
11
         That is phase II, yes.
12
         The criteria in, not the criteria, the sampling numbers
         that are in the 401 certification, which layer in here
13
14
         or which boxes do those sampling numbers apply to?
15
         Anywhere from the box or the figure that says, passed
         general embankment fill criteria, on down.
16
17
         So those diamond-shaped ones?
18
         Yes.
         That's not just limited to the conduct SPLP, but it's
19
20
         any of those boxes?
         It is.
21
             And I'd just like to add, that's a minimum number
22
                                                         AR 056364
         of samples. That's not meant to...
23
         Right. I was just trying to find out where in here.
24
25
         Exactly. The box above that, the phase II box, if you
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1 just referred to it as the box in which Ecology would 2 work with the Port and help direct us in terms of the number of samples they think are required to adequately 3 characterize the source of fill. 5 MS. COTTINGHAM: Thank you. 6 Any other questions? 7 8 EXAMINATION 9 BY MR. JENSEN: Does the 401 require a phase II test or is that an 10 11 option? The 401 would require a phase II if the Port wanted to 12 13 proceed with a potential source of fill that the phase I would call into question. 14 15 But if the phase I doesn't call it into question, it's 16 not required, is it? 17 It might not necessarily be, but certainly 18 sampling of that material prior to acceptance at the airport would be, so there would still be sampling 19 20 required. 21 That would be the DOE required sampling under their AR 056365 certification? 22 Right. But the Port could also opt, there might be one 23 24 source that we don't believe is worth further analysis 25 because of the phase I results, and we might reject

1	that source that a contractor would bring forth as
2	being not worth the additional evaluation in our mind.
3	MR. LYNCH: No questions.
4	MS. COTTINGHAM: Any questions as a result of
5	the Board's questions?
6	Thank you, Ms. Leavitt. You are excused.
7	MR. PEARCE: We would call Keith Smith.
8	
9	KEITH SMITH, having been first duly sworn
10	upon oath or affirmed to tell the truth, the whole
11	truth and nothing but the truth, testified as follows:
12	
13	EXAMINATION
14	BY MR. PEARCE:
15	Q Could you state your name for the record, please.
16	A My name is Keith Smith.
17	MS. COTTINGHAM: You might have to speak up a
18	bit. That's not a broadcast.
19	A Keith Smith.
20	Q Is your resume attached as Exhibit A to your prefiled
21	testimony, Mr. Smith?
22	A Yes, it is.
23	Q I believe it's also attached to Exhibit 1023, if I can
24	have you look at Exhibit 1023. AR 056366
25	There are a number of resumes in there. I just you

1 to affirm that it was in there for the Board. 2 Yes, it is also attached as an exhibit to 1023. It's also attached to tab A to 3 MR. PEARCE: 4 his testimony. 5 MS. COTTINGHAM: So we didn't need to pull 6 this out. 7 MR. PEARCE: Sorry. 8 (By Mr. Pearce) Where are you employed, Mr. Smith? 9 I'm employed by the Port of Seattle as the water 10 resources manager. 11 And could you give us a brief description of your job 12 duties as water resources manager for the Port. 13 My job duties include developing and managing a 14 comprehensive water resources management program for 15 Seattle-Tacoma International Airport that includes 16 stormwater management, industrial wastewater 17 management, NPDES permit compliance, erosion and 18 sediment control, and, to a lesser extent, protecting 19 water run to the sanitary sewer system. 20 When you say Port of Seattle, is that just the airport, 21 or does that include other Port facilities? 22 No, just the airport. 23 Could you give us a brief description of your education 24 and experience that's relevant to your current job AR 056367 duties. 25

I have a bachelor's degree in geology and a master's degree in water resources management from the University of Wisconsin.

I'm a registered professional geologist in the state of Florida where I spent 15 years working for state water management agencies, working in regulatory programs, doing water resource assessment studies and water quality studies. It ultimately, resulted in, that six years, as division director with the South Florida water management district where I supervised staff doing water resource assessment studies, model development application, water quality and quantity monitoring.

I also worked for the Oregon Department of
Transportation managing their geotechnical and
hydraulic programs, including some preliminary work on
their NPDES stormwater permit.

I was the director of environmental health for
Thurston County here in Olympia where I supervised all
their environmental management programs, including
their groundwater and surface water programs, and for
the last two and a half years for the Port of Seattle
as water resources manager.

Does the airport have a current NPDES permit from Ecology?

AR 056368

- 1 A Yes, it does.
- 2 Q I'd like to, if I could, get you to identify that for
- 3 us. I believe it's at 1094.
- 4 MR. POULIN: It's also Exhibit 3.
- 5 A Yes. Exhibit 1094 is the current NPDES permit issued
- 6 by the Department of Ecology that the Port, the
- 7 | airport, operates under.
- 8 Q Thank you.
- 9 MR. PEARCE: And Mr. Poulin reminds me it's
- also included as Exhibit 3, for the Board's
- 11 convenience.
- 12 Q (By Mr. Pearce) Does a portion of this permit cover
- 13 stormwater discharges?
- 14 | A Yes, it does.
- 15 Q How does the Port sample stormwater pursuant to this
- 16 NPDES permit?
- 17 A The permit has fairly specific monitoring requirements
- 18 for the airport stormwater discharges. It specifies
- 19 the locations that we monitor. It specifies the
- 20 parameters that we monitor for, and in a less specific
- 21 manner, it specifies the times and the events which we
- 22 monitor for.
- 23 Q Is instream sampling required?
- 24 | A Instream sampling is not required as part of the NPDES
- 25 permit. AR 056369

1	Q	What is the purpose of the sampling, as you understand
2		it?
3	A	As I understand it, the NPDES permit is a BMP-based
4		permit; that is to say that we implement BMPs and we
5		monitor to gage the effectiveness of those BMPs.
6		So the monitoring locations are located such that
7		we can use that to gage the effectiveness of our BMPs.
8	Q	Where, in general, are the monitoring locations?
9	A	Generally, the monitoring locations are upstream, very
10		close to where the stormwater is generated. They are
11		not instream, and they are upstream of where the water
12		would enter the receiving bodies.
13	Q	Do you know why or how these samplings locations were
14		chosen?
15	A	The permit that's specifies the sampling locations is a
16		result of a negotiated settlement. Both the Port and
17		CASE, a citizens group, appealed the NPDES permit when
18		it was issued, and as a result, the negotiated
19		settlement indicated or changed the specified
20		monitoring locations, and the events and other times
21		that we would do the monitoring.
22		MR. POULIN: I would object and move to
23		strike that answer as nonresponsive to the question of
24		where monitoring was specified. I don't believe
25	:	there's an adequate foundation. I believe it can be

1 readily established that most of those conditions 2 predate this permit and the settlement that he's 3 describing. MR. PEARCE: You can bring that out on cross. 5 That wasn't the question I asked him. I asked him 6 how they were decided upon. 7 MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to overrule the 8 objection, and you can bring that out in cross. (By Mr. Pearce) Do you have any understanding of why 9 10 the sampling is upstream and not instream? If the sampling was taken instream, if the sampling was 11 done instream, then we would be getting other waters 12 13 from other discharges that would not allow us to 14 characterize what the Port's discharges are putting in 15 the stream or not putting in the stream. 16 Many of the stormwater discharges as they enter the 17 receiving bodies are comingled with waters from entities around the Port, city of SeaTac, the 18 19 Department of Transportation, other facilities, and if 20 those waters are mixed, we can't get a good idea what 21 our contributions may or may not be, so locating the 22 sampling locations as far upstream and as close to the 23 Port's facilities as possible, we can better

Do you know what percentage of the Miller Creek

characterize what our discharges are.

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AR 056371

watershed, or I guess I should say the Miller 1 2 Creek/Walker Creek watershed is the airport? Let me restate that question. I said it backwards. 3 Do you know what percentage the airport is of the 4 Miller and Walker Creek watershed? 5 6 MR. POULIN: Objection. Vague. I don't understand what that question means. 7 8 MS. COTTINGHAM: I think you asked a compound question or at least about a couple of basins, so can 9 you simplify it. 10 (By Mr. Pearce) Do you understand what a watershed is? 11 12 Yes, I do. 13 What is a watershed? It's, basically, the area that contributes flow to 14 defined stream. 15 16 And do you have an understanding of what proportion of 17 the Miller and Walker Creek watershed is encompassed by 18 the airport? 19 Yes, I do. What is that? 20 21 Approximately five percent. 22 And do you know what percentage of the airport is of the Des Moines Creek watershed? 23 24 Α Yes, I do. AR 056372 25 What is that?

- 1 A Approximately 27 percent.
- 2 | Q Could I ask you to take a look at Exhibit 426.
- Is this a stormwater monitoring report?
- 4 MS. COTTINGHAM: What exhibit are you in?
- 5 MR. PEARCE: I'm sorry. It's Exhibit 426,
- 6 stormwater receiving environment logs.
- 7 Q (By Mr. Pearce) I believe my first question is whether
- 8 this is an annual stormwater monitoring report from the
- 9 Port of Seattle?
- 10 A This is not an annual stormwater monitoring report. It
- 11 was a special study that was undertaken.
- 12 | Q Are you familiar with this report?
- 13 A I have reviewed the report, yes.
- 14 | O If you look on the first page, it says volume 1. Is
- 15 there a volume 2?
- I believe there's a volume 2 that has the data that
- was generated for the report.
- 18 Q Have you reviewed volume 2?
- 19 A I've looked at volume 2.
- 20 Q Could you tell us how the hardness data and the metals
- 21 concentration data are reported in this document.
- 22 | A The metals data and hardness data are both reported as
- 23 | flow-weighted composites.

AR 056373

- 24 | Q Over what time period?
- 25 A Generally, the flow-weighted composites are done to

represent a specific storm event. 1 2 MR. POULIN: Your Honor, I'm going to have to object to this on the same basis that has become 3 familiar. This is not addressed in anything 5 approaching this detail in this witness's direct 6 prefiled testimony. MR. PEARCE: It's not addressed in this much 7 8 He has addressed the metals in the streams. He addressed the storm --9 MR. POULIN: I invite you to show us where 10 11 the discussion of hardness is in the prefiled testimony 12 and we can compare. MR. PEARCE: Well, hardness, I don't think I 13 14 have to use the specific word. This witness is 15 entitled to talk about the -- he's the Port's 16 representative talking about how the stormwater monitoring is reported at the airport. 17 MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going to allow the 18 19 questioning. You can bring out any concerns you have 20 on cross-examination. (By Mr. Pearce) I think the question was, over what 21 time periods are the hardness and metals concentration 22 AR 056374 data reported in this study? 23 In the hardness, the flow-weighted composite --24 25 MR. POULIN: I'm going to object that this

1	question is hopelessly vague. There are countless
2	dozens, if not hundreds, of samples. I don't believe
3	there's any foundation for the witness's familiarity
4	with the individual samples or which ones he's talking
5	about.
6	MR. PEARCE: The witness has testified that
7	he read both of them, that he's an expert in these type
8	of reports, and he can tell me if all the different
9	samples were reported differently or not. I'm just
10	asking him over what time periods are the metal
11	concentrations and the hardness data reported.
12	MS. COTTINGHAM: I'm going allow the
13	question.
14	A The flow-weighted composites are set up to characterize
15	storm events in the stream, and as such, they represent
16	an average value, both for metals and for hardness for
17	a particular event.
18	Now, the events can vary in duration, anywhere
19	from, I would say, on the order of half a day to
20	several days depending each individual precipitation at
21	that time.
22	Q So it does not report one-hour average concentrations?
23	A It does not report one-hour concentrations.
24	MR. POULIN: Your Honor, I'm going to object
25	once again. This report about which they are

testifying in detail, isn't even identified among the 1 2 materials reviewed in this witness's prefiled testimony. This is strictly ambush, and between the 3 leading questions and the new subject matter, I think this is entirely inappropriate, and I will just renew 5 6 my objection for the record. 7 MS. COTTINGHAM: For the record, you may continue. 8 (By Mr. Pearce) So it also doesn't report one-hour 9 average hardness values; is that correct? 10 MR. POULIN: Objection. Leading. 11 Do you know whether it reports one-hour average 12 hardness values? 13 It does not report one-hour average hardness values. 14 Are you familiar with the use of glycols at the 15 16 airport? 17 Α Yes, I am. 18 Can you tell us how frequently they are used. Glycols are used generally on what I would call an 19 incidental basis by the airlines approximately eight 20 months of out of the year. 21 22 And by incidental, what sort of quantities are we 0 talking about? 23 Generally, on the order of a hundred gallons or so on a 24 AR 056376 25 daily basis.

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1	Q	Are there any BMPs installed at the airport with
2		respect to glycols?
3	A	There's several BMPs that we use at the airport. The
4		main one is that we restrict application of glycols to
5		aircraft to areas that drain to the industrial
6		wastewater treatment plant, and by collecting them and
7		routing them to the plant, they don't get into the
8		stormwater and they get into the creeks.
9		That BMP has been in effect since the mid-'60s.
10		Recently, through sampling we've identified several
11		areas where glycols were escaping into the stormwater
12		system and not being captured by the industrial
13		wastewater system, so we have rerouted those areas
14		where we were detecting glycols from the stormwater to
15		the industrial wastewater system. I believe we've done
16		three of those types of reroutes in the last several
17		years.
18	Q	Do you have an opinion about the effectiveness of those
19		three reroutes?
20	A	Yes, I do. I think they are very effective, because
21		subsequent sampling has shown that there is less
22		glycols in those areas that have been redirected.
23	Q	I would ask you to look at Exhibit 7 as well.

There were some questions earlier in the hearing

about this, and could you tell me what these data

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1		sheets are.
2		MR. POULIN: Objection. What data sheets are
3		you talking about?
4		MR. PEARCE: Exhibit 7.
5		MR. POULIN: Thank you.
6		MS. COTTINGHAM: Proceed.
7	A	This is an example of construction stormwater discharge
8		monitoring that we do. The NPDES permit requires us to
9		monitor and sometimes sample construction stormwater
10		discharges after a rainfall event of more than a half
11		an inch within a 24-hour period, and these are the
12		reports, field reports that are generated.
13	Q	Thanks. And I just have a few short questions about
14		the locations.
15		Could you look at the second page, down at the
16		bottom where it says, air traffic control tower.
17		I mean, let me ask you a question. Where is that
18		project?
19	A	The air traffic control tower is located in the SDE 4
20		drainage basin. The upstream and downstream locations
21		are within a stormwater system. They are several
22		thousand feet upstream of where this particular
23		discharge would enter the receiving body.
24	Q	When you say the upstream location, is that the U slash
25		S symbol? AR 056378

Right. The U slash S is the upstream location and the 1 Α 2 SDE 4-948 is a specific location within the system, 3 generally a manhole or a catch basin, and the same for D slash S is a downstream location. 4 5 Looking at the next page, south where it's in the middle, where it says, south terminal expansion 6 7 project. Could you tell us the location of those stormwater, construction site stormwater monitoring. The south terminal expansion project, these are located 9 10 within the same SDE 4 basin. They are also upstream of 11 where these waters would enter receiving waters. 12 are not as far upstream as the air traffic control tower, but they still are on the order of several 13 hundred feet of where it would enter receiving waters. 14 How about the south terminal expansion project, the 15 16 very next one down, where is that located? 17 That's located in the same general area. this one is a little further downstream, but still 18 19 upstream of where these waters enter the receiving 20 waters. 21 Thank you. Based on your experience, does the mere creation of 22 new impervious surface at the airport affect stormwater 23 AR 056379 quality on metals? 24

MR. POULIN: Objection. Argumentative and

leading. 1 Sorry. I didn't mean to argue with you, Mr. Smith. 2 I don't understand. 3 MS. COTTINGHAM: MR. POULIN: The mere creation of 4 construction for stormwater. We don't need editorial 5 6 comment in our questioning. 7 MR. PEARCE: I'll strike that. 8 (By Mr. Pearce) Does the creation of new impervious surface affect stormwater quality? 9 The creation of impervious surface in and by itself 10 11 does not necessarily generate pollution, polluted 12 stormwater runoff or water quality problems. 13 What does, in your understanding? Generally, it's the activities that take place on that 14 impervious surface. 15 16 And at the airport, what would that kind of activity be 17 for metals? 18 For example, for the runway, it would be operating airplanes on that surface, and any ground service 19 vehicles that would operate on that surface. 20 Generally, the metals come from the brakes, the brake 21 materials in both the airplanes and the trucks and 22 other vehicles. 23 MR. PEARCE: Thank you, Mr. Smith. I have no 24 25 more questions. AR 056380

1	MS. COTTINGHAM: Ms. Marchioro?
2	MS. MARCHIORO: I have no questions.
3	MS. COTTINGHAM: I think this would be a good
4	time for us to break, and we can start back up with the
5	cross-examination first thing tomorrow morning.
6	Is that acceptable?
7	MR. POULIN: Yes.
8	MS. COTTINGHAM: With that, Mr. Poulin, your
9	chore for the day is to tell me the number of hours
10	expired.
11	MR. POULIN: My pleasure. For Appellants: 1
12	hour, 43 minutes, 37 seconds.
13	And for Respondents: 3 hours, 8 minutes, 42
14	seconds.
15	MS. COTTINGHAM: How about if we go to the
16	witness list.
17	We're in the middle of Smith, Wisdom, Weitkamp,
18	Fendt, Swenson, Brascher, Ellingson. In that order
19	still?
20	MR. PEARCE: I believe so, Your Honor.
21	We're so fortunate.
22	MR. REAVIS: After Mr. Ellingson, we have
23	Gould, Clark, Riley, Strunk, and Kelley, and there's
24	four more, but that will get us a couple days.
25	MS. COTTINGHAM: Okay. Great. With that, we

1	will adjourn for the day, and see you at 9:30 in the
2	morning.
3	(Day 7 of the hearing adjourned.)
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1 CERTIFICATE 2 STATE OF WASHINGTON) 3 COUNTY OF THURSTON I, CINDY L. IDE, a Certified Court Reporter and Notary 4 Public in and for Thurston County, Washington, do hereby 5 6 certify that I reported in machine shorthand the 7 above-captioned matter before the Pollution Control Hearings 8 Board of the State of Washington, on March 26, 2002; that 9 the foregoing transcript was prepared under my personal 1.0 supervision and control and constitutes a true record of the proceedings. 11 12 I further certify that I am not an attorney or counsel 13 of any parties, nor a relative or employee of any attorney 14 or counsel connected with the action, nor financially interested in the action. 15 WITNESS my hand and seal in Olympia, County of 16 17 Thurston, State of Washington, this 29th day of April, 2002. 18 19 20 Notary Public in and for the State of Washington, residing 21 at Olympia. My Commission expires 6-30-03. 22 23

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